

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 17, NUMBER 27.

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, JUNE 17, 1898.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.



Guenther's Fine Candies.

I have secured the exclusive agency for Brainerd for the sale of Guenther's Candies, the best goods manufactured. These goods are absolutely pure, no glucose being used in their manufacture. When you wish something extra fine in the confectionery line call at

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Front Street.

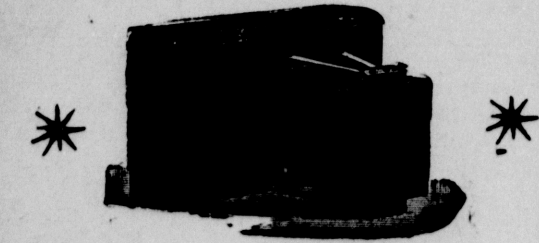
PROCURE A

Tornado
Policy

KEENE & McFADDEN.

It will only cost you
25c. for \$100 for one year,
50c for \$100 for three years
75c for \$100 for five years.
Representing only first-class companies with the rates so cheap you cannot afford to be without it.

Kodaks!



FOLDING POCKET KODAK

Bulls Eye, American,
Bulleit, Diamond,
Falcon, Lundy,
Eureka.

All kinds at all prices.
Full line of Supplies.
Printing and finishing.

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Front Street, Brainerd, Minn.

Brainerd Machine Shops

7th St. between Front and Laurel.

GENERAL REPAIRING.

Brainerd & Northern
MINNESOTA RY.

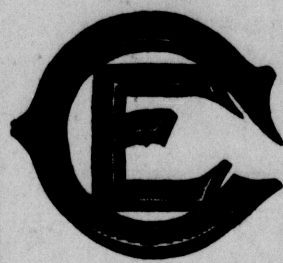
TIME CARD.

Trains Arrive at and Depart from the
Northern Pacific Depot.

GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
6:00 a. m. Brainerd to Minneapolis	6:00 a. m. Minneapolis to Brainerd
8:00 a. m. Brainerd to Minneapolis	8:00 a. m. Minneapolis to Brainerd
10:00 a. m. Brainerd to Minneapolis	10:00 a. m. Minneapolis to Brainerd
12:00 p. m. Brainerd to Minneapolis	12:00 p. m. Minneapolis to Brainerd
2:00 p. m. Brainerd to Minneapolis	2:00 p. m. Minneapolis to Brainerd
4:00 p. m. Brainerd to Minneapolis	4:00 p. m. Minneapolis to Brainerd
6:00 p. m. Brainerd to Minneapolis	6:00 p. m. Minneapolis to Brainerd
8:00 p. m. Brainerd to Minneapolis	8:00 p. m. Minneapolis to Brainerd
10:00 p. m. Brainerd to Minneapolis	10:00 p. m. Minneapolis to Brainerd

A GRAND SUCCESS.

Was the Central District Y. P. S. C. E.
Convention Held in this City
June 14 to 16.



Brainerd has enjoyed a great treat in holding the Central District Convention Y. P. S. C. E., from June 14-16. It was an occasion long to be remembered. The Brainerd Union of Young Peoples Societies have been planning for months to make the convention a success. All who were present will certainly say it was one of the most successful conventions thus far held, helpful, enthusiastic and inspiring. The gratifying results attained by the convention are due to the admirable president, Rev. F. A. Sumner, of Little Falls, who has been an indefatigable worker in arranging the program, and to his efficient corps of assistants on the committees from the Brainerd union.

The convention opened with a praise and devotional service, led by the president, on Tuesday evening. Rev. G. W. Gallagher then gave an address of welcome, couched in felicitous language and replete with happy thoughts. Rev. G. Earnest Smith, of the Sank Centre Congregational church, replied with bright and witty words. Then followed an address on the Passion for Righteous Power by Rev. W. J. Brown, of Glenwood. Mr. Brown's address was able, scholarly and excellent. At six o'clock on Wednesday morning, a "sunrise prayer meeting" was held in the Presbyterian Church, led by Rev. W. E. Griffith, of Bertram. This was a largely attended and very inspiring meeting. A business meeting was held from 9:20 'till 10:30 a. m. reports of district officers, secretary, treasurer, president and Look Out committees were given, showing a growing work throughout the district. At 10:30 a. m. papers and discussions upon practical Christian Endeavor work were presented. Rev. I. B. Tracy, of St. Cloud, discussed the advanced guard look out committee. An excellent paper, written by Miss Cora M. Fisher, of Long Prairie, was read on "Our C. E. Prayer Meeting." Mr. J. W. Hogan, of Reno, gave an admirable paper on the "Work of the Temperance Committee." Miss Carrie A. Holbrook read a most instructive and entertaining paper on "The Quiet Hour." Miss Holbrook is from St. Paul, and is state secretary of C. E. work.

At two o'clock in the afternoon a devotional meeting occurred. Mrs. W. E. Hubbard, of Pillsbury, district superintendent of the junior work, had charge of a very attractive service. The nature and value of junior work were ably illustrated. The Brainerd Juniors of the Presbyterian church were in attendance and acquitted themselves finely, giving recitations, hymns and dialogues. Rev. D. W. Cram, of Staples, exhibited in a very interesting way, the meaning of the junior endeavor pledge by crayon pictures on the black-board. The banner was then presented to the Junior Endeavor Society of the Congregational church of Glenwood, for the best and most prosperous society. Miss Holbrook closed the exercises of the afternoon with one of her brilliant addresses.

At four o'clock the convention was given a reception by the Brainerd union, on the lawn of Mrs. L. M. Follett. This was a pleasant feature and greatly enjoyed. In the evening after a praise service, Rev. Hugh W. Frazer, of Minneapolis, delivered a forceful and timely address on good citizenship, which awakened frequent applause.

At six o'clock on Thursday morning the "sunrise prayer meeting" was held in the Baptist church, conducted by Rev. Geo. F. Morton. This was a very attractive and useful meeting. At 9:20 a. m., after the devotional meeting, the discussions of the day began with an address on "Relation of C. E. Life to Church Life," by Rev. Hugh W. Frazer, who illustrated his topic with many striking incidents. Miss Katharine Norris, of Sank Centre, read a splendid paper on Christian Endeavor and Missions.

The president then called for reports of societies past or present. The question box under the charge of Miss Holbrook then engaged the attention of the convention. She answered the questions with wit, humor or reverential appeal. Rev. W. E. Griffith completed the morning program with a thoughtful and instructive paper on "Good Literature." Rev. Ross, of St. Cloud, closed with an able address.

The afternoon of Thursday opened with the usual devotional meeting, which was followed by a paper on "The Consecration Service, What and How," from Mrs. M. A. Summers. A paper on "In His Name," written by Rev. A. Sanderson, of Royalton, who was absent, was then read. An open parliament, "How My Endeavor Society has Helped Me," was participated in by nearly all present, who told what the Endeavor societies had done for the church, for individuals and for themselves. A very good paper, written by Mr. C. W. Ridley, of Alexandria, was read by Miss M. A. Cole. The nominating committee then reported on the next place of meeting and on the new officers to be chosen. Alexandria was appointed as the place for the next convention. Rev. F. A. Sumner, of Little Falls, was re-elected president; Mrs. M. A. Summers, of St. Cloud, 1st vice president; Mr. Harland Reid, 2nd vice president; Miss Vina Esterbrook, of Royalton, secretary; Mr. Whitefield, of Sank Centre, treasurer; Mrs. E. A. Hubbard, of Pillsbury, supt. of junior work; and Miss Louise White, of Brainerd, assistant supt.

The convention then marched over to the Baptist church, where the B. Y. P. U. tendered a reception to the delegates. Tables delicately trimmed with ferns and flowers and the interior of the church decorated with bunting, flags and plants greeted the guests. Rev. C. C. Markham extended a cordial welcome to the delegates in a neat and witty speech. Ice cream and cake were then served, after which Mr. Warner, acting as toast master called, on several gentlemen to respond. Miss Holbrook responded to the toast: "Our Aspirations;" Rev. W. J. Brown to "Sand;" Rev. G. Earnest Smith to "Our Flag;" Rev. M. A. Summers to "Fellowship." The reception closed with singing "Blest be the tie that binds," the delegates joining hands while singing.

Thursday evening concluded the convention. Rev. Geo. Edmond Soper, of St. Paul, preached the convention sermon from Mat. 25:29. The sermon was an impressive, scholarly, and eloquent discourse. Miss Holbrook ended the long series of able topics with a paper on "Christian Endeavor and Evangelistic Force." It was a fitting and beautiful finale to the exercises of the convention and left a lasting impression on the minds of those present. The consecration meeting, also conducted by Miss Holbrook, closed the convention in the same spirit of loyalty to Christ which had characterized all the proceedings during its three days sessions. The committee on resolutions brought in a splendid set of resolutions. We regret that our lack of space forbids our reporting these resolutions at length, but cordial thanks and deep appreciation were expressed by the committee for the delightful time that they had among the hospitable people of Brainerd. The music of the convention was under the charge of Rev. D. W. Cram, of Staples, and of Rev. M. B. Bird, of East Brainerd, who furnished spirited and excellent music. Mr. Cram leading the singing and Mr. Bird giving charming solos.

The delegates in attendance at the convention were:

Staples—Rev. D. W. Cram, Miss Lucy Barrett, Mike Kingston, St. Cloud—Rev. M. A. Summers, Rev. Isaac B. Tracey, Harriett Marshall, Ida Knowlton, Rev. and Mrs. Ross and daughter.
Little Falls—Rev. F. A. Sumner, Jessie Raymond, Anna McDaniel, Harry Palmer.
Royalton—Mrs. R. A. Sanderson, Vina Estabrook, Nannie Bell.
St. Paul—Rev. Edmond Soper, Miss Carrie Holbrook.
Glenwood—Rev. W. J. Brown, C. Jone Hamilton, Lizzie Thorson.
Minneapolis—Rev. H. W. Frazer.
Sank Centre—Rev. Earnest Smith,

FIERCE BATTLE

Reported at Manilla and 3,000 Spaniards are Made Prisoners.

Blanco Refuses to Exchange Hobson—An Immediate Attack on Havana Decided Upon.

A telegram received just as we go to press says:

New York, June 17.—Blanco has refused to exchange Lieut. Hobson. A fierce battle has been fought at Manilla and 3,000 Spaniards were captured. General Miles has just finished a conference with President McKinley and an immediate attack on Havana has been decided upon. Major General Shafter has reached Santiago.

Catharine L. Norris, Margaret Norris, Pillsbury—Mrs. E. W. Hubbard, Anna Palmer, Rolf Perley.
Reno—Joseph Hogan, Jr. Bartram—Rev. W. E. Griffith.
Long Prairie—Wm. Balmer. Alexandria—Mrs. W. A. Cole.
Round Prairie—Eva Boorman, John B. McKillit, Grant Smith.
Upsala—O. P. Johnson.
Batavia—W. J. Carry.
Randall—Eunjan Thrall.

Just What You Want.
An artistic booklet entitled "Summer Outings," published by the Nickel Plate Road, describing vacation resorts along south shore of Lake Erie, also fine list of country homes open to country boarders, sent to any address on application to J. Y. Calahan, Gen. Agent, 111 Adams street Chicago.

Attention Knights!
Memorial services of the order of Knights of Pythias will be held at the Congregational church on Sunday evening, June 19. Knights will assemble at the lodge room at 7:15 p. m., sharp. J. W. SLIPP, C. C. W. A. M. JOHNSON, K. R. S.

Baptist Young People's Union
will be pleased with a ride to Buffalo and return over the Nickel Plate road. Choice of water or rail route between Cleveland and Buffalo, within final limit of ticket. Call on or address J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, No 111 Adams St., Chicago, for particulars. 4

New Sleeping Car Line.
Between Chicago and Buffalo on train No. 6, Nickel Plate road, leaving Chicago daily from the Van Buren Street Passenger Station [on the loop] at 2:55 p. m. Also a through sleeper to New York via Nickel Plate and Lackawanna roads, in addition to the excellent through service heretofore maintained. 2

THE 20TH CENTURY TRAINS.
A Brochure issued on North-Western Limited Service.

The new North-western Limited Twentieth Century Trains, is the title of a handsome brochure just issued by the passenger department of the Omaha road, containing the opinions of the Twin City daily papers about the beauties of the new limited trains to Chicago. The brochure is handsomely printed and illustrated and is a most creditable bit of railroad advertising. After even a hasty perusal of its pages one is seized with the desire to make a trip to the Windy City on one of these two famous trains. Send your address for a copy to T. W. Teasdale, G. P. A., St. Paul, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss
County of Crow Wing.
In Probate Court, Special Term, June 16, 1898.
In the matter of the estate of Andrew J. Adney, deceased:
On receiving and filing the petition of Emma Adney, of Crow Wing county, Minn., representing, among other things, that Andrew J. Adney, late of said county, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1898, at Aitkin county, Minn., died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that said petitioner is the widow and sole heir of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to her granted.
It is ordered, That said petition be heard before this court on Monday the 11th day of July, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the court house in said county.
Ordered Further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said county.
[Noted at Brainerd, Minn., the 16th day of June, A. D. 1898.]
By the Court: MILTON McFADDEN, Judge of Probate.
J. J. MURPHY, Attorney for Petitioner.

PAINE & MCGINN.

Can and Will
Sell you

MORE MEAT

For Your Money than you can get elsewhere in the city, as the following prices will show. Try us once and See What CASH WILL DO.

POT ROASTS BEEF, fore quarter cut, - 8 to 10c.

Wool Soap, 3 cakes.....	10c	Mutton Chops.....	12 to 14c
Sugar Cured Ham, best brand	10c	Mutton Stew.....	6c
Sugar Cured Skinned Hams..	10c	Pork Roasts, best cut.....	10c
Boneless Ham.....	11c	Pork Chops.....	10c
New England cooked Ham...	11c	Side Pork.....	7c
Cottage Ham.....	10c	Leaf Lard.....	7c
Picnic Ham.....	8c	Spare Ribs.....	7c
Sliced Ham.....	12c	Pigs Head.....	4c
Loin Steak.....	12c	Pigs Feet.....	3 1/2c
Short Porterhouse.....	14c	Pork sausage.....	7c
Best Cut ".....	15c	Bologna Sausage.....	9c
Round Steak.....	12c	Head cheese.....	8c
Shoulder Steak.....	10c	Liver Sausage.....	8c
Pot Roast, rump cut.....	8 & 10c	Frankfort Sausage.....	10c
Rib Roasts, best cut.....	10c	Dry Salt Pork.....	8c
Stew, beef brisket.....	6c	Pickled Pork.....	8c
Stew, flank.....	6c	Pure Lard.....	8 1/2c
Liver.....	3 1/2 to 6c	8 lb Pail Lard.....	27c
Corned Beef.....	6 to 8c	Fresh Dressed Chickens, per lb	10 1/2c
Leg Mutton.....	13c		
Loin of Mutton.....	12c		

BIKO!

THE ONLY

Perfect Pneumatic
Tire Protector
And Mender

The attention of the public is called to the Biko preparation for mending and self healing any porous bicycle tire or that has punctures. This preparation is endorsed by thousands of riders, hundreds of dealers, and has become a famous known article in the New England states. Our sales for 1797 on Biko exceeded over 150 Bicycle Tires, over 3700 Trotting Sulkies. Our Biko is the only cement that makes a permanent repair on a puncture. It will never harden in the tire. It will preserve the vitality of the tire, and does not dissolve the cement in plugging or vulcanizing as the majority of the anti-leaks do. This self-mending preparation is sold for

\$1.00 PER PACKAGE.

Enough for two tires, and if it is not entirely satisfactory in every respect call and we will

REFUND YOUR MONEY.

Don't Wait! Try it Now!

A. L. HOFFMAN & CO.

GET OUR

Prices on Job Work

Before Placing
Your Next Order.

Rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper Block.

NORTH PACIFIC		To ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH AND PORTS EAST & SOUTH		To BUTTE SPOKANE TACOMA PORTLAND CALIFORNIA JAPAN CHINA ALASKA KODIAK	
Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.					
TIME CARD—BRANERD.					
EAST BOUND:		Arrive.		Depart.	
No. 8, St. Paul Express	1:00 p. m.	1:30 p. m.		1:30 p. m.	
No. 14, Duluth Express	3:30 a. m.	3:30 a. m.		3:30 a. m.	
No. 54, Duluth Freight	10:15 a. m.	11:00 a. m.		11:00 a. m.	
No. 80, Duluth Freight	8:35 p. m.	9:40 p. m.		9:40 p. m.	
WEST BOUND:		Arrive.		Depart.	
No. 9, Fargo Express	1:30 p. m.	1:40 p. m.		1:40 p. m.	
No. 11, Duluth Express	4:30 p. m.	5:00 p. m.		5:00 p. m.	
No. 12, Duluth Freight	4:30 p. m.	5:30 p. m.		5:30 p. m.	
Get Permit at Ticket Office for 14, 17 and 80. Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.					
C. P. & B. BRANCH					
No. 10, Little Falls, Bank Center & Morris		8:30 a. m.		8:30 a. m.	
No. 11, Morris, Bank Center & Brainerd		8:30 p. m.		8:30 p. m.	
Daily Except Sunday.					
Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.					

BRainerd, MINNESOTA.

Those Krupp guns sent as "kitchen furniture" from Germany to the Spaniards will probably next be heard of in Uncle Sam's kitchen or in some junk shop.

While the captain general at Manila is encouraging the authorities at Madrid with false reports of the submission of insurgent chiefs in some portions of the Philippines, he discounts them by reports of fresh outbreaks in other portions and in the Caroline islands.

How precious the memory of a writer of uplifting hymns! The late Rev. Henry Francis Lyte, author of "Abide with Me," and other hymns sung the world over, has been dead half a century. Brixham church, Devon, where he ministered for many years, is now in the course of rebuilding. With gifts and words of sympathy for the object, come loving and grateful expressions which testify to the service the poet yet fulfils. Such a ministry has an immortality of its own.

This is the season when even the alarms of war cannot repress the enthusiasm of the disciples of genial Isaac Walton. By special courier from the camp of Greater Cleveland we learn that the enemy is beginning to accept proffered bait with avidity and that a general engagement with terrific slaughter may be expected within a few days. The only serious hindrance to "Corporal" Cleveland's movement on the enemy's fortifications is the temporary absence of his aid de camp, Captain Robley Evans, who has obtained a furlough to whip Spain before he again returns to active duty.

Austria, aside from its rulers, is not nearly so Spanish in its sympathies as has been generally supposed. The Deutsche Zeitung of Vienna, referring to this subject recently, says: "The great North American republic constitutes a warning for all European princes and governments who are steering for absolutism. Were it not for the American union the cause of civil liberty in Europe in our days would be in a bad way." It would probably surprise most rulers of the more despotic countries of Europe to know to what extent sentiments such as the above prevail in their dominions.

J. R. Cravath makes some useful suggestions to owners of electric-light plants in towns of 2,000 to 5,000 inhabitants. Towns of this size usually have an electric-light plant, a water works system, a small factory or two and a dozen or more small steam plants of from one to twenty horsepower. Mr. Cravath maintains that there is ordinarily no good reason why the electric light company cannot supply power to these varied industries more cheaply and more satisfactorily than under the present system of every man for himself. In other words, the power generation for the community should be consolidated under the roof of the electric-light plant, and the men and boilers and engines there employed made to earn money twenty-four hours a day instead of two or three.

That salaries and wages are governed by the profits of business has been a commonplace of political economy; but of late an interesting factor has been unusually demonstrative in the character and disposition of the employer. There are instances where a sharing of a portion of the profits of business has made employees more willing, regular and useful. There have been counter instances where the employer's hardness has kept his workmen irritable and unhappy, to his injury as well as to theirs. Strikes are not infrequently brought on or aggravated by the arrogance or lack of sympathy of employers, and there is reason to believe that a comparatively recently costly and bloody outbreak would not have taken place had not the superintendent met the representatives of the workmen with curses instead of conciliation. Workmen are too frequently hasty in action, and reckless and unreasonable in their demands. Ordinarily, however, if they are met in a spirit of conciliation, the first impulse of self-assertion soon exhausts itself. Reason to some extent then seeks control. At this point candid statements by the employer will ordinarily be candidly received. By them the wage-earners may be made to see more clearly the conditions that regulate wages, and which, wisely or unwisely heeded, make to their employers the difference between loss and a reasonable profit that is as justly the employer's due as are reasonable wages to the wage-earner. Of course, the cordial acquiescence of the workmen in the statements made depends wholly on their belief in the truthfulness and moral integrity of their employers. Hard, grasping employers are always distrusted. They simply reap what they have sown.

The titles of the king of Spain suggest a large part of the history of the world. He is king of Jerusalem, which is Turkish; of Navarre, which is French; of Gibraltar, which is British; and of the East and West Indies, which are largely British; Duke of Brabant and Count of Flanders, now the two independent kingdoms of Holland and Belgium; and sovereign of numerous other lands long since independent or under the undisputed sway of other powers. He bears upon his person, indeed, an epitome of the glory and the fall of Spain.

MARINES HOLD THEIR POSITION

THOUGH INCENSANTLY ATTACKED BY SPANIARDS.

Exhausted by Continual Conflict With Superiors, They Bravely Insist That They Will Hold on Until the Belated Troops Arrive - The Support of Warships is All That Saves Our Peace From Annihilation by Overpowering Numbers - Two Americans Killed and Four Wounded - Co-operation of Cubans Not a Success.

(Copyright, 1898, by Associated Press.) Camp of the United States Marines, Outer Harbor of Guantanamo, via Kingston, Jamaica, June 16. - After two nights of hard fighting the American flag still floats on Cuban soil over the camp of the marine battalion, and our boys say they will keep it there until the belated troops arrive if it takes till winter. Thus far the marines have had the best of the fighting, but the situation is grave, and they are exhausted with repelling almost incessant attacks. They have little chance to rest or sleep, and the time of the arrival of the relieving troops is uncertain. Were it not for the guns of the fleet, the gallant little band would be annihilated by the Spanish troops in overpowering numbers from Santiago de Cuba. As it is they probably can hold their position but they cannot move forward until reinforced by troops. What first, with the white tents on a bold eminence against the tropical background, looked like a holiday camp, is now grim reality. The tents have been struck and rolled into breasted works, supplemented by trenches around the crest of the hill. The spot is lamentably exposed, while surrounding it on all sides is heavy brush. The least movement in the camp is the signal for instant target practice upon the part of the

Spanish Sharpshooters, whose rifles carry much further than ours, though their owners rarely hit anything they aim at. It is impossible to accurately estimate the Spanish attacking force, but it is numerous enough. About two-thirds of this force surrounds the camp nightly with a deadly ring, and the spattering of muskets make things quite lively, for the Spaniards are daring enough to crawl up and then take a pop shot at the marines from the bushes about thirty yards from the camp. At night the besiegers fight like Indians, and our old Apache fighters will feel in their element. Every yard of chaparral is an ambuscade, and picket duty is flipping coins with death. After the first attack Col. Huntington decided that another attempt would be made the next night and he caused entrenchments to be thrown up on all sides of the camp, and in the trenches the main part of the battalion waited for the attack that the colonel was certain would come. It arrived within a short time after dark, and from that time until daybreak the firing was incessant, and at times very heavy. On the American side two men were killed and four wounded. The first attack of the Spaniards was made at 8 o'clock, and the

Last Shot Was Fired by them at about 3 o'clock in the morning. During the night the Spaniards attacked the camp of the marines on shore, and the Marblehead, believing the Americans had been driven out, threw several shells into the place. The attack, however, was repulsed by the small detachment of marines in camp without trouble. The shells of the Marblehead struck among the marines. The fight was the first of the war in which the Cubans cooperated with the American forces, and their co-operation was not a glittering success. At one time during the engagement, when the marines were firing on a small detachment of Spaniards who made their appearance a short distance from the camp the Cubans began firing without orders and sent a volley right among the Americans. There were several narrow escapes, but no one was injured. Lieut. Neville, of Company D, was sent out on scout duty, and as on the day previous, he attacked a small stone fort. A hot fight followed, and the Spaniards were driven off with loss. It was during this fight that Wallace and Tauman fell over the cliff. Fifteen dead Spaniards, including one lieutenant, were found in the fort. The arrival of the fleet to complete the bombardment of the town and its defenses is expected this afternoon.

READY FOR SERVICE.

Volunteers at Chickamauga Are in Excellent Condition. Washington, June 16. - The volunteers collected at Chickamauga, 42,000 in number, are reaching a degree of excellence under the magnificent management of Gen. Brooke that would warrant the government in ordering them immediately into active service, but, unfortunately there is still a considerable lack of equipment that will not permit of this.

BLUE'S DARING DEED.

Risks His Life to Obtain Information Regarding Cervera's Fleet. Washington, June 16. - The only bulletin posted at the navy department from Sampson contained the satisfactory news that an American naval officer, Lieut. Victor Blue of South Carolina, at the risk of his life, had succeeded in encircling the bay of Santiago and counting the Spanish vessels therein, with the result of establishing the fact that all of Cervera's fleet were still bottled up.

READY FOR THE VOYAGE.

Second Philippine Expedition All Ready to Sail.

San Francisco, June 16. - Thirty-five hundred soldiers left Camp Merritt yesterday and boarded the transports which are tomorrow the second expedition against the Philippines. To-day has been set for sailing day, but it is doubtful if the voyage begins before tomorrow. The fleet will be made up as follows:

Steamer China, First Colorado infantry, two Utah batteries of light artillery and half of the Eighteenth United States Infantry. Steamer Colon, Twenty-third United States Infantry and half of the Eighteenth United States Infantry. Steamer Zealandia, Tenth Pennsylvania volunteer infantry. Steamer Senator, First Nebraska volunteer infantry. Brig. Gen. Greene is in command of the expedition. His adjutant general is Capt. Bates, of the Seventy-first New York volunteers. Early in the morning the troops who had received their orders to depart were alive and stirring. The men who had been waiting so long for the order to embark were delighted at the chance to prepare for the journey and the prospects of going to the front. When everything was ready for the five-mile march to the water front the men were

Lined Up for the Journey in heavy marching order. The streets presented a wonderfully realistic military scene as one by one the companies were marched to the parade grounds and the last exhalation in Camp Merritt gone through with. The companies all passed inspection and as they marched through the camp the 9,000 soldiers who were to be left behind gave the departing soldiers cheer upon cheer. One by one the companies took their departure, and it was nearly noon when the last left the camp. Most of the commanding officers took their men down Golden Gate avenue, which thoroughfare was lined with people anxious to view the parade. Business houses were all decorated for the occasion, some had hired bands to play patriotic airs, but the music furnished was almost drowned out at times by the noise of exploding bombs. In the evening the transports left their docks for anchorage in the bay, the work of trimming cargoes having been completed. It has been given out that the vessels will get away to-day some time, but from unofficial sources it is learned that much remains to be done before the fleet can take its departure, and that to-morrow will be the day probably finally set for the commencement of the voyage.

CONTINUOUS FIGHTING.

Philippine Insurgents Give the Spaniards No Rest.

London, June 16. - The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, forwarding advice he has received from Manila up to June 8, says:

On June 5 the insurgents forced the passage of the Semple river and captured Las Pinas and Parana. Since then, up to the time my advice left Manila, the fighting had been continuous and the Spaniards were being gradually driven in. The fall of the city seems imminent before the arrival of American forces. Manila is absolutely incapable of resisting bombardment. Admiral Dewey is surprised at the rebel progress, but the Spaniards suspect that the insurgents are fighting under American guidance. The defenders of the city have suffered severely from the incessant attacks and from want of food and rest, and the hospitals and churches are crowded with the wounded.

BRYAN ON THE WAR.

First Public Declaration of the Nebraska Stand on the Question.

Omaha, June 16. - The Nebraska building at the exposition was dedicated yesterday with appropriate ceremony, amid the plaudits of thousands of the state's citizens. Gov. Holcomb and his staff took part in the exercises along with many of the state's most distinguished residents. The speakers of the day were Hon. C. J. Smith, Hon. W. F. Curley and Hon. W. J. Bryan. Mr. Bryan's oration was notable for one thing, his first public declaration of the war issue. He took a high ground on the question, urging that the war is for humanity, not for the extension of United States territory. In conclusion he said the manifest destiny of this nation is not to acquire new realms to govern, but to carry out the fundamental principles of democracy to the end that equality among citizens may be secured.

Accused of Swindling.

Albert Lea, Minn., June 16. - Sheriff Mitchell is just back from Hayfield, Minn., and brought with him Charles Harper, who is charged with swindling. Harper, it is alleged, secured notes to the amount of \$800 or over from Charles Erickson in return for a patent right for steam feed cookers.

New Trial.

La Crosse, Wis., June 16. - The damage case of H. E. Horne vs. the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road for \$25,000, in which the jury gave the plaintiff \$2,500, will be tried again, the judge having granted the motion on various grounds.

Nominated for Congress.

Shakopee, Minn., June 16. - The Populist convention for the Third congressional district met here and nominated J. R. Lowe, editor of the Faribault Jeffersonian and the People's Watchman of Sacred Heart, on an anti-fusion platform.

ADDRESS TO ABERDEEN.

Canadian Parliament Says Farewell to the Governor General. Ottawa, Ont., June 16. - The dominion parliament has been prorogued. After the closing ceremony the governor general and Lady Aberdeen were presented with addresses in the senate chamber on the occasion of its being their last time to perform that function. Lady Aberdeen was also presented with an historical dinner service the work of the Woman's Art Association of Canada.

GEN. SHAFTER'S BIG ARMY

WILL INVEST SANTIAGO BEFORE THE END OF THE WEEK.

After Many Delays and Much Confusion the Big Fleet of Transports and Warships Gets Actually Started on the Trip to Cuba - War Department Now Concentrating All Its Energies on the Preparation of the Force to Be Sent to Puerto Rico - Movements So Active as to Leave an Impression That Havana Is the Objective Point.

Washington, June 16. - Without reference to the exact hour at which the United States army left Florida for Cuba it may be safely said that before the end of the week Gen. Shafter will have landed with his 15,000 United States troops on Cuban soil, and that the investment of Santiago de Cuba by land will have begun. There was some confusion in the official mind here on the time of departure of the transports, though assurance was given that they had all gotten away. The confusion on this point is easily accounted for by persons who know anything of the difficulties of moving simultaneously a numerous fleet composed of vessels of all sizes and classes. Not less than three times, beginning Sunday, was a definite hour selected for the start, and the war department so notified. Yet in each case some untold obstacle was encountered that required notification to the department that a postponement had been forced. Sailors say such delays are inevitable, and that rarely does a fleet get off by first intention. However, the department officials stated that they believed the very last of the transports

Had at Last Started for Cuba. After all the delay of a day or two in the start is not calculated to make any material difference in the plans, and the only persons who will suffer from it will be Sampson's marines camped on the tropical bay of Guantanamo and obliged to maintain the greatest vigilance in repelling the bushwhacking Spanish irregulars who swarm in the thickets. This foe gives no trouble during the daylight hours, owing to the presence of the Marblehead within easy range, but at night, when the warship is unable to distinguish their own men from the enemy, the lot of the marines is a very exciting one. Having started the Santiago expedition the war department has now concentrated all its energies on the preparation of the force to be sent to Puerto Rico. Active movements in that line have been made on a scale so extensive as to leave the supposition in some quarters that the attack is to be directed upon Havana, but if this is so there is no open indication of it.

REWARD FOR HEROES.

Hobson and Brave Companions Will Receive Promotion.

Washington, June 16. - Substantial recognition has been given by the navy department to the members of the gallant crew who took the Merrimac into the entrance of Santiago harbor and sank her across the channel under the very muzzles of the Spanish guns. Official recognition was taken of their valor when Secretary Long signed the orders to Admiral Sampson directing the promotion of all the members of the crew. Lieut. Hobson's reward will come later through congress. They still linger in a Spanish prison, but when they return again to their ships their promotions will be awaiting them.

DEMOCRATS IN CAUCUS.

Declare Their Opposition to Hawaiian Annexation.

Washington, June 16. - At a caucus of the Democrats of the house, held immediately after the recess of the house was taken, resolutions were adopted declaring the sense of the Democrats of the house to be opposed to Hawaiian annexation as a consummation that would prove injurious to the interests of the United States and contrary to the long established and generally regarded policy of the government. The action was taken after an hour had been consumed in discussing the advisability of adopting any resolutions upon the proposition of annexation.

CAMARA IS AFRAID.

Says His Squadron Is Insufficient to Hurt the Americans.

Gibraltar, June 16. - The Cadiz fleet consists of the Pelaro, the Carlos V., the Vittoria, the Lepanto, cruisers; the Rapido, the Patriota, the Meteor, auxiliary cruisers, and three torpedo boat destroyers. The Alfonso XIII., being too slow, will be left behind, with six transatlantic steamers and five torpedo boats now at Cadiz.

It is reported that Admiral Camara has told the minister of marine that his squadron is insufficient to meet the Americans, and therefore its sailing is doubtful. The artillery practice shows a good average.

IOWA ENCAMPMENT.

G. A. R. Veterans Flocking to Sioux City To-Day.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 16. - Sioux City is the Mecca for the veterans of Iowa, South Dakota, Minnesota and Nebraska, the twenty-fourth annual encampment of the G. A. R. of Iowa opening here. Train loads of visitors are pouring into the city. Twenty to thirty thousand people are expected. Sioux City has on gala dress and is giving the visitors a hearty reception. The weather is cool and fair.

FIRED ON SANTIAGO.

Spanish Correspondent Gives Out Some News.

(Copyright, 1898, by Associated Press.) (From a Spanish Correspondent.) Havana, June 16. - Tuesday morning two American cruisers and one dispatch boat opened fire against the batteries at the entrance to the harbor at Santiago de Cuba, discharging between fifty and sixty shots of different caliber. The batteries at Castillo del Morro and Castillo de la Soca answered the fire and the American warships retired. At the Soca battery three men were slightly wounded. Last evening (Monday) about 11 o'clock the batteries at the entrance to Santiago harbor fired upon an American vessel which had approached too near the harbor mouth. Five shots were fired from the batteries, which were answered by two shots from the American warships. Yesterday noon what appeared to be a merchantman was sighted off Cienfuegos, about ten miles from shore. The Spanish gunboat Diego Valasquez went to ascertain her character. When the stranger was within a distance of five miles it was seen that she was a cruiser. She hoisted the American flag and opened fire on the Diego Valasquez, to which the latter replied. At the same time the Lince batteries opened fire, compelling the American cruiser to retreat, apparently damaged. The Diego Valasquez was slightly damaged.

ARMOUR BUYS.

His Purchase Clears the Wheat Pit Atmosphere.

Chicago, June 16. - P. D. Armour bought all of Joseph Leiter's cash wheat in the Northwest, amounting to 4,000,000 or 5,000,000 bushels. Semi-authoritative information is also obtained that Armour will take up all of Leiter's wheat. It is generally admitted that the sale to Armour clears the atmosphere to a considerable extent, and if trustees are necessary to liquidate the rest of Leiter's cash wheat in this city, New York, afloat on the ocean and in European storehouses, it will not require much time to dispose of the remaining 3,000,000 bushels or more. There will apparently be little difficulty in winding up the deal inasmuch as it is authoritatively stated that bids have been received for all cash wheat that Leiter has. There is a fair prospect that his creditors will lose nothing and that the wheat will bring in sufficient with recovering markets to pay all claims.

Germany's Attitude.

London, June 16. - The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News says: It seems almost impossible that Germany can have the idea of risking war with the United States by interference at Manila. Nevertheless, it is equally impossible to ignore the significance of the fact that ideas of repeating the successful Kiao Chau incident are evidently floating through the brains of naval personages whose influence are so great that the matter deserves attention.

Negro Preacher Lynched.

Clarinda, Ark., June 16. - Rev. Moses Rycks, a negro preacher, well known among the members of his race in this vicinity, was taken from jail and lynched by a mob of 300 citizens in the southern portion of this county. The body was perforated with bullets and was left dangling in the air with a placard pinned on the clothes as a warning to other negroes. Rycks outraged a farmer's wife. He was twenty-five years of age and was to have been ordained next Sunday.

Warships Before Havana.

Madrid, June 16. - The government has received the following official dispatch from Havana: "There are seventeen American men-of-war before Havana. The number before Santiago has been reduced. It is supposed some of the warships have gone to repair damages sustained. A former rebel chief is organizing at Plata a battalion of volunteers to assist the Spanish commanders."

Will Not Tolerate It.

New York, June 16. - A Washington special says: A cabinet officer last evening said: "Any interference on the part of Germany in the Philippines means war with Germany. If Germany does not realize this, she had better do so at once. We intend to hold the Philippines, and the administration will tolerate no nonsense from Germany or any other country."

Foster in Paris.

London, June 16. - A special dispatch from Paris says William H. Foster, formerly consul to the gratuity fund of the new produce exchange, who was extradited recently from Europe on the charge of embezzling \$133,000 entrusted to his care, and who was released on \$20,000 bail in New York, has arrived in Paris.

Long Term in Prison.

Milwaukee, June 16. - James Kearney of Chicago, who shot and killed his wife at a house on River street in this city on April 5, has been sentenced in the municipal court to fourteen years in the state prison. At the time of the murder Kearney attempted to take his own life by sending a bullet through his temple, completely destroying his eyesight.

Has Taken No Steps for Peace.

Madrid, June 16. - The minister for foreign affairs, Duke Almodovar de Rio, told the newspaper men that the Spanish government had not taken any step in the direction of peace negotiations. The minister also said he had not received any confirmation of the reported third attack on Santiago de Cuba.

Towne Nominated for Congress.

St. Cloud, Minn., June 16. - The congressional conventions of the Sixth district for both the Democrats and Populists placed Charles A. Towne of Duluth in nomination to make the race against Page Morris this fall.

Acquitted of Murder.

West Superior, Wis., June 16. - Chas. Beauregard, the half-breed Indian on trial for the murder of Joseph Blackburn at Gordon last fall, was acquitted in the circuit court, the jury only being out five minutes.

AT LAST THEY MOVE ON CUBA

FIRST ARMY OF INVASION HAS ACTUALLY SAILED.

Authorities at Washington Make Official Announcement That an Army of Fifteen Thousand Men, Conveyed by a Formidable Fleet of Warships, Has Actually Set Sail for Cuba - Expected That a Landing on Cuban Soil Will Be Effected by Thursday - Little Danger of Interruption by Spanish Forces.

Washington, June 15. - The first army of invasion to Cuba is now well on its way, thirty-two transport steamships, carrying over 15,000 officers and men, conveyed by battleships, cruisers, gunboats and auxiliary cruisers, sixteen in number, having actually sailed from Key West at daybreak yesterday morning. An authoritative statement to this effect was made at the war department yesterday, setting at rest all reports that the expedition was on its way or had landed last week. The authorities made the announcement for the reason that the time for secrecy was past, as the scout boats had made sure that the track was clear before it and that no possible menace could come from the Spanish ships or troops even if they should know our forces were advancing against them. With the expedition off officials here feel that there will be a period of comparative inaction for a few days. By Thursday at the latest the transports will be off Santiago and a large army will make its landing on Cuban soil. Sampson has cleared the way for this undertaking and little danger is apprehended in getting ashore. It will be after that, when the advance is made, that actual

Dramatic Developments

may be expected. By that time it is likely the American commanders will be in direct cable communication with the authorities here. Admiral Sampson has taken the shore end of the cable landing at Guantanamo and a force of cable experts are rapidly restoring the line to working order. The progressing of this work has been so rapid that one of the leading officials of the state department said that it was hoped this direct cable communication would be established by Thursday. It will put an end to the dearth of official information concerning important movements and will enable the authorities here to keep in close touch with those executing the strategic movements. Aside from the men and officers making up the expedition the boats carried a vast quantity of supplies, ammunition and war equipments necessary to maintain an organization of this size for at least sixty days. Every detail for the landing of this party has been worked out by the engineer corps of the army. It will be a laborious process at best and will take a full day or more. The point of landing has been so chosen that there is little danger of an interruption from the Spanish forces, but should they attempt to make trouble Admiral Sampson's ships will insure ample protection until the troops can care for themselves.

YELLOW FEVER.

Every Precaution Being Taken to Guard the Army and Navy From the Dread Disease.

Washington, June 15. - Surgeon General Sternberg, of the army, and Van Eppen, of the navy, have taken every precaution to protect the army and navy from yellow fever. Up to the present time neither of them has received any report of contagion in either branch of the service, nor do they feel that the present conditions give ground for serious apprehension, although with our troops and ships operating in a country having yellow fever the year round, there is noted the most rigid precautions by the army and navy medical corps.

WHAT A WHOPPER.

This Spaniard Has Several of Our Vessels Disabled.

Madrid, June 15. - In the chamber of deputies the minister of the interior, replying to questions on the subject, said that, according to the semi-official dispatches, during the last fight at Santiago de Cuba "a Spanish shell burst on the deck of the Massachusetts, dismounting a gun, killing and wounding a number of men and seriously injuring the vessel, while the New York and several other vessels were compelled to withdraw in a badly damaged condition. In addition three American ships were sent back to the repairing yard."

CUTTING THE CABLE.

Cuba Is Now Surely Cut From Outside Communication.

Kingston, Jamaica, June 15. - The officers in charge of the cable ship Adra believe that the Santiago cable has at last been disposed of. Since Monday, when the cut was made, there had been grave doubts as to whether the main cable had been found, and the reports from Kingston that the Santiago cable had been working on Tuesday caused much uneasiness, but it is claimed to-day that there is positive information showing that Monday's work was entirely successful.

German Forces at Manila.

London, June 15. - The Berlin correspondent of the Times remarks that with four ships already at Cavite and with the Darmstadt on the way with 1,400 men, Germany will have a force of 3,000 marines at Manila.

Judge Appointed.

Pierre, S. D., June 15. - Gov. Lee has appointed J. C. Crawford as county judge of Kingsbury county in place of G. W. Lattin, who holds a position as captain in the First regiment of South Dakota volunteers.

ALL ABOARD FOR MANILA

TRANSPORTS ARE READY FOR THE RECEPTION OF TROOPS.

Camp Equipment and Baggage Being Rushed Aboard the Steamers—Troops Busily Engaged in Breaking Camp and Preparing to Go Aboard the Transports—News-papers Complain of the Unsanitary Conditions Existing at Camp Merritt—A Montana Regiment Goes on a Strike on Account of the Food Served.

San Francisco, June 15.—The most important order issued from army headquarters was one notifying Maj. Gen. Otis that the steamers to comprise the second fleet of transports to go to Manila were practically ready for the reception of troops. Troops to the number of about 4,000, comprising the Tenth Pennsylvania, under Col. Hawkins; the First Colorado, under Col. Hale; the First Nebraska, under Col. Bratt; two battalions of regulars from the Eighteenth and Twenty-third infantry, under Col. French; a detachment from the engineer corps and the two battalions of Utah light infantry, under Capt. Young, began to raze their camps, load their tents and baggage into wagons, don their heavy marching gear and form into columns for the march to the waiting transports. All day a stream of wagons has been conveying

camp equipment and baggage to the different steamers, and this work will be completed to-day. The newspapers continue to call attention to the sanitary conditions existing at Camp Merritt, and insist that the location of the camp be changed to preserve the health of the civilians living in that section of the city as well as that of the soldiers now in camp. The Post says:

"The men in the Montana regiment are complaining of the food served them. To-day the soldiers of Company B, Butte regiment, went out on strike and refused to drill under present conditions. The regiment assembled at the camp in order to march out to Sutro baths. When the officers of Company B called on their men to fall in they declined, one of their number stating their reasons for so acting. Col. Kessler was called and he addressed the men, calling their attention to the serious proposition of

Disobeying Orders. One of their number told Col. Kessler that the company did not desire to disobey orders, but the men were hungry and could not drill on the food they were receiving. While Col. Kessler was speaking one of the men fainted before him and was removed to a tent. After Col. Kessler concluded speaking the captain asked how many men were willing to drill and only a sergeant, a corporal and three privates stepped forward. The company was dismissed and the regiment proceeded to the baths. All the men of Company B complained to-day of the food. They say they are given bad bacon and poor vegetables, and that the fresh meat they get consists principally of bones. Those statements made by the men were supported by the company cook, who exhibited a piece of pork as evidence.

GEN. PANDO'S ARMY.

Spanish Government Thinks It Strong Enough to Repel Invasion. London, June 15.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says: The army corps under Gen. Pando, in Eastern Cuba, is composed of four divisions under Gen. Linares, Luque, Adaz and March, stationed respectively at Santiago, Holguin, Manzanillo and Puerto Principe. Gen. Linares has 8,000 men who, with the 2,500 under Admiral Cervera, are considered by the government sufficient to repel invasion. There is a hopeful feeling here that Germany will interfere in the Philippines.

IMMENSELY DAMAGED.

Were the Fortifications at Santiago by the Recent Bombardment. London, June 15.—The morning papers publish further long accounts of the bombardment of Santiago de Cuba on June 6, confirming the reports from the United States that Morro castle and the Estrella battery were both set afire by the American shells and that the Spanish fortifications were immensely damaged. These versions say that the Massachusetts and the Suwanee were somewhat injured by shells.

PUERTO RICO NEXT.

Destination of the Next Military Expedition. Tampa, Fla., June 15.—Gen. Coppinger is in command of the troops left at Tampa, and it is believed will command the next expedition to sail. The destination of this next expedition will be Puerto Rico. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee's corps is not likely to go to Puerto Rico, but will be sent to Cuba when the time comes to strike Havana.

Convention Held. Le Mars, Iowa, June 15.—County conventions were held Saturday by both Democrats and Republicans. The Republicans elected delegates to the state, judicial and congressional conventions.

Germany Has Designs. London, June 15.—The Singapore correspondent of the London Times says letters received there dated Manila, May 26, say the prolonged conferences between the German consul and Capt. Gen. Augusti had caused attention and led to the belief that Germany had designs on the Sulu archipelago.

Prominent Canadian Dead. Montreal, June 15.—Sir Adolphe Chapleau, formerly lieutenant governor of Quebec and secretary of state for the dominion, died here.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, June 16.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 90¢@93¢; No. 2 Northern, 85¢@88¢; Corn—No. 3 yellow, 32 1/2¢@33 1/2¢; No. 3, 31 1/2¢@32¢; Oats—No. 3 white, 27¢@28¢; No. 3, 26 1/2¢@27¢; Barley and Rye—Sample barley, 28¢@30¢; No. 2 rye, 42¢@43¢; No. 3 rye, 41¢@42¢.

Duluth, Minn., June 16.—Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 90 1/2¢; No. 1 Northern, 89 1/2¢; No. 2 Northern, 84 1/2¢; No. 3 spring, 78¢; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 90 1/2¢; No. 1 Northern, 89 1/2¢; July, No. 1 hard, 91¢; No. 1 Northern, 90¢; September, No. 1 hard, 73 3/8¢; No. 1 Northern, 72 3/8¢; oats, 25 1/2¢@26 1/2¢. Minneapolis, June 16.—Wheat—July opened at 91¢ and closed at 91¢; September opened at 72¢ and closed at 71 3/8¢; December opened at 69 1/2¢ and closed at 69 3/8¢. On track—No. 1 hard, 92 3/4¢; No. 1 Northern, 90 3/4¢; No. 2 Northern, 88 3/4¢.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 16.—Flour is lower. Wheat lower; No. 1 Northern, 94¢; No. 2 Northern, 91¢; July, 92¢; Oats lower at 25 3/4¢@28¢. Rye steady; No. 1, 43 3/4¢. Barley quiet; No. 2 special, 40¢; sample, 35¢@39¢.

Chicago, June 16.—Wheat—Cash, No. 2 red, 85¢; No. 3 red, 77¢@83¢; No. 2 hard, 80¢@84¢; No. 3 hard, 75¢; No. 2 spring, 79¢@80¢; No. 3 spring, 75¢@83¢; No. 1 Northern spring, 81¢; No. 2 corn, 32 1/4¢; No. 3 corn, 31 1/4¢; No. 2 oats, 24 1/4¢; No. 3 oats, 23 3/4¢.

Chicago, June 16.—Hogs—Light, \$3.65@3.95; mixed, \$3.65@3.85; heavy, \$3.75@4.00; rough, \$3.75@3.85. Cattle—Beef, \$4.50@5.20; cows and heifers, \$2.50@4.65; Texas steers, \$3.65@4.40; stockers and feeders, \$3.85@4.80. Sheep—Natives, \$3.50@5.10; Westerns, \$4.30@5.15; lambs, \$4.25@6.55.

New Brighton, Minn., June 16.—Hogs, \$3.70@3.80. Cattle—Cows, \$3.30@3.40; steers, \$4.40; canners, \$2.50.

South St. Paul, June 16.—Hogs—\$3.10@3.82 1/2. Cattle—Cows, \$3.25@3.80; steers, \$4.50@4.70; stockers, \$3.75@4.50; heifers, \$3.50@4.25; bulls, \$2.50@3.32 1/2; calves, \$4.75@6.50.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 16.—Hogs—\$3.55@3.80. Cattle—Canners, \$2.00; cows, \$3.85; heifers, \$4.50; bulls, \$3.64; stockers, \$4.35; yearlings, \$4.25@5.00; calves, \$4.50@5.50; sheep, \$3.60@4.30.

FIENDISH ATTACK.

William Lawrence Fatally Cut Because He Tried to Stop a Dog Fight Grand Rapids, Minn., June 16.—William Lawrence is lying at the point of death here from six knife wounds inflicted by Harry Williams. Lawrence attempted to part two fighting dogs when Williams drew a knife and cut him in the groin, abdomen, head and neck. Williams has not yet been captured.

SPAIN'S REQUEST

For an American Force and Not the Inauguration to Occupy Manila. Vienna, June 16.—The Neue Freie Presse says Spain has requested the powers to urge the United States to occupy Manila with American troops should the town surrender, and not allow the city to fall into the hands of the insurgents.

To Collect the Revenue. Washington, June 16.—The officials of the treasury department were busily engaged in the preparation of circular letters to customs and internal revenue collectors carrying into effect the provisions of the war revenue act. In the internal revenue bureau the only schedules which go into immediate effect are those regarding tobacco, snuff, cigarettes and beer.

Ordered Forward. Cheyenne, Wyo., June 16.—Orders have been received by Col. J. L. Torrey for the Second volunteer cavalry to move from Fort D. A. Russell, with their horses, to Jacksonville, Fla. The regiment is thoroughly uniformed, armed and equipped, and considering the short time it has been organized, it has reached a high state of perfection in drill evolutions.

Women as Conductors. Chillicothe, Ohio, June 16.—The electric street railway of this city has adopted a new method of conducting business by placing women conductors on all its cars. Heretofore the cars have been in charge of motormen and the fare deposited in boxes. Each woman wears a ribbon on her hat with the word "Conductor" inscribed on it.

A Mile and a Half From Manila. New York, June 16.—A Sun cable from Berlin says: A dispatch from Shanghai says that the Philippine insurgents are a mile and a half from Manila, which is entirely surrounded. The German consul has transferred 300 German and Swiss residents to a steamer.

Let Them Try It. Port au Prince, June 16.—The Haitian steamer Mancel, chartered by the cable company and carrying cable and cable repairing apparatus, has left for Cape Haitien. Mancel says she goes to re-establish cable communications between Mole St. Nicholas and Santiago de Cuba.

Misery at Havana. London, June 16.—The Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Kingston, Jamaica, says he learns that there is intense misery at Havana and at Santiago, and that people are starving, but are cowed by the presence of the Spanish army.

Falls Dead. Annandale, Minn., June 16.—Peter Newholt of French Lake, while running to catch a boat, fell dead from heart failure. The body was discovered by school children.

To Meet at New Paynesville. New Paynesville, Minn., June 16.—The seventh annual convention of the Young People's Society of the German Evangelical Association of Minnesota will be held at the Salem church in this town. The session will begin on June 30 and continue until July 3. A large attendance is expected.

Brick Scarcity. La Crosse, Wis., June 16.—A brick famine exists in these parts. Contractors say they find it next to impossible to secure first-class brick at any price.

WORK OF CONGRESS

Washington, June 9.—A bill providing for the taking of the twelfth census was passed by the senate after a debate which occupied the greater part of three days. Several weeks ago a census bill was presented by the committee having the matter in charge but the matter was so unsatisfactory that it was recommitted to the committee. The bill passed was introduced in lieu of that which was recommended, and as slightly amended, received the unanimous support of the senate. Under it, if it should become a law, a director of the census, an assistant director and five expert statisticians will be appointed immediately to make the preliminary arrangements for taking the census of 1900 in accordance with the outline presented in the bill. A determined effort was made to provide that the employees of the census bureau should be examined and certified by the civil service commission, but it failed by a vote of 18 to 31. A provision was inserted that not more than two-thirds of the supervisors and enumerators should belong to one political party.

In the House. The house disposed of the senate amendments of the sundry civil bill and agreed to further conference. The conference report upon the postoffice appropriation bill was adopted without debate and the house proceeded to consider the bill to provide for participation of volunteer soldiers in congressional elections. Adjournment was taken pending disposal and it will come up tomorrow.

Washington, June 10.—After five hours devoted to the consideration of the bill authorizing volunteer soldiers to vote in congressional elections the conference on the war revenue bill was presented to the house. Consideration was interrupted until 8 o'clock in the evening, when the report was taken up again, and after three hours' debate, covering a wide range of subjects and some sensational features, it was voted upon and adopted—154 to 107. The election measure will be disposed of to-day immediately after the meeting of the house. Mr. Pierce of Tennessee made a vigorous attack upon the prosecution of the war and the alleged unwarranted delay in sending relief to Cubans. A sensational feature was the clash between Mr. Grosvenor and Mr. Swanson of Virginia, growing out of the former's attack upon the latter's speech in a criticism of the revenue bill. The Hawaiian annexationists made a strong fight to get the election bill out of the way to prevent its going over as privileged, and likely to postpone another day their efforts to secure consideration of the annexation resolution.

IN THE SENATE.

Senator Carter Jumps on Ship Owners of the Pacific Coast.

At the session of the senate Mr. Carter of Montana, in connection with the rejection by the government of the steamship Centennial as a transport, made some ugly charges against the ship owners of the Pacific coast. He said they had been endeavoring to hold up the government and compel it to pay inordinate and extortionate charges for ships to be used to transport troops to the Philippines. Mr. Perkins of California denied the statements of Mr. Carter, declaring that the vessel owners of San Francisco had placed their ships at the disposal of the government at a rate fully 50 per cent less than they usually received for them. Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts made some sensational disclosures concerning the disposition of the money appropriated by congress a short time ago in payment of a claim of the book concern of the Methodist Episcopal Church South. He introduced a resolution directing the claims committee to make an investigation of the matter and report to the senate what, if any, action could be taken. The "omnibus claim bill," carrying something over \$9,000,000, forty private pension bills and several measures from the general calendar were passed.

Washington, June 11.—Shortly after 4 o'clock in the afternoon the conference report on the war revenue bill was agreed to by the senate after a discussion lasting four hours. The debate upon the measure was without special interest and was entirely devoid of acrimonious features. It was a foregone conclusion that the report would be agreed to, and the only question of interest involved was how soon a vote could be reached. The debate indicated generally that the bill, as agreed upon by the conferees, was reasonably satisfactory to everybody, except as to the bond provision. The votes cast against the adoption of the report reflected the opinions of those senators who are opposed to any increase in the interest-bearing debt of the country. The report was agreed to by the decisive vote of 43 to 22. Every Republican voted for the measure, and their votes were supplemented by 8 Democrats, 1 Silver Republican and 1 Populist. The Democrats who voted for the report were Messrs. Caffery, Gorman, Lindsay, McEnery, Mitchell, Morgan, Murphy and Turpie; the Silver Republican was Mr. Mantle, and the Populist was Mr. Kyle.

The vote against the measure was cast by 16 Democrats, 3 Silver Republicans and 3 Populists. As soon as the engrossed bill can be signed by the presiding officers of the two branches of congress it will be sent to the president.

Just at the close of the session a bitter personal discussion was precipitated by Mr. Butler, who attacked Mr. Kyle for having voted for the issuance of bonds. Mr. Butler, speaking as the chairman of the Populist national committee, officially declared that Mr. Kyle did not represent the Populist party. Mr. Kyle replied warmly, saying that he was responsible for his political actions, not to Mr. Butler, but to his conscience and to his constituents. Subsequently he denounced as "intentional and malicious falsehoods"

some statements made about him by Mr. Pettigrew.

IN THE HOUSE.

Agreement Reached Regarding the Hawaiian Resolution.

The feature of yesterday's session of the house was the securing of an agreement to consider and vote upon the Newland resolution to annex Hawaii. Beginning to-day, the debate will proceed until 5 o'clock next Wednesday afternoon, when a vote will be taken. The annexationists came determined to force consideration for three hours the opposition filibustered. Consideration of the resolutions could have been prevented, as, under the rules, a recess until the evening session session necessarily would have been taken at 5 o'clock, but it was plain that the annexationists would win their victory to-day. Realizing this, and knowing the resolutions would pass and go to the country, involving a prominent issue, the opposition treated for liberal debate, and their demands were readily granted. Eight Democrats voted with the annexationists in the movement to force consideration of the resolutions, they being Messrs. Berry of Kentucky, Davies of California, Livingston of Georgia, Brucker of Michigan, Cummings of New York, Sulzer of New York, Vohlsig of New York and Cochran of Missouri. It is claimed at least twenty Democrats will favor the passage of the resolutions.

The bill to enable volunteer soldiers to vote at congressional elections was passed and a number of minor measures chiefly of a private nature, were considered.

Washington, June 14.—For nearly two hours the senate had under discussion the resolution of Mr. Lodge directing the claims committee to make an inquiry as to the disposition of the money appropriated by congress to pay the claim of the book concern of the Methodist Episcopal Church South. A heated colloquy between Mr. Chandler and Mr. Pascoe was the feature of the discussion. Mr. Chandler said that Mr. Pascoe was unwittingly and unwillingly the agent through which a deception had been practiced upon the senate. Mr. Pascoe demanded the withdrawal of the statement, but Mr. Chandler insisted that it was correct and refused to withdraw it, although he disclaimed any intention to reflect upon Mr. Pascoe's honor. The resolution probably will be called up again to-morrow. At 2 o'clock the consideration of the bill providing for the incorporation of the International American bank was begun. The measure was still under discussion when the senate adjourned.

Hawaiian Debate in the House. The debate on Hawaiian annexation continued in the house, ten speeches being made. Very little interest was manifested either upon the floor or in the galleries, few occupants of the latter being present, and the attendance upon the floor hardly exceeding at any time forty members.

Washington, June 15.—Eight hours, comprising afternoon and evening sessions of the house, were devoted to debate on the Newland resolutions for the annexation of Hawaii. Twenty speeches were delivered, most of them being brief. A vote will be taken at 5 o'clock to-day, and in order to give time for speeches which members desire to make the house agreed to meet at 10 o'clock this morning. The resolutions, according to estimates, will receive, with the exception of not more than twelve, all Republican votes, and will enlist the support of from fifteen to twenty Democrats and members of other parties.

In the Senate. The resolution of Mr. Lodge directing that an inquiry be made into the disposition made of the Methodist Book Concern claim, which was paid recently by congress, was adopted without division by the senate. In the course of the debate upon it Mr. Morgan charged that the resolution was insincere and had been drawn for political effect. This statement Mr. Lodge denied vigorously, saying his only purpose in offering the resolution was that all facts concerning the matter should be laid before the people to the end that more care should be exercised in the future. He hoped that as a result of the proposed investigation a general law would be passed to eliminate the professional lobbyist from the legislative equation. The measure to incorporate the International American bank was under discussion for three hours, the debate eliciting some interesting facts concerning the foreign trade of this country. Final action was not taken on the bill.

CHANCE TO SHOW GOODS.

Exposition at Winnipeg Should Be Patronized by Americans.

Washington, June 16.—In a report to the state department, United States Consul Graham at Winnipeg, says that the Winnipeg Industrial Exposition association will hold its eighth annual exposition at Winnipeg from July 11 to 18 next, and urges a liberal patronage by manufacturers and dealers of the United States as the best means of bringing American goods to the favorable notice of the people of the dominion.

Murder of a Half-Breed. Helena, Mont., June 15.—The United States district attorney has received word that John Bruguer, a half-breed, was murdered near Calais, on the Fort Peck Indian reservation. A deputy United States marshal has gone to the agency to secure Ernest Striper, who was arrested, charged with the murder.

Milwaukee Murderer Sentenced. Milwaukee, June 15.—James Kearney of Chicago, who shot and killed his wife in this city on April 5, was sentenced to fourteen years in prison. At the time of the murder he attempted to take his own life.

Permanent Home for Masons. Sioux Falls, S. D., June 16.—The Masonic grand lodge, in session here, is wrestling with a proposition to establish a permanent home for the lodge at Sioux Falls. The attendance at this session is unusually large.

WAR SUMMARY.

Thursday, June 9.

An army of 27,000 men under Gen. Shafter leaves for Cuba.

It is almost certain that the Terror was sunk by the Oregon. The Stars and Stripes will be flying over Santiago by Sunday.

Arrangements for the Manila expedition are being rapidly pushed.

Washington officials will give no information regarding the movement of troops.

The gusie again fails to land an expedition with ammunition for the insurgents.

Gov. Gen. Augusti, of the Philippines, sends to Madrid a frantic appeal for help.

American squadron bombards and destroys fortifications at Calmanera, in the bay of Guantanamo.

A report reaches Hongkong that Manila has fallen and the city is now in the hands of the insurgents.

Friday, June 10.

A report reaches Cape Haitien that Santiago has fallen.

The Spanish fleet will sail from Cadiz under sealed orders.

The house adopts the conference report on the war revenue bill.

Cuba is at last cut off from all communication with the outside world.

Gen. Greely prohibits the publication of news regarding American forces.

Work on warships now under construction is proceeding satisfactorily.

Impossible to learn at Washington what has become of Gen. Shafter and his troops.

Spain, seeing the hopelessness of continuing the war, is approaching the powers with a view of obtaining honorable peace.

Saturday, June 11.

The war revenue bill is agreed to by the senate.

The report that troops had already sailed is without foundation.

Spaniards are preparing to make a desperate resistance at Santiago.

Spanish warships sighted off Fort Monroe and great excitement prevails.

A fleet of sixteen warships will convey the first detachment of troops to Cuba.

It is said the Charleston's real mission is the seizure of the Spanish Ladrone islands.

War department positively refuses to give any information regarding the movement of troops.

The gunboat Suwanee lands a supply of ammunition and provisions for the insurgents near Santiago.

Baquiri, a mining community near Aguadores, is reported to have been bombarded by the American fleet.

Sunday, June 13.

Blanco is in great need of war supplies.

Marines land and plant the American flag near the village of Guantanamo.

Ambassador Hay cables the state department that Manila has surrendered.

The squadrons of Schley and Sampson are still maintaining a strict watch off Santiago.

Gen. Merritt issues orders to regiments detailed for the second Philippine expedition to be ready to embark Wednesday.

Marines have a thirteen-hour engagement with Spanish guerillas and regulars. They come off victorious with the loss of four men.

Tuesday, June 14.

Germany increases her forces in Philippine waters.

It is officially stated at Washington that an army of 15,000 men has sailed for Cuba.

Every precaution has been taken to guard the army and navy against yellow fever.

The next expedition will go to Puerto Rico and be under command of Gen. Coppinger.

Fighting was renewed at Guantanamo bay. The marines again repulsed the Spaniards.

Transports are all ready for the reception of the troops of the second Philippine expedition.

Spanish warships are reported near the Philippines and Dewey has gone out to meet them.

Wednesday, June 15.

Seventeen warships are now before Havana.

Intense misery prevails at Havana and Santiago.

Lieut. Blue, at risk of his life, obtains valuable information about Cervera's fleet.

Gen. Shafter's big army will begin the investment of Santiago before the end of the week.

War department now concentrating all its energies on the preparation of the Puerto Rico expedition.

Marines still bravely hold their position at Guantanamo, though constantly harassed by Spaniards.

Thirty-five hundred men comprising the second Philippine expedition have embarked on the transports and are all ready for the voyage.

Drowned at Ottumwa.

Ottumwa, Iowa, June 16.—Johnnie Whittaker, Darwin Wilson, Ray Teeter and Fred Jepson lie dead, as the result of youthful sport on a pond with ten feet of water. The boys were on a raft which capsized.

Appetite--Strength

Without the First You Cannot Have the Last.

Hood's Sarsaparilla gives both. It gently tones the stomach and gives digestive power, creates an appetite and invigorates the system. By making the blood rich and pure it strengthens the nerves and gives refreshing sleep.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills are the favorite cathartic. 25c.

Nature.

"Yaghuams" are described in a Pittsburg paper as armed men who prey on tramps, and two of them recently killed a person of that kind. Is it possible that there are lower men who prey on yaghuams?—Judge.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

We are asserting in the courts our right to the exclusive use of the word "CASTORIA," and "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," as our Trade Mark.

I, Dr. Samuel Pitcher, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the name that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER on every wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. Look carefully at the wrapper and see that it is "the kind you have always bought," and has the signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.

March 8, 1897. SAMUEL PITCHER, L. D.

A Personal Question.

Miss Snaphot (fixing her fascinating eyes upon him)—Do you develop? Mr. Kodak—Well—no, not always, but when I have a good subject I always try to hold it until I get a negative.—New York World.

Shake Into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, nervous, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A Harassing Serial Story.

Louise—I've fixed Kitty so she will answer my letter at once. Belle—What did you do? Louise—I wrote her a lot of gossip, and forgot to send the middle pages.—Puck.

Read the Advertisements.

You will enjoy this publication much better if you will get into the habit of reading the advertisements; they will afford a most interesting study, and will put you in the way of getting some excellent bargains. Our advertisers are reliable; they send what they advertise.

Coe's Cough Balsam

Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it. There is only one real failure of life possible, and that is not to be true to the best one knows.—Canon Farrar.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

I hate a thing done by halves. If it be right, do it boldly; if it be wrong, leave it undone.—Gulpin.

The home stretch—on your own sofa.

I never used so quick a cure as Piso's Cure for Consumption.—J. B. Palmer, Box 1171, Seattle, Wash., Nov. 25, 1895.

Without reserve—seats in the gallery.

COSMO BUTTERMILK TOILET SOAP

Makes the skin soft, white and healthy. Sold everywhere.

Right about face—the frill of a bonnet

The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND.
Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minn., as second class matter.

Issued every Friday morning from rooms 3, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, \$1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.
We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1897 no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.
All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Three (3) cents per line for every insertion.
H. C. STIVERS, Journal.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1898.



FRIDAY, JUNE 17, 1898.

Republican County Convention and Primary Elections.

OFFICIAL CALL.

A Republican County Convention for the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, will be held on Thursday, the 23rd day of June, 1898, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the court house, in the City of Brainerd, in said County, for the purpose of electing twelve (12) delegates to the Republican State Convention for the State of Minnesota, to be held in the City of St. Paul, on the 30th day of June, 1898, for the purpose of expressing a choice of the Republican party of the State of Minnesota for United States Senator to be elected by the Legislature of 1899, and for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Clerk of the Supreme Court, and three Judges of the Supreme Court, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Said county convention will also elect nine (9) delegates to the Republican Legislative convention for the 48th legislative district of the State of Minnesota, to represent said county when said legislative convention is called, for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for state senator and two candidates for state representatives from said district.

All voters who are in sympathy with the principles advocated by the Republican party and who desire its success, regardless of their past political affiliations, are invited to participate in the selection of delegates to said county convention.

Each election district will be allowed in said county convention one delegate for every twenty-five votes or major fraction thereof (each precinct to be entitled to at least one delegate) cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1896.

In accordance with the above apportionment the several election districts in said county will be entitled to the following number of delegates in said convention:

First Ward.....	7 Ft. Ripley.....	2
Second Ward.....	11 Fairbanks.....	1
Third Ward.....	9 Garrison.....	1
Fourth Ward.....	6 Jenkins.....	1
Fifth Ward.....	7 Kennedys.....	1
Bay Lake.....	1 Long Lake.....	1
Crow Wing.....	1 Maple Grove.....	1
Deerwood.....	3 Oak Lawn.....	1
Daggett Brook.....	2 Polinton's.....	1
Davenport's.....	3 Pine River (Gould's).....	2
St. Mathias.....	2.....	2

Total number of delegates..... 65
The primaries for the election of delegates to said county convention shall be held in the several election districts in said county on Tuesday the 21st day of June, 1898, at 9 o'clock p. m., and the polls shall be kept open for one hour at the usual place for holding same.

JOHN T. FRATER,
Chairman Co. Com.
Dated Brainerd, June 2, 1898.

LEITER is lighter than he was before the wheat corner burst.

THERE isn't such a rush to get on the fusion ticket as was expected.

AND still Van Sant has the lead for the republican nomination for governor.

AN up country exchange remarks that Colonel Joe Leiter is merely a wheat kernel.

THE war has so overshadowed the Klondyke gold craze that it is seldom mentioned in the news columns these days.

THE soldier boys are now getting a chance to do a little fighting. Heretofore the marines have had it all their own way.

THE Graceland Enterprise coins a new word this week when it says "An item or two crept in 'unbeknowned' to the editor."

THE Minneapolis Journal is having all sorts of spasms for fear Gov. Clough will receive a third term nomination. A large amount of the "scare stuff" on this line is published to injure Van Sant's chances.

LAST week Joseph Leiter was quoted as having made \$7,000,000 out of his wheat speculations but today his losses are placed at \$5,000,000. The time will yet come when some man will endeavor to corner the earth.

CHARLEY TOWNE will run for congress against Page Morris simply because he is the logical candidate and not because he expects to be elected. Towne would like to have sacrificed some other man and awaited a more opportune time for himself but fates were against him and he will do the best he can—which will be but little.

New York democracy has decided to drop the free silver topic as a campaign argument and stick to state issues, a wise move that will be followed by others much to the disgust of Billy Bryan and his worshippers.

Our old friend G. S. Pease, of the Anoka Union, was unanimously elected mayor of Anoka by the city council on Tuesday but declined the honor because he believed newspaper men should not hold office. Pease has notions of his own.

A wild scene was enacted at the populist state convention at Minneapolis on Wednesday and the police were called in. S. M. Owen gave Ignatious Donnelly such a scoring as he never had, accusing him of treachery and saying that he blighted whatever he touched. Donnelly had been advocating an independent party and denouncing fusion in a ten minutes talk and it didn't seem to suit the boys who had fixed up the deal beforehand and the chances are that there will be a split in the ranks that will be hard to heal.

As was predicted John Lind is the choice of the fusionists for governor of Minnesota and he was nominated in convention at Minneapolis on Wednesday. The democratic delegates were willing to swallow anything in order to unite the forces but the populists came very near overturning the alliance and it took seven hours of hard fighting for them to get together on any kind of a proposition, but it went and Lind has been offered up as a sacrifice. However Mr. Lind is getting used to defeat and one more good drubbing will not do any harm.

Hoffman is selling a new 1898 up-to-date bicycle for \$20.

Pease's Notes of the Trip.

The following notes in the Anoka Union of the Walker Editorial trip will be of interest to many of our readers:

Gen. Manager Hoar flirts awfully with girls, but he is a real good boy.

Bro. Bernerd was so attentive to one lady that there is a suspicion of a wedding bye and bye.

Those Brainerd girls are handsome and healthy, and everyone of them deserves a good husband and I hope they'll get one. But, my, they are lively!

During the afternoon we were favored with singing by the Eolian Quartette of Brainerd; Mayme Mitchell, soprano; Bertha Robinson, alto; E. O. Webb, tenor, and S. F. Alderman, bass; Nellie Merritt, pianist; and I doubt if there is a better quartette in the northwest. The bass is a wonder as also is the soprano. No more enjoyable digression occurred on the whole trip than the magnificent singing of this grand organization. I just hope to hear them in my own city in the near future.

Dogs Cause a Murder.

A telegram from Grand Rapids says: A stabbing affray, which may result fatally, occurred here this morning. Two dogs, one belonging to Wm. Lawrence and the other to Harry Williams, were fighting. Lawrence rushed in to pull his dog off, when Williams drew his knife and stabbed him six times in the neck, back, abdomen and groin. Lawrence was taken to the hospital and is not expected to live. Williams fled and has not yet been captured.

Hoffman rents bicycles.

First Excursion of the Season to Buffalo via, Nickel Plate road, July 14—17, at one fare for the round trip. Choice of water or rail route between Cleveland and Buffalo, within final limit of ticket. For further information call on or address J. Y. Cahalan, General Agent, No. 111 Adams St., Chicago.

Worms Stop a Train.

At present time there are in Northern Minnesota swarms of a variety of worm known as the tent caterpillar and a few days ago a freight train on the Northern Pacific was stalled at Deerwood by them. Supt. Blanchard, of the Lake Superior division of the road was on the passenger train that was detained 25 minutes, while the freight made ineffectual attempts to climb up a grade and get on a siding says the News-Tribune. Mr. Blanchard says the worms were of the caterpillar variety and were about two inches in length. The caterpillars swarmed over the rails, and sand, which was applied to make the wheels stick to the rails, would not suffice. The wheels would spin around, and the train could not be moved. The passenger train had to do the sidetracking, and to allow the freight to continue on the main line.

Store your stoves and furniture with D. M. Clark & Co.

NO QUARTER FOR CUBANS.

Returned Americans Who Served With Garcia Say the War is Bitter.

Stuart Janney and Osmond Latrobe, two young men of Baltimore, and graduates of Johns Hopkins, who recently returned to Baltimore after two years' experience in the Cuban army, had some very interesting adventures while there, and in an interview the other day told some interesting facts.

They landed from the Three Friends, were seven days in finding the insurgents' camp, during which time three of the party died from exhaustion and all hands narrowly escaped being ambushed and shot by the people they came to assist. What happened after that is partially told by Captain Janney as follows:

"We were taken back into the mountains," said he, "and our party assigned to places with Garcia's command, which consisted of probably 2,500 or 3,000 men. We found that in the mountains nearly all of the insurgents were negroes and commanded by negro officers, but that in the central parts of the island the troops were all white and commanded by white officers. We noticed that when a negro officer was killed or died a white man was appointed in his place. They are not very gentle down there. Nobody expects to give or take quarter, and a man might as well be killed at once as to be wounded and captured. They don't generally respect a flag of truce, so we sent them very few white flags. There were a number of Americans with us. There were Joyce of New York and Penny of Washington, who came back with us, and Osmond, the University of Pennsylvania football player, whose death you read of in the papers."—New York World.

Dewey Had a Rabbit's Foot.

Never again should the efficacy of the rabbit's foot and the four leaved clover be doubted. They were responsible for Admiral Dewey's victory, says Dr. W. Lang Chapman, surgeon of the Gaelic. When the Gaelic was last in Hongkong, the American squadron was there. Dr. Chapman sent Dewey a rabbit's foot and a four leaved clover. He was thanked in a brief note by Admiral Dewey, who further told him that Captain Gridley of the Olympia and he had tossed up. He had won the rabbit's foot and Gridley the clover leaf, and both would go into action on the watch chains of their owners. The returns show that they did.—New York Sun.

The Super Volunteers.

We've been the Roman army, and we've been the Paris mob, We've marched with Dave Belasco's boys in blue, We've fought in "Shenandoah," and we've often had the job Of assisting in the "Taming of the Shrew."

We're battle battered veterans of every blessed age, We can stand before a stage director's "damn," But we've made our last appearance, and we're going to engage For a season on the road with Uncle Sam.

We've rushed across from E. to L., pursuing empty air, We've done some noble slaughter in the wings, We've fired a thousand volleys on a foe that wasn't there, And it seems to us we're fit for better things.

We want to feel the fever of a realistic fight, And we want to storm a fort that ain't a sham; We're sick of being soldiers at a half a plunk per night, So we're going on the road with Uncle Sam.

And it isn't for the glory, and it isn't for the pay, For none of us expects to be a star, But it's just the human longing for the madness of the fray; It's the longing to be really what we are.

So we quit the Roman army, and we've laid the props aside, And the stage door shuts behind us with a slam, And we ain't afraid of dying, for we've very often died, And we'll gladly die again for Uncle Sam. —Dramatic Mirror.

Spain's Soldiers' Food.

The Spanish soldier is a frugal liver, his commissariat allowance being two meals a day—one at 9 a. m., the other at 5 p. m. In some corps coffee and soup are served out in the early morning. A pound and a half of bread per man per day constitutes the government ration. Any food beyond this must be bought by the private at the canteen. He gets little meat and keeps in excellent condition on a chunk of dry black bread, a little oil and a clove of garlic a day. If to this he can add a pint of wine, which tastes like vinegar and water, he feels happy. There is one thing he cannot go without, and that is his cigarette.—New York Journal.

What Might Have Been.

The trouble our government is having to get this war started teaches us how lucky it is that we undertook to fight a country which was no better prepared than we were. Suppose our quarrel were with a country like Germany instead of Spain, where should we be by this time?—Philadelphia Ledger.

SIGSBEE OF THE MAINE.

An Uncle of the Gallant Captain Talks About His Nephew.
John Sigbee of Cortland, N. Y., is an uncle of Captain Sigbee of the Maine.

"I have known the captain ever since he was born," said Mr. Sigbee, "and a more wide awake, energetic man does not exist. From his boyhood up I remember him as a remarkably nifty lad, keen, quick witted and yet quiet and never disposed to blow his own horn. The published accounts of his self possession at the time of the explosion of the Maine did not surprise me in the least. It is what I would have expected of him."

"If he has said he doesn't know anything about what caused the explosion, you can rely upon it that it is true. Whether it was by the treachery of the Spaniards or by some other means, it was something that he was in nowise responsible for, I am sure."—New York World.

Call for Republican County League Convention.

A convention authorized by the State Republican league to organize the Republican County league of this county will be held June 23rd, 1898, at the court house in Brainerd. Each organized club is entitled to one delegate and one additional delegate for each ten club members, the president secretary and treasurer being delegates ex-officio. In any election district where no clubs exist four delegates are to be selected. It is hoped each precinct will send delegates to represent them at the above time.

JNO. N. NEVERA,
Acting President.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder, at Dr. Ribbel's.

GUND'S
Peerless
BEER
AMERICA'S BEST BOTTLE
Clear Pure Good Keepable
is "fit for a king" better still it is fit for an American citizen—
you!

GEO. E. GARDNER,
Resident Manager,
BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President
G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - \$200,000

Paid up Capital, - - \$50,000

Surplus, - - - - \$30,000

Business accounts invited.

NORTHERN PACIFIC BANK

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

U. N. PARKER, President.
H. D. TREGALWY, Cashier.

County, School and City Orders Bought.

Money to Loan on Chattel Security. Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

Ready for Business.

JAMES WICKHAM,

Blacksmith and Shoeing Shop.

Mr. Wickham desires to inform his many customers that he is again prepared to attend to their wants in his line in his new quarters at the old location, corner of 6th and Maple streets.

First-class Workmen.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

To the Public!

We desire to announce to our customers and the public at large that we have purchased the stock, fixtures and business of A. Hagberg, being the business previously conducted for so many years by the late M. Hagberg in the Odd Fellows' block on Sixth street. The stock is Clean and Fresh, and has been added to our grocery store on Front street, making one of the largest and best stocks of goods of this description in Northern Minnesota. We also desire to say that customers dealing with us will always be treated in a fair and courteous manner, will receive the best goods the market affords, and can rely on the fact that

Our Prices are Always Right.

Thanking the public for favors in the past, and soliciting a continuance of their confidence in our business methods, we remain,
Yours Respectfully,

S. & J. W. KOOP,
Front Street, Brainerd, Minn.

GET OUR

Prices on Job Work

Before Placing Your Next Order.

Rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper Block.

JAMES RHODES,
THE

Wagon Maker



Full line of carriage and wagon material always on hand and for sale, including wheels of all grades.

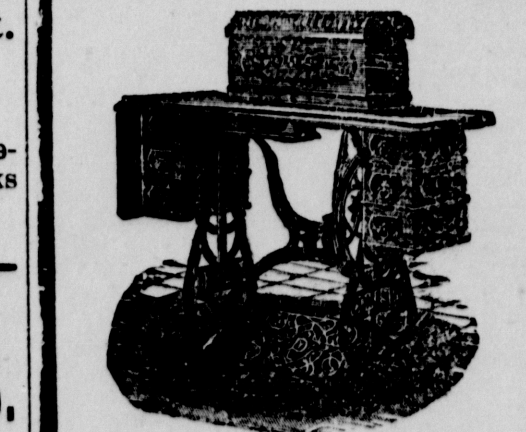
Work Guaranteed and Prices Reasonable.

W. F. HOLST,
General Blacksmithing

And Repairing.

Fourth St., Between Front & Laurel

HIGHEST HONORS.



Grand Medal and Diploma awarded the

"DOMESTIC"

By the World's Columbian Exposition for the care shown in all details of construction; the high standard of materials used; the simplicity of the working parts and the many excellent and original improvements.

THE WORLD'S BEST SEWING MACHINE.

Built thorough throughout. Rapid, noiseless, handsome and durable. Light and easy running. No other ever equalled it. No other ever will. The name guarantees superiority. Experience has shown that the Domestic is the cheapest to buy. It will last a lifetime and is always a satisfaction.

Handsome Illustrated Catalogue Free. Exclusive Territory to Active Agents.

DOMESTIC S. N. CO.
298 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

F. J. MURPHY,
Successor to J. M. ELDER.

Practical Plumber.

All kinds of plumbing, Steam and Hot Water Heating.
Plans and Estimates furnished on all Work.
REPAIRING WELL PUMPS, etc.

First National Bank Block.
SIXTH STREET.

Dr. Humphreys'

Specifics act directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in other parts of the system. They Cure the Sick.

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1—	Fever, Congestions, Inflammations.....	.25
2—	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic.....	.25
3—	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness.....	.25
4—	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....	.25
5—	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
6—	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
7—	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo.....	.25
8—	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.....	.25
9—	Suppressed or Painful Periods.....	.25
10—	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
11—	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.....	.25
12—	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.....	.25
13—	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
14—	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.....	.25
15—	Whooping-Cough.....	.25
16—	Nervous Debility.....	1.00
17—	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.....	.25
18—	Grip, Hay Fever.....	.25

Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free.
Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price, Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.



"Money Makes the Mare Go."

or the horse either, when any portion of it is put into our light and handsome harness. A horse well dressed for the road with one of ERB'S handsome, strong and well made harness can travel over any kind of a road with no danger of a "give away" in any part. Call and see our large line of high grade light and heavy harness before purchasing elsewhere.

W. H. EBR,



MOTHER! There is no word so full of meaning and about which such tender and holy recollections cluster as that of "MOTHER"—she who watched over our helpless infancy and guided our first tottering step. Yet the life of every Expectant Mother is beset with danger and all effort should be made to avoid it.

Mother's Friend

so assists nature in the change-taking place that the Expectant Mother is enabled to look forward without dread, suffering or gloomy forebodings, to the hour when she experiences the joy of Motherhood. Its use insures safety to the lives of both Mother and Child, and she is found stronger after than before confinement—in short, it "makes Childbirth natural and easy," as so many have said. Don't be persuaded to use anything but

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"My wife suffered more in ten minutes with either of her other two children than she did altogether with her last, having previously used four bottles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a blessing to any one expecting to become a MOTHER," says a customer. HENDERSON DALE, Carmi, Illinois.

Of Druggists at \$1.00, or sent by express on receipt of price. Write for book containing testimonials and valuable information for all Mothers, free. The Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

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Trees should Send to the
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Particularly adapted to planting in the west. We have on hand in our nursery a big stock of Evergreens and Deciduous Trees that we have grown with special care for the western trade. Everything that the Farmer or Tree Planter, or city resident may need for Wind Breaks, Timber Lots or Ornamentation, we can furnish from our extensive nurseries. We pack all our stock in native grown moss that will keep the roots moist and in splendid condition. Everything true to name and first class. Send for our free catalogue and price list.

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Brainerd Machine Shops
7th St. between Front and Laurel.
ST. LOUIS
Electric Lighted and Steam Heated.

A FEAST OF SONG.

At the Congregational Church Next Tuesday Evening by Former Brainerd Ladies.

Lovers of music in this city will have an opportunity to enjoy a rare treat on Tuesday evening next at the Congregational church when a song recital will be given by Mrs. Alice Blossom and Mrs. Bertha Harmon Force, of Minneapolis, both ladies having won distinction throughout the country as musicians of great merit. Their appearance here will be of unusual interest because of the fact that they both resided here for some years, and have many personal friends here who are greatly pleased at their success in the world of music. Mrs. Blossom has visited friends here recently and her great merit as a vocalist is too well known to need mention. Concerning Mrs. Force the Cincinnati Enquirer of a recent date says:

The soloist of the concert, Mme. Bertha Harmon-Force, produced a favorable impression akin to that of the best soloists that ever made their appearance at the "Pops." She has a charm of youth, not only in person, but carries it in her voice. She is as near as possible a pure soprano, of a schooling that makes itself felt in every note she sings. Her intonations are absolute purity and her enunciation is perfect. Then, too, she sings with soul. Her voice has an excellent carrying quality, her conception is musical and her crescendos indicate self control and reserve power. Her first number, Ardit's waltz song, "Se Seran Rose," was a lovely performance—spirited, buoyant and elastic. Her second number, "Air de Salome," from Massenet's Herodiade, showed her musical development in another direction. Mme. Harmon Force responded to two encores, both of them ballads.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Concerning Mrs. Blossom we clip the following:

"Of the half dozen singers who appeared, Mrs. Alice Blossom, of this city, was given the warmest reception and she created a most pleasing impression. She adds to a lovely voice a graceful and gracious bearing, which wins the sympathy at once of her audience. Her voice is of wide range and she uses it with intelligent expression."—Minneapolis Times.

"There will also be a new soprano and a new contralto. Mrs. Alice Blossom, the latter, is a member of the Lorel Club and is greatly sought for as a singer at fashionable musicals."

Another Improvement in Train Service on Nickel Plate road, train No. 6 leaving Van Buren Street Passenger station, Chicago, [on the loop], at 2:55 p. m. daily, for Buffalo and local stations, with Buffalo sleeper. Also New York sleeper via Nickel Plate and Lackawanna roads. Rates always the lowest. The excellent train service to Boston and New York City, with through day coaches and sleeping cars to New York City and through sleeping cars to Boston, and the excellent dining car service, will continue as heretofore.

Notice.
Will all those who have been saying Wool Soap wrappers in behalf of the W. C. T. U. kindly leave same with Mrs. Ed. White, Front street, on or before June 28th, as they have to be forwarded to the temple, Chicago, immediately after that date.
ELLA SMITH, Sec'y.

For Meeting Baptist Young People's Union at Buffalo, N. Y., July 14—17, the Nickel Plate Road will sell tickets at rates lower than via other lines. The accommodations are strictly first class in every particular, and it will be to your advantage to communicate to the General Agent, No. 111 Adams street, Chicago, before purchasing your ticket.

THE 20TH CENTURY TRAINS.
A Brochure Issued on North-Western Limited Service.

The new North-western Limited Twentieth Century Trains, is the title of a handsome brochure just issued by the passenger department of the Omaha road, containing the opinions of the Twin City daily papers about the beauties of the new limited trains to Chicago. The brochure is handsomely printed and illustrated and is a most creditable bit of railroad advertising. After even a hasty perusal of its pages one is seized with the desire to make a trip to the Windy City on one of these two famous trains. Send your address for a copy to T. W. Teasdale, G. P. A., St. Paul, Minn.

One Fare for the Round Trip to Buffalo, N. Y., and return, account Baptist Young People's Union meeting, July 14—17. Rates lower than by the way of other lines. For full information call on or address J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, No. 111 Adams street, Chicago.

A Letter from Georgia.

J. C. Congdon has received the following letter from Ed. Mahan which will be read with interest by many of our readers:

Andersonville, Ga., May 29, 1898.
Dear John—As you will see by the date of this letter I am at old Andersonville prison, having come down here from Fitzgerald with a crew of ten men with tackle to raise a flag pole for the relief corps on the old stockade. The pole is a beauty, 125 feet high, and I have the honor of unfurling old glory on the old prison grounds tomorrow, May 30, at 11 o'clock, and between 40,000 and 50,000 people are expected to be present. I wish you could be here see what Uncle Sam has done in the National cemetery. In it are 1,359 graves and the government has put a marble tombstone at each one and built a six foot brick wall around the grounds, besides making other improvements which beautify the place. The Relief Corps have bought the old stockade and are beautifying it.

I thought I would take a piece of the old stockade (it is getting mighty scarce) and make a gavel of it and send it to Pap Thomas Post or you and you could give it to them if they still meet. You may tell Skip Dean that when we were digging the hole for the flag pole we dug up an old soldier, just some of the bones, some buttons and some of his old blue clothes; they think he was killed and buried by the raiders. I will send Dean one of the buttons later.

I think I will come north in August and if I do I certainly will visit Brainerd, as I expect to go to the Omaha exposition in the interest of the emigration bureau. Give my regards to all enquiring friends.

Edition de Luxe.
Edition de Luxe of Dr. Humphreys' Manual, of all diseases, bound in white and gold. Mailed free upon application. Address the Humphreys' Medicine Company, Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

Card of Thanks.

The committee appointed by the Grand Army Post of this city to prepare for the observance of Memorial Day desires to thank all organizations and individuals who assisted in making the day so successful and such an efficient means of teaching patriotism.

The morning exercises were truly memorial and the old soldiers see that our people have not forgotten the services rendered by the boys of '61. Nor will a patriotic people forget the boys of '98, who have bravely gone forth at the call of their country to battle for suffering humanity. They will form part of the Grand Army of the Republic and their services held in grateful remembrance by a patriotic people.

The committee especially desires to thank the city council for the liberal appropriation made, without which the committee could not have presented so fine a program.

J. A. WILSON,
Chairman Com.

New Train Service to Buffalo.

Nickel Plate Road train No. 6, from the Van Buren Street Passenger station, Chicago [on the loop], 2:45 p. m. daily, with Buffalo Sleeper arriving in that city at 7:40 the following morning. Through New York Sleeper on same train, via Lackawanna road, Buffalo to New York, arriving early next evening. Three through trains daily at convenient hours to Ft. Wayne, Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston. Rates lower than via other lines. City Ticket office 111 Adams street and Auditorium Annex. Telephone Main 3389.

An Army and Navy.
Memorandum book is what you have been wanting. The Northern Pacific has it. It contains a cut of the Maine Map of Cuba, List of U. S. and Spanish naval vessels, Interior drawings of a battleship, illustrations of U. S. and Spanish ships, Glossary of Navy and Army words, table of distances, commanders of U. S. ships and army corps, list of U. S. Regiments and their Commanders and other information very useful and valuable at this time. The book fits the vest pocket and is up-to-date. Send ten cents to Chas. S. Fee, General Passenger Agent, N. P. R. R., St. Paul, Minn., and the book is yours.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of Benson & Bierhaus has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

J. A. BIERHAUS,
I. BENSON.
Brainerd, Minn., May 25, 1898.

Bicycle riders will be interested in the "Biko" advertisement appearing in this issue. Read it.

Leave your order for fire insurance with Jas. R. Smith, Sleeper Block. Companies as good as the best, rates always the lowest possible.

General Repair Shop

T. A. MARTIN, Proprietor.

Constructing and Repairing Bicycles a Specialty.

Bicycle Material, Supplies and Extras of Every Description For Sale.

We do enameling and guarantee our work to be first-class. We also do General Repairing of all descriptions and have the facilities to turn work out in short order, and to your entire satisfaction.

6th St. North, Next Door to Old Roller Rink.

No! it is not claimed that Foley's Honey and Tar will cure CONSUMPTION or ASTHMA in advanced stages, it holds out no such false hopes, but DOES truthfully claim to always give comfort and relief in the very worst cases and in the early stages to effect a cure.

FOR SALE BY M. K. SWARTZ, DRUGGIST.

For Anything in the

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Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST.

We carry the Finest Stock in the Northwest, and Our Goods are always Fresh and "Up-to-Date."

Staple and Fancy Groceries

* FLOUR AND FEED. *

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

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Hardware and Tinware!

Guns and Ammunition.
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Shop and Wagon Work
Promptly Attended to.

Builder's Hardware.
Sash, Doors,
Mouldings, Nails,
Glass, Paper,
Oils, Paint, Varnishes,
Brushes.

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Furnished on Short Notice.

I. U. WHITE, Manager.

Walker Block,
Laurel Street.

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ST. PAUL
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Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.

TIME CARD—BRainerd.

EAST BOUND:

	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 6, St. Paul Express	1:00 p. m.	1:30 p. m.
No. 14, Duluth Express	2:10 a. m.	3:30 a. m.
No. 54, Duluth Freight	10:15 a. m.	11:30 a. m.
No. 58, Duluth Freight	8:35 p. m.	9:40 p. m.

WEST BOUND:

	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 5, Fargo Express	1:20 p. m.	1:40 p. m.
No. 11, Pacific Mail	4:35 p. m.	5:05 p. m.
No. 57, Staples Freight	4:00 p. m.	5:10 p. m.

Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58.
Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.

I. F. & D. BRANCH

	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 12, Little Falls, Hank Center & Morris		6:30 a. m.
No. 11, Morris, Hank Center & Brainerd	5:30 p. m.	
Daily Except Sunday.		

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

THE FROZEN DEEP

A NOVEL BY WILKIE COLLINS.

CHAPTER XIII.—(CONTINUED.)

Earnestly pleading with her friend, Clara advances toward the window. She, too, has suffered under the wasting influences of suspense. Her face has lost its youthful freshness; no delicate flush of color rises on it when she speaks. The soft gray eyes which won Frank's heart in the by-gone time are sadly altered now. In repose they have a dim and weary look. In action they are wild and restless, like eyes suddenly awakened from startling dreams. Robed in white, her soft, brown hair hanging loosely over her shoulders, there is something weird and ghostlike in the girl, as she moves nearer and nearer to the window in the full light of the moon, pleading for music that shall be worthy of the mystery and the beauty of the night.

"Will you come in here if I play to you?" Mrs. Crayford asks. "It is a risk, my love, to be out in the night air."

"No! no! I like it. Play—while I am out here, looking at the sea. It quiets me; it comforts me; it does me good."

She glides back, ghostlike, over the lawn. Mrs. Crayford rises and puts down the volume that she has been reading. It is a record of explorations in the Arctic seas. The time has gone by when the two lonely women could take an interest in subjects not connected with their own anxieties. Now, when hope is fast falling from them, when their last news of the Wanderer and the Sea-Mew is news that is more than two years old—they can read of nothing, but dangers and discoveries, losses and rescues, in the terrible Polar seas.

Unwillingly, Mrs. Crayford puts her book aside and goes to the piano—Mozart's "Air in A, with Variations," lies open on the instrument. One after another she plays the lovely melodies, so simply, so purely beautiful, of that unpretending and unrivalled work. At the close of the ninth variation (Clara's favorite) she pauses, and turns toward the garden.

"Shall I stop there?" she asks. There is no answer. Has Clara wandered away out of hearing of the music that she loves—the music that harmonizes so subtly with the tender beauty of the night? Mrs. Crayford rises and advances to the window.

No! there is the white figure standing alone on the slope of the lawn—the head turned away from the house; the face looking out over the calm sea, whose gently rippling waters end in the dim line on the horizon, which is the line of the Hampshire coast.

Mrs. Crayford advances as far as the path before the window and calls to her. "Clara!"

Again there is no answer. The white figure still stands immovably in its place. With signs of distress in her face, but with no appearance of alarm, Mrs. Crayford returns to the room. Her own sad experience tells her what has happened. She summons the servants, and directs them to wait in the drawing room until she calls to them. This done, she returns to the garden, and approaches the mysterious figure on the lawn.

Dead to the outer world, as if she lay already in her grave—insensible to touch, insensible to sound, motionless as stone, cold as stone—Clara stands on the moonlit lawn, facing the seaward view. Mrs. Crayford waits at her side, patiently watching for the change which she knows is to come. "Catalepsy," as some call it—"hysteria," as others say—this alone is certain, the same interval always passes; the same change always appears.

It comes now. Not a change in her eyes; they still remain wide open, fixed and glassy. The first movement is a movement of her hands. They rise slowly from her side, and waver in the air like the hands of a person groping in the dark. Another interval—and the movement spreads to her lips; they part and tremble. A few minutes more, and words begin to drop, one by one, from those parted lips—words spoken in a lost, vacant tone, as if she is talking in her sleep.

Mrs. Crayford looks back at the house. Sad experience makes her suspicious of the servants' curiosity. Sad experience has long since warned her that the servants are not to be trusted within hearing of the wild words which Clara speaks in the trance. Has any one of them ventured into the garden? No. They are out of hearing at the window, waiting for the signal which tells them that their help is needed.

Turning toward Clara once more, Mrs. Crayford hears the vacantly-uttered words falling faster and faster from her lips.

"Frank! Frank! Frank! Don't drop behind—don't trust Richard Wardour. While you can stand, keep with the other men, Frank!"

(The farewell warning of Crayford in the solitude of the Frozen Deep, repeated by Clara in the garden of her English home.)

A moment of silence follows, and in that moment the vision has changed. She sees him on the iceberg now, at the mercy of the bitter enemy he has on earth. She sees him drifting, over the black water, through the ashy

"Wake, Frank; wake and defend yourself! Richard Wardour knows that I love you. Richard Wardour's vengeance will take your life! Wake, Frank—wake! You are drifting to your death!" A low groan of horror burst from her, sinister and terrible to hear. "Drifting! drifting!" she whispers to herself; "drifting to his death!" Her glassy eyes suddenly soften, then close. A long shudder runs through her. A faint flush shows itself on the deadly pallor of her face, and fades again. Her limbs fall her. She sinks into Mrs. Crayford's arms.

The servants, answering the call for help, carry her into the house. They lay her insensible on her bed. After an hour or more, her eyes open again—this time with the light of life in them—open, and rest languidly on her friend sitting by the bedside.

"I have had a dreadful dream," she murmurs faintly. "Am I ill, Lucy? I feel so weak."

Even as she says the words, sleep, gentle, natural sleep, takes her suddenly, as it takes young children weary with their play. Though it is all over now, though no further watching is required, Mrs. Crayford still keeps her place by the bedside, too anxious and too wakeful to retire to her own room.

On other occasions, she is accustomed to dismiss from her mind the words which drop from Clara in the trance. This time the effort to dismiss them is beyond her power. The words haunt her. Vainly she recalls to memory all that the doctors have said to her in speaking of Clara in the state of trance. "What she vaguely dreams for the lost man whom she loves, is mingled in her mind with what she is constantly reading of trials, dangers and escapes in the Arctic seas. The most startling things that she may say or do are all attributable to this cause, and may be explained in this way." So the doctors have spoken, and thus, far, Mrs. Crayford has shared their view. It is only to-night that the girl's words ring in her ear with a strange prophetic sound in them. It is only to-night that she asks herself: "Is Clara present, in the spirit, with our loved and lost ones in the lonely North? Can mortal vision see the dead and living in the solitudes of the Frozen Deep?"

CHAPTER XIV.

HE night has passed. Far and near the garden—view looked its gayest and brightest in the light of the noonday sun. The cheering sounds which tell of life and action were audible all round the villa. From the garden of the nearest house rose the voices of children at play. Along the road at the back sounded the roll of wheels, as carts and carriages passed at intervals. Out on the blue sea the distant splash of the paddles, the distant thump of the engines, told from time to time of the passage of steamers, entering or leaving the strait between the island and the mainland. In the trees the birds sang gayly among the rustling leaves. In the house the women servants were laughing over some jest or story that cheered them at their work. It was a lively and pleasant time—a bright enjoyable day.

The two ladies were out together, resting on a garden seat, after a walk round the grounds. They exchanged a few trivial words relating to the beauty of the day, and then said no more. Possessing the same consciousness of what she had seen in the trance which persons in general possess of what they have seen in a dream—believing in the vision as a supernatural revelation—Clara's forebodings were now, to her mind, realized as truths. Her last faint hope of ever seeing Frank again was now at an end. Intimate experience of her told Mrs. Crayford what was passing in Clara's mind, and warned her that the attempt to reason and remonstrate would be little better than a voluntary waste of words and time. The disposition which she had herself felt, on the previous night, to attach a superstitious importance to the words that Clara had spoken in the trance had vanished with the return of the morning. Rest and reflection had quieted her mind and had restored the composing influence of her sober sense. Sympathizing with Clara in all besides, she had no sympathy, as they sat together in the pleasant sunshine, with Clara's gloomy despair of the future. She who could still hope had nothing to say to the sad companion who had done with hope. So the quiet minutes succeeded each other, and the two friends sat side by side in silence.

An hour passed—and the gate-bell of the villa rang. They both started—they both knew the ring. It was the hour when the postman brought their newspapers from London. In past days, what hundreds on hundreds of times they had torn off the cover which enclosed the newspaper and looked at the same column with the same weary mingling of hope and despair. There to-day—as it was yester-

day; as it would be, if they lived, tomorrow—there was the servant with Lucy's newspaper and Clara's newspaper in his hand! Would both of them do again to-day what both of them had done so often in the days that were gone?

No! Mrs. Crayford removed the cover from her newspaper as usual. Clara laid her newspaper aside unopened, on the garden seat.

In silence Mrs. Crayford looked where she always looked, at the column devoted to the latest intelligence from foreign parts. The instant her eye fell on the page she started with a loud cry of joy. The newspaper fell from her trembling hand. She caught Clara in her arms. "Oh, my darling! my darling! news of them at last!"

Without answering, without the slightest change in look or manner, Clara took the newspaper from the ground and read the top line in the column, printed in capital letters.

THE ARCTIC EXPEDITION.

She waited and looked at Mrs. Crayford. "Can you bear it, Lucy?" she asked, "if I read it aloud?"

Mrs. Crayford was too agitated to answer in words. She signed impatiently to Clara to go on. Clara read the news which followed the heading in capital letters. Thus it ran:

"The following intelligence from St. John's, Newfoundland, has reached us for publication: The whaling vessel Blythwood is reported to have met with the surviving officers and men of the Expedition in Davis Strait. Many are stated to be dead, and some are supposed to be missing. The list of the saved, as collected by the people of the whaler, is not vouched for as being absolutely correct, the circumstances having been adverse to investigation. The vessel was pressed for time, and the members of the Expedition, all more or less suffering from exhaustion, were not in a position to give the necessary assistance to inquiry. Further particulars may be looked for in the next mail."

The list of the survivors followed, beginning with the officers in the order of their rank. They both read the list together. The first name was Captain Holding. The second was Lieutenant Crayford.

There the wife's joy overpowered her. After a pause, she put her arm round Clara's waist, and spoke to her. "Oh, my love," she murmured, "are you as happy as I am? Is Frank's name there, too? The tears are in my eyes. Read for me—I can't read for myself."

The answer came, in still, sad tones: "I have read as far as your husband's name. I have no need to read further."

Mrs. Crayford dashed the tears from her eyes, steadied herself and looked at the newspaper.

On the list of survivors the search was in vain. Frank's name was not among them. On a second list, headed "Dead or Missing," the two first names that appeared were: Francis Aldersley, Richard Wardour.

In speechless distress and dismay Mrs. Crayford looked at Clara. Had she strength enough, in her feeble health, to sustain the shock that had fallen on her? Yes! She bore it with a strange unnatural resignation; she looked, she spoke, with the sad self-possession of despair.

"I was prepared for it," she said. "I saw them in the spirit last night. Richard Wardour has discovered the truth, and Frank has paid the penalty with his life—and I, I alone am to blame." She shuddered, and put her hand on her heart. "We shall not long be parted, Lucy; I shall go to him. He will not return to me."

Those words were spoken with a calm certainty of conviction that was terrible to see. "I have no more to say," she added, after a moment, and rose to return to the house. Mrs. Crayford caught her by the hand, and forced her to take her seat again.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

BRIDE'S SENSIBLE TROUSSEAU

Clothe: Should Be Chosen Suitable to Her Position in Life.

Isabel A. Mallon writes of "A Bride's Moderate Trousseau" in the Ladies' Home Journal. "The girl who has a fortune at her command needs no suggestions," she says, "but the girl who has to think out the wisdom of every dollar spent on her trousseau is the one who asks for advice. Taking it or granted, then, that you will live a more or less social life, having your day at home and visiting your friends, and going occasionally to hear good music, you can decide exactly what you will need. First of all, freshen all the gowns you possess, then you know their possibilities; then I would advise one handsome silk dress, combined, perhaps, with velvet, and having, to go with it, two bodices—one for wear when you are visiting, the other to be used when wool dress for street wear; if required, have one simple, but smart looking wool dress for street wear; if required, you might better omit your visiting costume than this. A black skirt, either of moire, silk or satin, will be useful, since with it there can be worn any number of elaborate bodices. Then you will want, also, a comfortable wrapper, to wear in no place except in your own room; two pretty, well fitting house dresses; a coat suited to the season; a wrap that is a little more elaborate, if you can afford it; but do not make the mistake, so often made, of buying clothes that are not suited to your position in life, or what is equally as bad, of buying such an elaborate wardrobe that it will go out of fashion."

With most people nothing is so firmly believed as that which is least known.—Mentaigne.

The human heart refuses to believe in a universe without a purport.—Immanuel Kant.

TWELFTH MINN REGIMENT

CHEERED BY THE RECEIPT OF "GOODIES" FROM HOME.

Thanks to Gov. Clough and the Red Cross for Thoughtful Attention to the Needs of the Volunteers Dragging Through the Tedium of Camp Life—Col. McCoy Fully Satisfied With the Growing Efficiency of the Regiment—Brief Personal Statements.

Camp George H. Thomas, Ga., Special Correspondence.—Brigadier Gen. John A. Wiley has arrived at camp and assumed the command of the Third division of the First army corps. This division consists of three brigades, commanded in order by Col. Joseph Bolester, of the Twelfth Minnesota; Col. Pew, Eighth Massachusetts; and Col. Dougherty, of the Ninth Pennsylvania. The First brigade consists of the Twelfth Minnesota, Lieut. Col. McCoy; Fifth Pennsylvania, Col. Burchfield, and First South Carolina, Col. Alsten. The Eighth Massachusetts, Twenty-first Kansas, Col. Fitch; and Twelfth New York, Col. Leonard, comprise the Second brigade. The Third brigade is made up of the Ninth Pennsylvania, Second Missouri, Col. Coffey, and the First New Hampshire, Col. Rolfe. Col. McCoy is well pleased with the improvement of the Twelfth Minnesota. The colonel is very desirous that his regiment shall excel every other one in the division and to this end he is untiring in his efforts to get every officer and man to do his best. He asserts that when the regiment goes to bed at night there is a marked improvement in the execution of military maneuvers and the performance of routine duties since the morning reveille. He was visibly depressed this morning by the death of a volunteer, that the Twelfth Minnesota was not with the volunteers who have sailed to Cuba; second, that his visible assets are a key, some matches, a gun screw-driver and 41 cents. It is not much of a gun screw-driver either. I am afraid the colonel was having fun with the chaplain, though the colonel was not taking a collection. The colonel is feeling well and in splendid health.

Most of the officers and men had the idea that pay day came at the end of every month and provided themselves accordingly, but have just learned that Uncle Sam's money is not so plentiful as somewhat inconvenient. Some of the men who are thrifty are loaning money to their comrades at somewhat excessive rates of interest. Jacob would always make use of Esau's necessities to secure his birthright.

Maj. J. D. Griffith, Kansas City, arrived to-day, and assumed the duties of the chief surgeon of the Third division, First army corps. Maj. T. C. Clark, surgeon, Twelfth Minnesota, was relieved from duty as acting chief surgeon of the Third division and was assigned to the division hospital as surgeon-in-charge. This hospital will be opened Friday morning, and its tents are arranged in the form of a Roman cross, with accommodations for seventy-five patients.

Thanks to Gov. Clough.

Maj. Clark wishes to state that the prompt and energetic means taken by the Red Cross societies of Minnesota and other friends have liberally provided for the present necessities of the Twelfth Minnesota and on behalf of the regiment he wishes to return heartfelt thanks to Gov. Clough for the very liberal equipment and medical supplies received and to all friends who have contributed to the comfort of the men in camp. Maj. Clark also states that all supplies for the comfort of the sick in this command be sent to him and he will receipt and account for same.

Maj. Whitney is not to return to Minnesota on recruiting duty and he is not very sorry either. He is very proud of his battalion and when the battalion was executing the other day at drill "right front into line, double time," the men were highly complimented by Col. Burchfield and thirty-five officers. The major was honored by being appointed by division headquarters to escort the First South Carolina from Lytle to their destined camping place.

Lieut. P. L. Smith is not only the adjutant of the Second battalion but he is also commissary of the regiment. All the food supplies of the regiment are received and issued by him and to get supplies from Lytle keeps him on the way from here to Lytle most of the time early and late. To feed the regiment of 1,000 men for one day takes 257 loaves of bread; 100 bushels of potatoes or 100 cans of tomatoes; or seventy bushels of potatoes and thirty bushels of onions; 850 pounds fresh meat; 100 pounds green coffee; 150 pounds beans or 100 pounds of rice. Of the 257 loaves of fresh bread daily issued but 180 loaves are called for and so it can easily be seen that Lieut. Smith is not letting the men of the regiment starve.

Chief Musician John Safranek is bringing the band into an excellent condition and rapid improvement has been made. The band gives a concert every evening after retreat, which is greatly enjoyed.

Officers' Wives. The wives of Capt. Edwards, Quartermaster John Lind and Adjutant Vogel are at the park and stopping with a Georgia farmer just across Alexander's bridge. It is a pleasure to see them in camp. Mrs. Edwards played the organ at last Sunday's service and her presence at the organ reminded the men of church at home.

Frank Hubbard, of G. belonging to the hospital corps, was prostrated with the heat on Wednesday afternoon and was partially unconscious for a time. He is much better.

Lieut. A. C. Page is ordnance officer and has the work of receiving and issuing to the men all guns and accoutrements. A number of guns have been condemned and new ones will be issued in their stead. This and the recruiting of new men will probably keep the regiment here for some time yet.

L. Lanning is the new cook for Company C. They have been having a banker, who is a member of the company, do their cooking, but they had to change. The banker is better at figuring discounts than frying hardtack.

There are two stores in Company C for the sale of things not furnished by the government. Quartermaster G. Flynn has charge of one of these stores and H. E. Canfield and F. K. Killam of the other. Quartermaster Sergeants C. E. Ellis and J. G. Flynn and First Sergeant L. A.

New Company of Engineers.

Sloux City, Iowa, Special, June 12.—A. H. Weber, of the United States engineer corps, will begin the organization Tuesday of a company of engineers for the Spanish war. Mr. Weber received authority from Col. Willard Young, of the volunteer engineers. He has long acted as assistant to Capt. Sanford, of the government engineers' office here and has had charge under the latter of the Yankton, S. D., office of the Missouri river. He will establish headquarters at Omaha.

Benner went to Chattanooga on Wednesday to exchange a surplus of flour, bacon and vinegar for more palatable rations. Company D of Fairmont has received \$20 from home and a box of delicacies for the sick. Watson Gould, of this company, found a cousin in the fifty-second Iowa.

T. Adney Gladden, of Company E, and William Mitchell, of M, have been in the hospital for two weeks with inflamed eyes. They will soon be able to leave.

John Clark, of Battery A, St. Paul, has arrived in camp, coming all the way at his own expense, determined to join the army. He will be mustered in M.

Maj. Wright is field officer of the day for the brigade; Capt. L. S. Galien, of the day; Lieut. G. T. Daly, commander of the guard, and Lieut. L. Brusk, supernumerary officer of the guard to-day. Company D, Lieut. W. R. Boyce commanding, is on guard to-day at Alexander's bridge guarding the spring there and the adjacent plantation of Col. Gordon. The springs here from which the regiments draw water are guarded to prevent depletion and to preserve order among men getting water.

W. T. Norton is the wagon master of the regiment. He has charge of the wagons, teamsters and mules, and is in charge of the quartermaster. He is a civilian and has his home in Amboy, Minn. The man who can hold in subjection sixty mules ought to be able to lead an army.

Dr. W. H. Rowe and the chaplains visited Lookout mountain on Wednesday. They went up one incline and down the other, and saw seven states in the distance, but no state equal to the state of perspiration and dust they were in. Thermometer 103 degrees in the shade to-day.

—E. C. Clemans, Chaplain, Twelfth Minn.

WITH THE FOURTEENTH.

Improved Condition of the Men From the Sanitary Standpoint.

Camp Thomas, Special Correspondence.—The general health of the companies of the Twelfth Minnesota has improved for a long time. The boys are becoming acclimated, evidently, and are learning to take proper care of themselves. The food is better, too, the fresh meat ration almost entirely supplanting pork and bacon. Speaking of the latter fact, it is better to-day than it was yesterday, natives of this state consume. One would think that in a country so hot as this, the less fat one would eat the better it would be for him, and that no stomach would crave it. But the resident's stomach is constructed on a wonderful plan and he absorbs bacon and salt pork with the gusto of an Eskimo. However, their refusal to recognize the common laws of hygiene may account for the feeling of lassitude which seems to overwhelm almost every one here.

The first battalion, which was vaccinated first, is showing more men in the ranks than the second. The companies which got the worst of the vaccination, to-day have only seven men on the sick list, and none of the cases are serious.

Orders were issued to-day forbidding the use of water from the pipes for bathing purposes. We had a nice shower of rain last night and the water in the pipes is washed and watered in it, it is not a very desirable place for us to practice the virtue placed next to godliness. And de we need a bath? One look at us would answer the question. There is no sod in the park and where the ground is not strewn with rocks, the earth beneath is red as yellow clay. To the depth of two inches it is like ashes, and a perfect cloud envelops the marching troops. At night when we retire from drill our faces are furrowed with all sorts of grotesque ditches caused by the erosion of the streams of sweat through the coating of dust. The mud and the mud coating of the face is washed and watered in it, it is not a very desirable place for us to practice the virtue placed next to godliness. And de we need a bath? One look at us would answer the question. 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THESE SHIPS ARE FOR WAR

Non-Combatant Vessels That Serve the Men-of-War as Floating Hospitals, Helpers, etc.—Are Never Fired Upon.

The finest of our fighting ships, with all their boasted self-sufficiency, their manifold mechanism, and their complex provisions against accident or mishap, are really helpless creations the moment their coal supplies become exhausted. Nothing could be more pathetically distressed than a great battleship wallowing aimlessly in a seaway, her power of offense intact but paralyzed, like her great body, for want of energy or its correlative, coal; her great eyes blind for want of electrical force; her lungs fouled by tainted air because of her halted blowers; her whole body either feverish or chilled, as the weather dictated, for want of circulation or proper respiration; and her complement athirst for need of enough heat to transform that tantalizing sea water into drink. Such a thing is distinctly possible, and it is against even the slightest approach to a like condition that we have taken ample means to provide.

The modern, heavy fighting craft carries between eighty and ninety engines of various sorts, aside from those directly occupied in propelling the ship; and, under normal circumstances, it is quite safe to say that at least fifteen or twenty per cent of all steam generated is taken up in their service. Most of them are vital to the fighting efficiency of the vessel; but there are a few of them, such, for instance, as the engineers' workshop, the distillers, and the refrigerating plant, which may be termed auxiliaries of secondary importance; and it is the purpose of the government to run these accessories on half-time, so to speak, and to leave just that much more energy for other more needful purposes. To this end, we have fitted up the repair ship, the distiller ship, and the refrigerator ship, while to the colliers has been relegated the common service of supplying coal to all craft distant from ready bases of supply, and the engineer-in-chief has done his utmost to make them capable.

The Repair Ship.

The repair ship, fittingly named the Vulcan, was the well-known steamer Chatham, of the Merchant and Miners' line, between Baltimore and Boston. Into the ship has been placed something like eighty tons of tools and machinery, and today the vessel is a veritable floating workshop. There are plate bending rolls, and punching and shearing machines that can bite right through an inch of solid steel. There are lathes for turning castings of considerable size, and planers, drills and milling machines of compass enough to meet almost any need short of that demanded in the complete reconstruction of a large engine. There are pipe cutters, bolt cutters, forges and grinders; and there is a good-sized cupola for the melting of sufficient metal to make a pretty heavy casting. There are a number of blowers to supply the several forges and to draw foul air from between decks and to send it skyward through the red-mouthed ventilators above. There are also evaporators and distillers of a capacity equal to a daily output of quite 10,000 gallons of potable water—several times more than the needs of the Vulcan could demand. A supplemental electric plant has given excellent lighting facilities through the ship, but principally in the workshops on what is termed the third deck.

The purpose of this craft is manifest. She is to follow in the wake of a fleet—her great coal capacity giving her a wide radius of action, and she is to supply fresh water to the other vessels and to make then and there all possible repairs which might otherwise take the ships miles and miles away to some naval station.

A broken spindle might render helpless two great guns; but a few hours' work on the Vulcan would remedy the trouble; and even less time might place the engines of one of our torpedo boats in trim after a considerable break. At the close of an engagement, the wounded vessels could hasten to her or she to them, and such work then be done as to place them back in the line of battle, once more a formidable menace to the foe.

The mission and the usefulness of such a craft can not be overestimated, when every pound of coal must tell its tale of work well done in our defense. It is a very modern adaptation of that wise saw, "A stitch in time saves nine," and a typical instance of the great value of a traveling base of repairs.

The Distiller Ship.

The distiller ship, now named the Iris, was the British steamer Menemsha. Unlike the Vulcan, the Iris will make no repairs, but will be devoted solely to converting the ocean's brine into drinking water; and to this end, she will carry a very large supply of coal and will have four up-to-date distillers of considerable capacity. These distillers or evaporators will each consist of three elements like the modern triple expansion engine, and are intended to utilize the steam with the

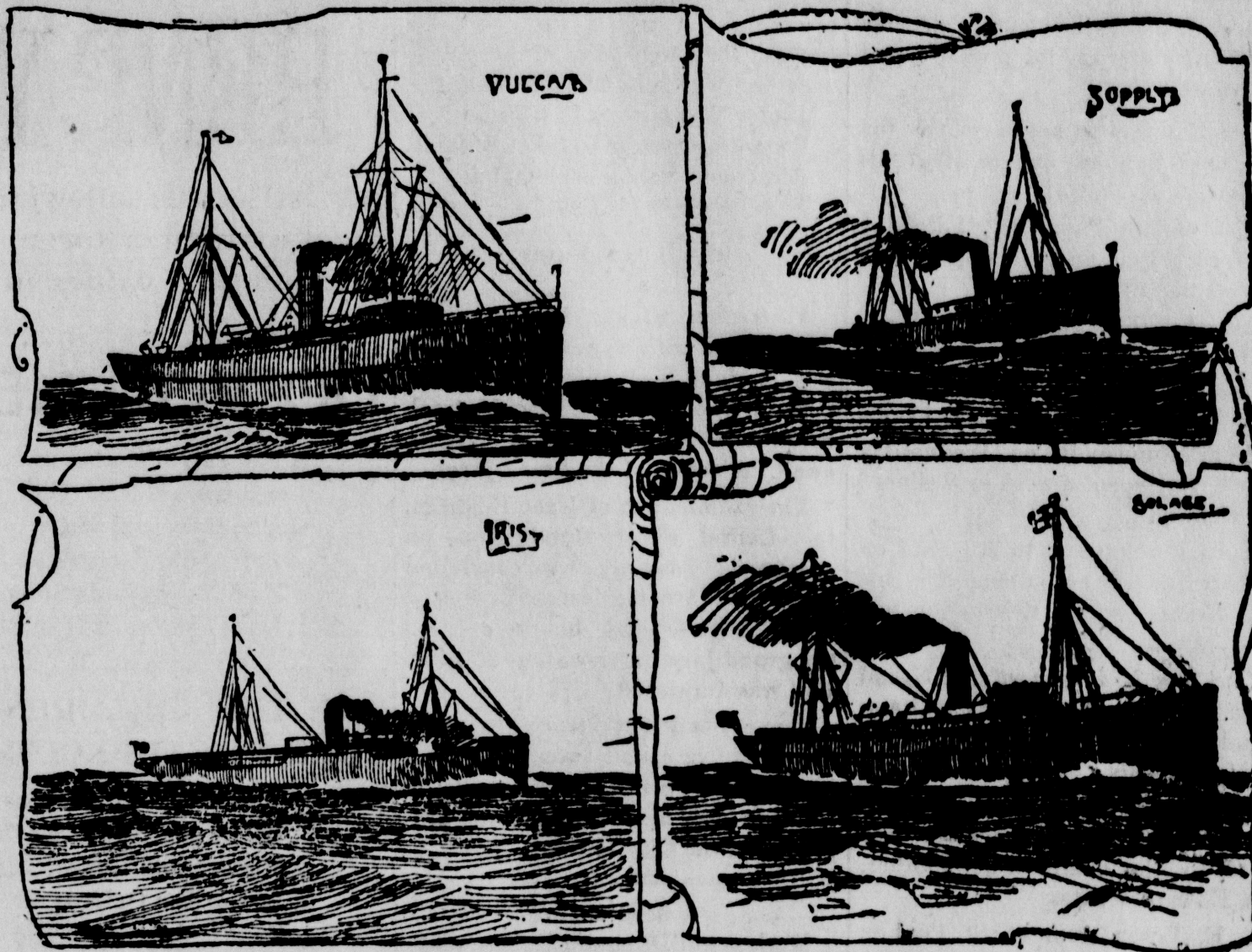
making good the loss of fresh water consumed by the boilers, that the use of salt water must be obviated and the formation of a troublesome scale of salt—difficult to reach—may be guarded against in the ship's boilers proper. The hygienic value of sufficient fresh water can not be overestimated when the rigors of warfare are aggravated by the close confinement of shipboard in the tropics; and it may even be the purpose of this vessel to lend its bounty to the military branch of the service. Poisoned wells and tainted streams need not be feared under such circumstances; they can be avoided.

The Refrigerator Ship.

The refrigerator ship Supply, formerly the Illinois, of the American line, will be used as a traveling base of fresh provisions; and the tax on the refrigerating plants of the fighting ships will be eased to just that extent. The Illinois was originally built for a passenger ship, but was later relegated to the transportation of cattle and beef to England, still as an adjunct to the American line. In that capacity she necessarily had an extensive system of cold storage, and this has readily adapted the vessel to our present needs. She will carry tons of ice and fresh provisions of all kinds—but especially of a vegetable nature—the surest safeguard against disease in the tropics, and with her extensive coal capacity, her own distilling plant, and her ample burden, she will prove an exceedingly efficient part of the fleet. The government is

much emphasized by the record of every war. As far as possible, the Solace has been made to meet the more pressing needs of the service for which she has been called into requisition, but she is not that perfect craft suggested by Surgeon-Gen. Van Rye and carefully planned by the chief constructor. There is one commodious elevator into which the sick and wounded will be carried from either side, and then raised or lowered either to the large, airy operating room, or to the deck on which they are to be housed. The stateroom accommodations already in the craft have been readily adapted to hospital uses, and there is ample room between decks for additional cots. The convalescents will be carried above, where they can be in the fresh air while under the sheltering cover of wide-spread awnings. Steam cutters and large barges will facilitate the easy transportation of the injured and sick, and a well-known apparatus peculiar to our service will lift them from the boats and swing them inboard and onto the rolling cots that carry them to their immediate destination. Everything has been done to contribute to the efficiency of the vessel and the comfort and convenience of all on board, and there is every just reason to believe she will prove herself invaluable from the common point of view of hygienics and humanity—for a fighting ship is a cruel place for sick or wounded after a heavy engagement.

Although all these vessels will strict-



SOME NON-COMBATANT SHIPS OF THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR.

most economical expenditure demanded in the output of a total supply daily of at least 60,000 gallons of thoroughly palatable drinking water.

The operation is simple. Each of the evaporators consists of a cylindrical steel boiler containing a coil of piping surrounded by cold sea water. The steam is supplied to the first coil directly from the ship's boilers. That steam raises the sea water to the boiling point and gradually evaporates it in that way. The steam thus generated in conjunction with such of the original steam not condensed in the first coil in the operation, passes into the coil of the second evaporator, repeating the operation in connection with the sea water there, and finally merging with the steam raised from the salt water in the third evaporator and passing together into the condenser. The condensation from the first two coils is caught by traps and carried off to the tanks. In this way the latent heat from the first steam from the boiler is economically absorbed by the three stages of salt water, and a higher percentage of performance is attained than is possible in a single-element evaporator. After condensation the water is carefully aerated and the result is a thoroughly palatable water devoid of that flatness generally characteristic of condensed sea water.

A sediment of salt—the residue of the ocean brine—gradually forms upon the coils of the distillers, and these evaporators are so arranged that this scale can be readily removed. On the other ships their distillers will be worked as far as possible only to the extent of

making provisions for one or two more vessels of the same sort.

The Colliers.

The colliers explain themselves, and, being boats of fair speed and great carrying capacity, will form the principal supply links between our fighting craft and our base of supply. As carefully as our coal will be used, still hundreds upon hundreds of tons of it will be used daily to keep the ships always ready for instant service and prepared to meet the enemy at any moment; and the safe conduct of their precious ebullient burdens will be a matter often demanding good, cool judgment and no mean skill on the part of their commanders. In war time, and sore pressed as Spain is, coal is worth its weight in gold, and a collier will prove a nugget worthy of a good, stiff chase and a moderate tussle, and the captain that can dodge such a foe and run his cargo safely into the intended haven will be doing just as much good, perhaps, as the skipper that sinks a foe.

The Ambulance Ship.

The ambulance ship is the naval sister of mercy, and will minister wholly to the sick and wounded of our officers and seamen, or, if needed be, the stricken of our army of occupation as well.

The Solace, formerly the Creole, of the Cromwell line, has already begun, perhaps, the duty for which she was hastily prepared; and what it means to transport comfortably and hastily the wounded from the feverish tropics to some more temperate haven beyond the boom of guns and beyond the exciting reach of war's alarms is a boon very

ly avoid the enemy, still, in their way, they are just as vital to our success as those that take their places in the line and bear the brunt of battle; and any man might be proud of the duty entrusted him in their command.

R. G. SKERRETT.

Exports and Imports.

The exports of merchandise for the month of April aggregated \$99,426,460, an increase of \$21,177,674 as compared with the same month last year and for the ten months ended April 30, \$1,025,426,681, an increase of \$125,497,435 compared with a similar period of 1897. The imports of merchandise for April were \$55,923,658, a decrease of \$45,398,748 compared with April of last year, and for the ten months ended April 30, \$511,187,186, a decrease of \$89,008,058 compared with the same period of 1897.

RECENT INVENTIONS.

To prevent the slipping of wheels of electric cars on grades a pair of supplemental rails is placed inside the main rails, with grooves cut crosswise in their surface, to engage toothed wheels mounted on the shaft.

Dressmakers will appreciate a new sewing machine attachment, consisting of a U-shaped frame attached to the back of the table to support a cloth basket, which prevents the work from pulling or getting on the floor.

Wires can be easily spliced by a new pair of pliers, one jaw having a slot for the passage of the main wire, while the other jaw has a slotted ear through which the second wire slides to wind it around the first wire as the pliers are revolved.

To relieve the sudden pull of winds on swinging signs, etc., a new hanger is formed of an outer casing to screw into the board, with a coiled spring inside to support a central rod having an eye at the outer end for attachment to the building.

Blank gun cartridges can be used in a recently patented burglar alarm, which has a metal barrel to be attached to the door by a screw, with a sliding yoke actuated by a V-shaped spring to strike the cartridge as soon as the door is pushed open.

Aluminium balls are coming into use in England for golf, tennis, cricket and billiards, the metal being alloyed to make it hard, or the balls can be formed with an aluminium core and a harder metal covering of the right thickness to give the ball proper weight.

The shower that spoils a woman's new bonnet is a rain of terror.

True friendship between women is a matter of doubt to most men.

Why, Certainly?

"I suppose you think your death would shake the earth?"
"No; but I'll shake the earth when it happens."—Indianapolis Journal.

Can Our Coast Be Blockaded?

If confidence can be felt in the opinion of military and naval officers at the seat of government, such is the extent of our sea coast that to blockade it effectually seems impossible. When a blockade of the bowels exists, relieve it with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which also cures indigestion, malaria, rheumatism and kidney trouble, bile.

An Impediment.

Softly—Yes, I was b-b-born with a s-s-silver s-spoon in my m-m-m-mouth.
Kitty—O, Mr. Softly, is that why you stutter?—London Punch.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets Clean Blood Purifier cleans your blood and keeps it clean by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. It gets to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for 10 cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

Miss Prude—Could you imagine anything more detestable than flattery?
Miss Belle—Yes; having to live in a world without any.—Brooklyn Life.

An Instance.

May—Miss Passany has some peculiar opinions.
Bertha—Yes; I think she is the only one who considers it singular that she should be single.—Puck.

We Pay Expenses

and liberal commissions, refund the cash for all goods not giving the consumer satisfaction. Long terms of credit. First-class scheme. Salesmen wanted. No bond required. Sales made from photographs. We guarantee \$50.00 per month on mail orders. Address with stamp, Brenard Mfg. Co., Iowa City, Iowa.

His Way.

Sally Gay—Jack Huggins is a very ardent lover, isn't he?
Dolly Swift—Yes; he's a regular jigger in his love-making.—Puck.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

There is no secret of success in business. All you have to do is to attend to your business and go ahead.—Cornelius Vanderbilt.

A bath with CORMO BUTTERMILK SOAP, exquisitely scented, is soothing and beneficial. Sold everywhere.

Used to the hotel business—the register.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic cure constipation forever, 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Looks blue and has brass—the policeman.

A FAMILY FAILING.

The struggle with Heredity.

The Right Side of the Color Line.

To heredity, to the transmission of traits from sire to son, we owe most of the possibilities of growth and development. If each newly born being started out anew, without the force of heredity the level of life might be expected to be that of the digger Indian or Bushman. Naturally had traits descended like the good, peculiarities of feature, eccentricities of speech and manner, birth marks, etc., are handed down just as surely as manual dexterity, physical beauty, mathematical ability, and the mental and moral qualities in general. A curious example of this descent of family traits is furnished by Mrs. Maggie Pickett, Canton, Ga., in whose family gray hair was hereditary. She writes:

"Gray hair is hereditary in our family. As long as I can recollect, my mother's hair has been gray. About twelve years ago, my hair began to show signs of turning, I resolved to try Ayer's Hair Vigor, and after using it only a few times, my hair was restored to its natural color. I still use this dressing occasionally, a bottle lasting me quite a while; and though over forty years of age, my hair retains its youthful color and fullness. To all who have faded and gray hair, I would heartily recommend Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor."—Mrs. MAGGIE PICKETT, Canton, Ga.

"About three years ago, my head became full of dandruff, which caused great annoyance; after a time the hair began falling out. The use of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Hair Vigor stopped the hair from falling out, and made the scalp clean and healthy."—Mrs. C. M. AYRES, Mount Airy, Ga.

Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor is noted as a dressing. It is used every day by thousands whose chief claim to beauty rests on beautiful hair. Send for Dr. Ayer's Curebook, a story of cures told by the cured. Free. Address the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

"IRONING MADE EASY."



This starch is prepared on scientific principles by men who have had years of practical experience in fancy laundering. It restores old linen and summer dresses to their natural whiteness and imparts a beautiful and lasting finish. It is the only starch manufactured that is perfectly harmless, containing neither arsenic, alum or any other substance injurious to linen and can be used even for a baby powder.

For Sale by All Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

"WHERE DIRTY GATHERS, WASTE RULES."

GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

SAPOLIO

Our Agents are Making
\$62.00 to \$83.00 Per Week
Selling the
Copical Bible.

"The Book of the Century," "The Only Book of its Kind," "The Most Wonderful Book of the Age," "A Book of Priceless Value," are the expressions that come pouring in concerning it. Ministers, Lawyers, Physicians, Professors and Teachers, Sunday School Teachers, Students and parents all say that it is indispensable. Christian workers in all organizations are delighted with it. Just Published. Having an Unprecedented Sale. Sold only by subscription. Exclusive territory. Permanent and profitable business for good workers. Send for descriptive circular and terms, or if you want choice of territory send \$1 at once for outfit.

INTERNATIONAL BIBLE AGENCY, D. 100, 150 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

A better Scale for less money than has ever been offered. Address: J. H. Binghamton, Binghamton, N. Y.

SALESMEN WANTED. Do you wish a paying and pleasant job? We want salesmen all over the Northwest. These plans: Pay weekly. Write at once for terms. The largest Nursery in the West. THE JEWEL NURSERY CO., Lake City, Minn.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 day treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S DISPENSARY, 25 N. W. U. 25-1898.

Lazy Liver

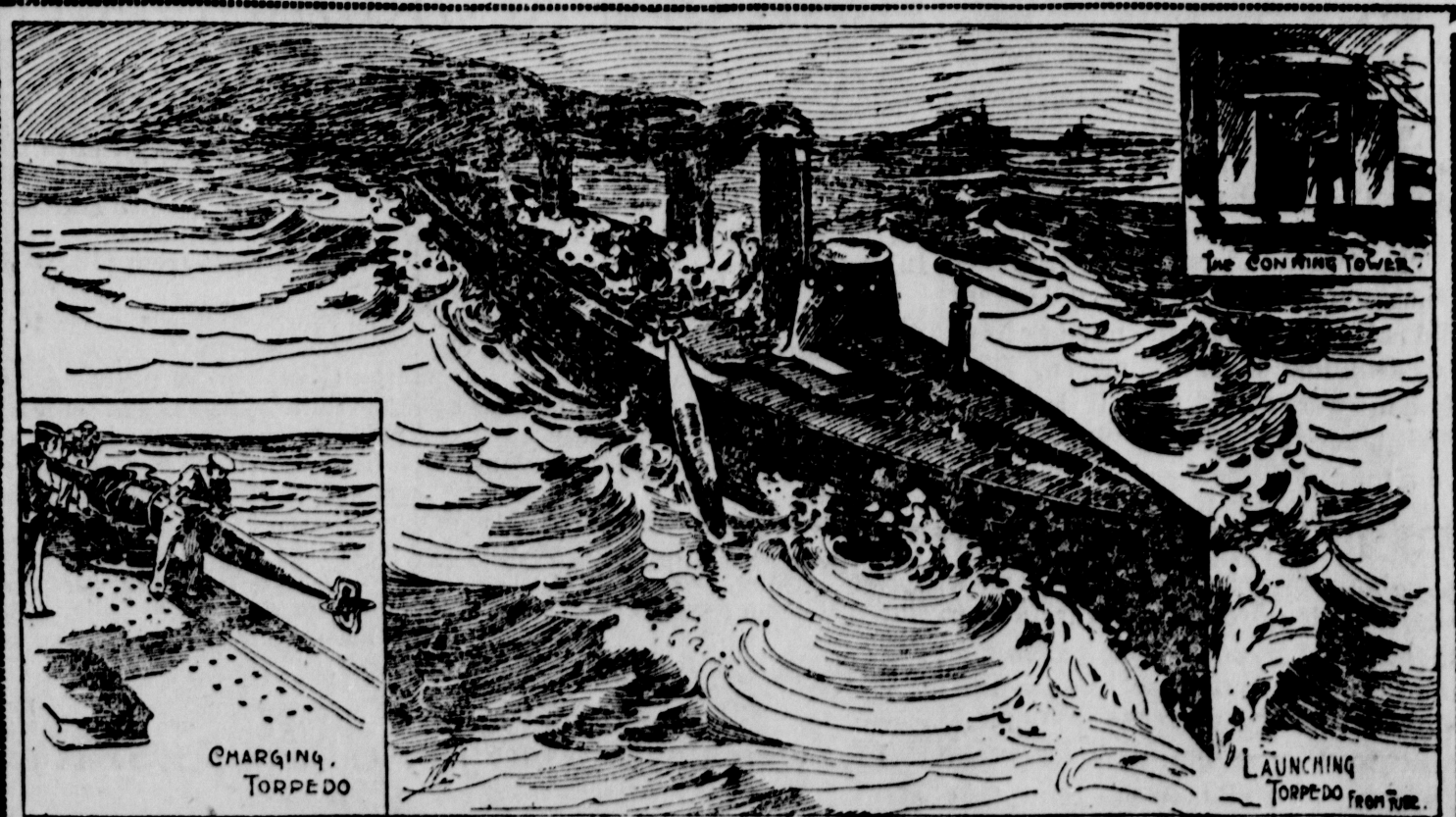
"I have been troubled a great deal with a torpid liver, which produces constipation. I found CASCARETS to be all you claim for them, and secured such relief the first trial, that I purchased another supply and was completely cured. I shall only be too glad to recommend Cascarets whenever the opportunity is presented."—J. A. SMITH, 2820 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sickens, Weakens, or Grips. No, 25c, 50c. CURE CONSTIPATION. Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, 30

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habits.

FISO'S CURE FOR CHILLS WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. Host Tough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION.



THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR.—AN AMERICAN TORPEDO BOAT IN ACTION.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Local News Condensed.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans.

The open air concerts by Drasckell's City Band are greatly enjoyed by the public.

Brainerd's post master has been granted an increase of \$100 per year in salary.

For Tornado Insurance apply to Jas. R. Smith, Sleeper block. \$1,000 insurance 3 years for \$5.

A. L. Nutting and P. Waite will give a dance at Gardner Hall on July 4, during the day and evening.

Remember the strawberry festival at the residence of Mrs. Miller, corner of Front and Eighth streets, on Wednesday evening, June 22.

A degree team from White Cross lodge Knights of Pythias will shortly go to Aitkin to confer the different ranks on candidates of that place.

An excursion will be given over the B. & N. M. to Walker on Sunday, June 26, leaving this city at 8 a. m. Tickets for the round trip \$1.00.

Sheriff Erickson was the "whole thing" at the populist state convention at Minneapolis, being the only delegate from Crow Wing county.

Hoffman's second store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you complete house-keeping outfits on installments.

Our Sylvan Lake neighbors will celebrate the Fourth in regulation style. W. B. Jones will have charge of the festivities which insures a good time.

On July 1st the Northern Pacific railroad company will restore the old schedule of pay to engineers which was in force some four years ago, the rate being four cents per mile.

During the month of May the largest amount of supplies was shipped from the Northern Pacific store rooms in this city in the history of the road, representing an outlay of \$185,000.

Crow Wing county democracy was not represented at the state convention at St. Paul and the same conditions existed with the populists at the St. Cloud congressional convention.

There will be a lawn social at the home of Mrs. C. Miller, corner of Eighth and Front streets, on Wednesday evening, June 22nd. Ice cream, strawberries and cake will be served, tickets 25 cents. All are welcome.

The little steamer Orpha arrived from Brainerd this week. She was bought by Commodore D. M. Gunn and Capt. George Lydiak from ex-Sheriff Spalding of Brainerd, and will ply the Upper Mississippi waters as a pleasure boat.—Grand Rapids Herald.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Congregational church will be entertained next Wednesday afternoon by Mrs. J. M. Elder assisted by Misses Mayme Mitchell, Kittie Walker, Nellie Merritt, Florine Merritt, Maud and Mabelle Davis. The gentlemen are especially invited to supper.

The ladies of the Eastern Star will give an entertainment at their rooms in Columbian block on Thursday evening, June 25th. The program will consist of a floral march by the members of the order and stereopticon views of the war and Cuba. An admission of 50 cents will be charged.

The meat market firm of Toettcher & Schleisner doing business in East Brainerd has been involved in internal strife during the past few days, and the end is not yet. The culmination of the trouble was a hearing before Judge Holland yesterday at which time C. A. Albright was appointed receiver, but this morning the parties in possession refused to let Mr. Albright take charge of the business, and they will be brought before Judge Holland at 5 o'clock this afternoon to show cause why they should not be punished for contempt.

Death of O. A. Reuss.

Charles Alfred Reuss, aged 64 years died on Sunday, June 12th, 1898, of senile debility after an illness covering a period of some months.

Mr. Reuss was a son of Ernest Reuss, of Manchester, England, and was born in that city in 1834. His early life was spent in England and he was educated at Heidelberg, Germany, and also attended other institution of learning in the old country. He spoke fluently six different languages and had visited all parts of the world in his travels.

In 1890 he came to the United States and when the war of the rebellion broke out he enlisted as a volunteer at St. Louis at the first call for troops in Co. K, Third Missouri, in Seigel's regiment. He was wounded and taken prisoner at the battle of Wilson's Creek. After the war was over he went to Chicago and on July 8, 1864, he was united in marriage to Miss Mary A. Footner. He resided in Chicago for nineteen years and in 1879 came to Brainerd as the agent for the Northern Pacific express company which position he held until 1895 when failing health compelled him to resign. The deceased was held in high esteem by all who knew him and his long business associations in this city had brought him in contact with all classes of people and his honesty and integrity were never questioned.

The funeral services were held from St. Paul's Episcopal church, of which the deceased had been a member for many years, the funeral sermon being preached by Rev. Prichard and the remains were laid to rest in Evergreen cemetery, Pap Thomas Post No. 30, G. A. R., attending in a body, deceased having been an active member of the Post for a number of years. He was also a member of the Masonic fraternity.

W. J. Footner and Mrs. D. Moreland, of St. Paul, brother and sister of Mrs. Reuss, were in attendance at the funeral, as was also Mr. Barthel, route agent of the Northern Pacific Express Co., the latter company sending a beautiful wreath of flowers as a token of the esteem in which they had always held the deceased.

Mrs. Reuss, the widow of the deceased, has the sincere sympathy of the entire community in the loss of a devoted and kind husband.

Geo. Bittner, aged 30 years, died at Sylvan Lake on Monday, June 13, of neuralgia of the heart. The funeral occurs today Rev. C. C. Markham officiating.

Eva Lougee, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sam. Lougee, of Ossipee in the northern part of the county, died on Monday, the burial occurring on Tuesday.

Mrs. Francis Elizabeth McDonald, wife of B. F. McDonald, died at her home near Pine River on Tuesday of last week, the funeral occurring on Friday, Rev. D. D. McKay officiating. The remains will be taken up and transferred to Wausau, Wis., for their final resting place some time during the summer, that place having been the former home of the deceased.

An infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gergen, aged ten days, died on Sunday last at their home east of Brainerd. Rev. D. D. McKay conducted the funeral services on Tuesday.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Miss Marilla Fuller left yesterday for Minneapolis.

Joel Smith left on Tuesday evening for Minneapolis.

Miss Toot McLean is spending the week in Minneapolis.

Geo. D. LaBar went to White Earth yesterday on business.

Mrs. W. J. Koon, of Little Falls, is visiting Brainerd friends.

Chas. Gravel, Jr., Sundayed with his parents in Little Falls.

Prof. and Mrs. M. H. Carleton will leave in a few days for Detroit, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Schlenker, of Little Falls, spent Sunday in the city.

Andrew Johnson, of West Duluth, has been spending the week in Brainerd.

Miss Eva Revard, of Little Falls, visited Brainerd friends the first of the week.

Miss Kittie McIntosh left Tuesday evening for a visit with friends at Glencoe.

Mrs. J. Batchelder and Mrs. Cora Kelly left yesterday for a week's visit in Minneapolis.

Geo. Smith, of Staples, was in the city over Sunday the guest of his brother, J. R. Smith.

Miss Jennie Paine left Saturday last for St. Paul and will visit friends in Iowa before her return.

Mrs. Alf. Brockway left on Wednesday for a visit of some weeks with friends at Anoka and vicinity.

G. A. Ainsworth returned to his home at Minneapolis on Wednesday after having spent a week in Brainerd and vicinity.

Wm. Percy went to St. Paul on Monday and was accompanied by his son, Frank, whose destination was Hannibal, Mo.

Chas. Metcalf and wife, of Grand Forks, who have been visiting Brainerd friends for some time left yesterday for Minneapolis.

Miss Louise White returned on Saturday from Champlin where she was called by the death of her mother, Mrs. Edward White.

A. E. Losey went to St. Paul on Tuesday evening on business connected with the undertaking establishment of Losey & Dean.

Mrs. Frank Nutting and Miss Ethel Nutting, mother and sister of A. L. Nutting, arrived in the city Tuesday from Faribault on a visit.

Mrs. Pallock, of Deadwood, S. D., sister of Mrs. Fred Lowe, left on Saturday for New York City after visiting in this city for some days.

Tams Bixby, of the Dawes Indian Commission, and D. W. Ingersoll, of St. Paul, were in the city Saturday on their way home from Bemidji.

Victor Gustafson left on Monday for the Twin Cities where he will buy a complete stock of clothing and goods furnishing goods for his new store.

Miss Lilly Johnson of Evansville, who has been visiting in the home of P. A. Johnson the photographer, left for Brainerd on Saturday.—Sank Center Herald.

Mrs. Flora Adams Patee, Grand Worthy Matron of the order of Eastern Star, was in the city on Monday from Minneapolis the guest of Mrs. Milton McFadden.

A. W. Potter, who has been at Brainerd the past two years, returned to Aitkin the past week, and will probably make this point his headquarters for a time.—Aitkin Age.

The Battle Ship Oregon

has made more kinds of a record for the United States navy in its 18,000 miles trip, than was ever dreamed of, judging from the demand for it, that little 80 page, vest pocket size army and navy book just published by the Northern Pacific is making a great record too. The requests for it reach the N. P. passenger department at St. Paul in large numbers from every part of the United States. This is a tribute to wide advertising as well as to the enterprise of the company and the value of the book. Mr. Chas. S. Fee, the general passenger agent at St. Paul, Minn., will send the book upon receipt of ten cents.

Services next Sunday as usual at the First Congregational church. The morning service begins at 10:30 o'clock and evening at 8 o'clock. The subject of the morning discourse will be "God's Command to Abraham." In the evening White Cross Lodge No. 30, Knights of Pythias will attend services when Rev. Gallagher will preach to them an appropriate sermon. The public will be cordially welcomed to all the services of this church.

MARRIED.

On Monday evening at the parsonage in East Brainerd Rev. M. B. Bird united Wm. Paine, Jr., and Mrs. Stella Duke in marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Paine left on Wednesday for their new home at Gladstone, Mich.

Thomas J. King was married to Miss Edna Hicks on Tuesday, Judge A. L. Hoffman tying the knot.

New Officers Elected.

The Retail Clerk's Protective Association at their last meeting elected the following officers:

Past President—J. P. Earley.
President—R. G. Vallentyne.
1st Vice President—Martin Reese.
2nd Vice Pres.—A. M. Johnson.
Treasurer—O. A. Lindberg.
Financial Sec'y—J. C. Smallwood.
Rec. Sec'y—Herman Linnemann.
Guide—J. Knutson.
Guardian—Charles Risk.

Rushworth Encampment No. 19, I. O. O. F., elected officers for the ensuing term on Monday evening as follows:

Chief Patriarch—James Buley.
Senior Warden—Chas. Mudge.
Junior Warden—S. H. Ralstad.
Recording Scribe—E. D. Wilkins.
Permanent Scribe—Silas Hall.
Treasurer—N. M. Paine.

MUNICIPAL COURT.

Yesterday Frank Leopold, the young man with a weak mind who was charged with placing obstructions on the Northern Pacific track near Jonesville, was bound over to await the action of the grand jury.

The examination of Isaac Edstrom, the Laurel street laundryman, on charge of bastardy was concluded late Friday evening last and resulted in the accused being bound over to the grand jury in the sum of \$200. Bail was furnished.

James Lee was sentenced to pay a fine of \$20, or spend twenty-five days in the lock-up, on Tuesday, on a charge of having defrauded the proprietor of the City Hotel.

A Good Show.

Mark Bros. Dramatic Co. are playing a two weeks engagement at Gardner Hall, opening on Monday evening, and are giving excellent satisfaction. The admission is 10 cents, or 15 cents for reserved seats. So far the hall has been crowded each evening, which is an indication that the reputation of the company is being sustained. For the balance of the engagement the following plays will be presented:

To-night, Friday June 17, Irish Dragoon.
Saturday Matinee, East Lynne.
Saturday Evening, Irish Detective.
Monday, June 20th, Dublin Dan.
Tuesday, Jerry the Tramp.
Wednesday, Ticket of Leave Man.
Thursday, Ten Nights in a Bar Room.
Friday, Little Duchess.
Saturday Matinee, Little Lord Fauntleroy.
Saturday Evening, Wife's Peril.

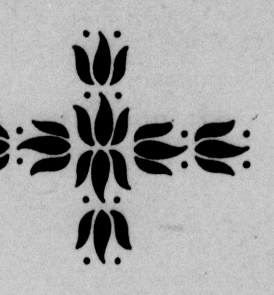
Chas. S. Fee, general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific has issued a small booklet containing a complete list of the warships in the navies of the United States and Spain with the names of their commanders and their armament, and also a great deal of valuable information concerning the United States army and a great deal of other valuable information concerning the war now in progress and the places and countries affected by it. The booklet is just the proper size to carry in the vest pocket and is invaluable for instant reference. It can be obtained by sending ten cents in stamps or silver to Mr. Fee, at St. Paul, care of N. P. Ry.

The two hundred Mille Lacs Indians expected here on Sunday last did not materialize the number having dwindled down to fourteen. The Indians were afraid that if they left their homes and went to White Earth on a tour of inspection that the government would hold them there and they did not propose to be caught napping. So certain were the parties who had charge of the expedition that there would be a large delegation going that three extra coaches were provided at this point to convey the red men to Detroit but they were not needed. It would seem from this last attempt that it was almost impossible to get the Mille Lacs to leave their present abiding place.

Leave your order for insurance with Jas. R. Smith, Sleeper Block. Companies as good as the best, rates always the lowest possible.

Can You Take Time to READ THIS!

Do It Anyway



TAKE TIME.

HENRY I. COHEN

Advertises the following list BECAUSE there are a great many meritorious articles, and special low figures, on good values in it.

DO YOU NEED

A new suit of clothes for your boy? Will sell you one for a kid of 4 or 8 years at 60c. Or a pair of knee pants at 25c and 20c. Better Goods at 50c and 35c.

Boy's Shirt Waists at 50c and 25c.
Boy's Long Pants Suits at \$3.50.
Knee Pant Suits from \$4.00 down to \$1.00.

ARE THE CHILDREN'S TOES STICKING OUT

of those Shoes? Don't let them. We sell Shoes for instance like this:

Babies 20c. Boy's tan 75c. Larger 95c. Children's tan shoes \$1.
Misses white slippers, large size, \$1.25.
Ladies Tan Oxfords, this Saturday, special \$1.00.
Children's heavy calf shoes, never wear outs, \$1.25.
Good Shoes, remember, all of them.

LOOK AT THESE ITEMS IN DRESS FABRICS.

Black Sateen, coal black, never fades, 9c.
25c values in Lace organdies for picnics, now 9c.
White India Linens at 15c, 12½c, 10c, 9c, 8c.
Dimities, Organdies, Challies, Percales, Prints, Ginghams, at prices suitable for all classes.

We mention a special lot of Figured Lawns, real beauties in texture and designs, at 10c and 8c.

We offer Black Cashmeres at 50c, 30c, and 25c.

We sell figured Brilliantines and Granites in black at 43c and 63c.

A complete line of Dress Linens suitable for skirts at 25c, 20c, 15c, 12½c.

New Piques and Ducks for Summer Skirts.

Don't fail to price our line of

DRESS GOODS.

It is the Best and Cheapest in Brainerd.

HOW IS THIS FOR A CORSET SELECTION.

All of the 1898 Dr. Warner's Corsets, full line of Ladies and Misses Ferris Waists, Royal Worcester Corsets, American Lady and Schilling as well as Kabos; The Princess, our banner 50c corset; The Sedom Met With, a 75c Corset for 56c; the Cresco, never break at the waist. Our two summer corsets, 46c and 29c.

Notion and Staple Articles.

Infants Lace Caps 25c.
Children's Parasols 22c.
Ladies Belts 25c.
Children's and Ladies Hose Supporters 10 cents per pair.
Ladies Black Hose seamless 10c and 12½c.
Ladies Double Palm Silk Mitts 25c.
Ladies Shirt Waists in Silk, Muslin, Lawn Percales and Prints from 80c each down to 25c.
Ladies Summer Knit Underwear up to 50 cents down to 10 cents.
Ladies Dress Skirts \$5 each down to 98 cents.
Complete stock of Ladies Muslin Underwear comprising night gowns, corset covers, chemises, drawers, skirts, cheaper than you can make them.
Yard wide sheeting per yard 5c.

Standard Ginghams 5c.
Standard Prints, new lot 5c.
A beautiful line of silks for shirts and dress waists, an elegant stock of ladies Taffeta, Moreen and Sateen. Underskirts all new.
Lace curtains from \$13.00 down to \$1.00.

In conclusion we wish to inform you that we have now on the way from New York a purchase of Ladies navy blue all wool guaranteed waterproof Mackintoshes, double capes, at a bargain, such as has never been quoted in this state. Will be here next week.

Will quote a special price on Ladies Oxford Ties Shoes, black or tan, at per pair \$1.00.

Keep your memory alive on these items.

Use your Cash to buy Dry Goods OF US. It pays.

HENRY I. COHEN,

SLEEPER BLOCK.

THE BRAINERD DISPATCH.

VOLUME 17, NUMBER 27.

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY, JUNE 17, 1898.

INGERSOLL & WIELAND, PUBLISHERS.



Guenther's Fine Candies.

I have secured the exclusive agency for Brainerd for the sale of Guenther's Candies, the best goods manufactured. These goods are absolutely pure, no glucose being used in their manufacture. When you wish something extra fine in the confectionery line call at

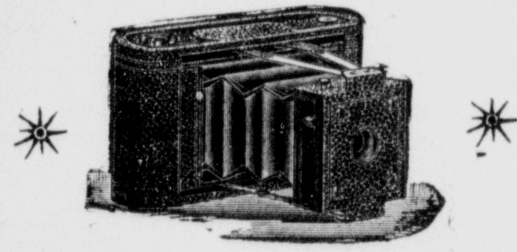
TIFFANY'S,
Front Street.



KEENE & McFADDEN.

It will only cost you
25c. for \$100 for one year,
50c for \$100 for three years
75c for \$100 for five years.
Representing only first-class companies with the rates so cheap you cannot afford to be without it.

Kodaks!



FOLDING POCKET KODAK

Bulls Eye, American,
Bullett, Diamond,
Falcon, Lundy,
Eureka.

All kinds at all prices.
Full line of Supplies.
Printing and finishing.

McColl's Store,

Front Street, - Brainerd, Minn.

Brainerd Machine Shops

7th St. between Front and Laurel.

GENERAL REPAIRING.

Brainerd & Northern
MINNESOTA RY.

TIME CARD.

Trains Arrive at and Depart from the Northern Pacific Depot.

GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
2:20.....lv-Brainerd-ar.....	10:30.....
3:20.....lv-Hubert-ar.....	9:43.....
4:20.....lv-Pine River-ar.....	8:58.....
5:20.....lv-Backus-ar.....	8:08.....
6:10.....lv-Lothrop-ar.....	7:05.....
7:20.....lv-Walker-ar.....	7:40.....

E. H. HOAR, Supt.

A GRAND SUCCESS.

Was the Central District Y. P. S. C. E. Convention Held in this City June 14 to 16.



Brainerd has enjoyed a great treat in holding the Central District Convention Y. P. S. C. E., from June 14-16. It was an occasion long to be remembered. The Brainerd Union of Young Peoples Societies have been planning for months to make the convention a success. All who were present will certainly say it was one of the most successful conventions thus far held, helpful, enthusiastic and inspiring. The gratifying results attained by the convention are due to the admirable president, Rev. F. A. Sumner, of Little Falls, who has been an indefatigable worker in arranging the program, and to his efficient corps of assistants on the committees from the Brainerd union.

The convention opened with a praise and devotional service, led by the president, on Tuesday evening. Rev. G. W. Gallagher then gave an address of welcome, couched in felicitous language and replete with happy thoughts. Rev. G. Earnest Smith, of the Sank Centre Congregational church, replied with bright and witty words. Then followed an address on the Passion for Righteous Power by Rev. W. J. Brown, of Glenwood. Mr. Brown's address was able, scholarly and excellent. At six o'clock on Wednesday morning, a "sunrise prayer meeting" was held in the Presbyterian Church, led by Rev. W. E. Griffith, of Bertram. This was a largely attended and very inspiring meeting. A business meeting was held from 9:20 'till 10:30 a. m., reports of district officers, secretary, treasurer, president and Look Out committees were given, showing a growing work throughout the district. At 10:30 a. m. papers and discussions upon practical Christian Endeavor work were presented. Rev. I. B. Tracy, of St. Cloud, discussed the advanced guard look out committee. An excellent paper, written by Miss Cora M. Fisher, of Long Prairie, was read on "Our C. E. Prayer Meeting." Mr. J. W. Hogan, of Reno, gave an admirable paper on the "Work of the Temperance Committee." Miss Carrie A. Holbrook read a most instructive and entertaining paper on "The Quiet Hour." Miss Holbrook is from St. Paul, and is state secretary of C. E. work.

At two o'clock in the afternoon a devotional meeting occurred. Mrs. W. E. Hubbard, of Pillsbury, district superintendent of the junior work, had charge of a very attractive service. The nature and value of junior work were ably illustrated. The Brainerd Juniors of the Presbyterian church were in attendance and acquitted themselves finely, giving recitations, hymns and dialogues. Rev. D. W. Cram, of Staples, exhibited in a very interesting way, the meaning of the junior endeavor pledge by crayon pictures on the black-board. The banner was then presented to the Junior Endeavor Society of the Congregational church of Glenwood, for the best and most prosperous society. Miss Holbrook closed the exercises of the afternoon with one of her brilliant addresses.

At four o'clock the convention was given a reception by the Brainerd union, on the lawn of Mrs. L. M. Follett. This was a pleasant feature and greatly enjoyed. In the evening after a praise service, Rev. Hugh W. Frazer, of Minneapolis, delivered a forcible and timely address on good citizenship, which awakened frequent applause.

At six o'clock on Thursday morning the "sunrise prayer meeting" was held in the Baptist church, conducted by Rev. Geo. F. Morton. This was a very attractive and useful meeting. At 9:20 a. m., after the devotional meeting, the discussions of the day began with an address on "Relation of C. E. Life to Church Life," by Rev. Hugh W. Frazer, who illustrated his topic with many striking incidents. Miss Katharine Norris, of Sauk Centre, read a splendid paper on Christian Endeavor and Missions.

The president then called for reports of societies past or present. The question box under the charge of Miss Holbrook then engaged the attention of the convention. She answered the questions with wit, humor or reverential appeal. Rev. W. E. Griffith completed the morning program with a thoughtful and instructive paper on "Good Literature." Rev. Ross, of St. Cloud, closed with an able address.

The afternoon of Thursday opened with the usual devotional meeting, which was followed by a paper on "The Consecration Service, What and How," from Mrs. M. A. Summers. A paper on "In His Name," written by Rev. A. Sanderson, of Royalton, who was absent, was then read. An open parliament, "How My Endeavor Society has Helped Me," was participated in by nearly all present, who told what the Endeavor societies had done for the church, for individuals and for themselves. A very good paper, written by Mr. C. W. Ridley, of Alexandria, was read by Miss M. A. Cole. The nominating committee then reported on the next place of meeting and on the new officers to be chosen. Alexandria was appointed as the place for the next convention. Rev. F. A. Sumner, of Little Falls, was re-elected president; Mrs. M. A. Summers, of St. Cloud, 1st vice president; Mr. Harland Reid, 2nd vice president; Miss Vina Esterbrook, of Royalton, secretary; Mr. Whitefield, of Sank Centre, treasurer; Mrs. E. A. Hubbard, of Pillsbury, supt. of junior work; and Miss Louise White, of Brainerd, assistant supt.

The convention then marched over to the Baptist church, where the B. Y. P. U. tendered a reception to the delegates. Tables delicately trimmed with ferns and flowers and the interior of the church decorated with bunting, flags and plants greeted the guests. Rev. C. C. Markham extended a cordial welcome to the delegates in a neat and witty speech. Ice cream and cake were then served, after which Mr. Warner, acting as toast master called, on several gentlemen to respond. Miss Holbrook responded to the toast: "Our Aspirations;" Rev. W. J. Brown to "Sand;" Rev. G. Earnest Smith to "Our Flag;" Rev. M. A. Summers to "Fellowship." The reception closed with singing "Blest be the tie that binds," the delegates joining hands while singing.

Thursday evening concluded the convention. Rev. Geo. Edmond Soper, of St. Paul, preached the convention sermon from Mat. 25:29. The sermon was an impressive, scholarly, and eloquent discourse. Miss Holbrook ended the long series of able topics with a paper on "Christian Endeavor and Evangelistic Force." It was a fitting and beautiful finale to the exercises of the convention and left a lasting impression on the minds of those present. The consecration meeting, also conducted by Miss Holbrook, closed the convention in the same spirit of loyalty to Christ which had characterized all the proceedings during its three days sessions. The committee on resolutions brought in a splendid set of resolutions. We regret that our lack of space forbids our reporting these resolutions at length, but cordial thanks and deep appreciation were expressed by the committee for the delightful time that they had among the hospitable people of Brainerd. The music of the convention was under the charge of Rev. D. W. Cram, of Staples, and of Rev. M. B. Bird, of East Brainerd, who furnished spirited and excellent music. Mr. Cram leading the singing and Mr. Bird giving charming solos.

The delegates in attendance at the convention were:
Staples—Rev. D. W. Cram, Miss Lucy Barrett, Mike Kingston,
St. Cloud—Rev. M. A. Summers, Rev. Isaac B. Tracey, Harriet Marshall, Ida Knowlton, Rev. and Mrs. Ross and daughter.
Little Falls—Rev. F. A. Sumner, Jessie Raymond, Anna McDaniel, Harry Palmer.
Royalton—Mrs. R. A. Sanderson, Vina Estabrook, Nannie Bell.
St. Paul—Rev. Edmand Soper, Miss Carrie Holbrook.
Glenwood—Rev. W. J. Brown, C. Jone Hamilton, Lizzie Thorson.
Minneapolis—Rev. H. W. Frazer.
Sauk Centre—Rev. Earnest Smith,

FIERCE BATTLE

Reported at Manila and 3,000 Spaniards are Made Prisoners.

Blanco Refuses to Exchange Hobson—An Immediate Attack on Havana Decided Upon.

A telegram received just as we go to press says:

New York, June 17:—Blanco has refused to exchange Lieut. Hobson. A fierce battle has been fought at Manila and 3,000 Spaniards were captured. General Miles has just finished a conference with President McKinley and an immediate attack on Havana has been decided upon. Major General Shafter has reached Santiago.

Catharine L. Norris, Margaret Norris, Pillsbury—Mrs. E. W. Hubbard, Anna Palmer, Rolf Perley.
Reno—Joseph Hogan, jr.
Bertram—Rev. W. E. Griffith.
Long Prairie—Wm. Balmer.
Alexandria—Mrs. W. A. Cole.
Round Prairie—Eva Boorman,
John B. McKillit, Grant Smith.
Upsala—O. P. Johnson.
Batavia—W. J. Carry.
Randall—Eugene Thrall.

Just What You Want.

An artistic booklet entitled "Summer Outings," published by the Nickel Plate Road, describing vacation resorts along north shore of Lake Erie, also fine list of country homes open to country boarders, sent to any address on application to J. Y. Calahan, Gen. Agent, 111 Adams street Chicago.

Attention Knights!

Memorial services of the order of Knights of Pythias will be held at the Congregational church on Sunday evening, June 19. Knights will assemble at the lodge room at 7:15 p. m., sharp. J. W. SLIPP, C. C. W. A. M. JOHNSTON, K. R. S.

Baptist Young People's Union

will be pleased with a ride to Buffalo and return over the Nickel Plate road. Choice of water or rail route between Cleveland and Buffalo, within final limit of ticket. Call on or address J. Y. Calahan, General Agent, No 111 Adams St., Chicago, for particulars. 4

New Sleeping Car Line.

Between Chicago and Buffalo on train No. 6, Nickel Plate road, leaving Chicago daily from the Van Buren Street Passenger Station [on the loop] at 2:55 p. m. Also a through sleeper to New York via Nickel Plate and Lackawanna roads, in addition to the excellent through service heretofore maintained. 2

THE 20TH CENTURY TRAINS.

A Brochure Issued on North-Western Limited Service.

The new North-western Limited Twentieth Century Trains, is the title of a handsome brochure just issued by the passenger department of the Omaha road, containing the opinions of the Twin City daily papers about the beauties of the new limited trains to Chicago. The brochure is handsomely printed and illustrated and is a most creditable bit of railroad advertising. After even a hasty perusal of its pages one is seized with the desire to make a trip to the Windy City on one of these two famous trains. Send your address for a copy to T. W. Teasdale, G. P. A., St. Paul, Minn.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, ss
County of Crow Wing.

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 16, 1898.

In the matter of the estate of Andrew J. Adney, deceased.

On receiving and filing the petition of Emma Adney, of Crow Wing county, Minn., representing, among other things, that Andrew J. Adney, late of said county, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1898, at Atkin county, Minn., died intestate, and being a resident of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow and sole heir of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to her granted.

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before the court on Monday the 11th day of July, A. D. 1898, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the court house in said county.

Ordered Further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased, and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Brainerd Dispatch, a weekly newspaper printed and published at Brainerd in said county.

Dated at Brainerd, Minn., the 16th day of June, A. D. 1898.
By the Court:
MILTON McFADDEN,
Judge of Probate.
P. J. MURPHY, Attorney for Petitioner.

PAIN & MCGINN.



Can and Will
Sell you

MORE MEAT

For Your Money than you can get elsewhere in the city, as the following prices will show. Try us once and See What CASH WILL DO.

POT ROASTS BEEF, fore quarter cut, - 8 to 10c.

Wool Soap, 3 cakes.....	10c	Mutton Chops.....	12 to 14c
Sugar Cured Ham, best brand	10c	Mutton Stew.....	6c
Sugar Cured Skinned Hams..	10c	Pork Roasts, best cut.....	10c
Boneless Ham.....	11c	Pork Chops.....	10c
New England cooked Ham...	11c	Side Pork.....	7c
Cottage Ham.....	10c	Leaf Lard.....	7c
Picnic Ham.....	8c	Spare Ribs.....	7c
Sliced Ham.....	13c	Pigs Head.....	4c
Loaf Steak.....	13c	Pigs Feet.....	3 1/2c
Short Porterhouse.....	14c	Pork sausage.....	7c
Best Cut.....	15c	Bologna Sausage.....	9c
Round Steak.....	12c	Head cheese.....	8c
Shoulder Steak.....	10c	Liver Sausage.....	8c
Pot Roast, rump cut.....	8 1/2c	Frankfort Sausage.....	10c
Rib Roasts, best cut.....	10c	Dry Salt Pork.....	8c
Stew, beef brisket.....	6c	Pickled Pork.....	8c
Stew, flank.....	6c	Pure Lard.....	8 1/2c
Liver.....	3 1/2c	3lb Pail Lard.....	27c
Corned Beef.....	6 to 8c	Fresh Dressed Chickens, per lb	10 1/2c
Leg Mutton.....	13c		
Loaf of Mutton.....	13c		

BIKO!

THE ONLY

Perfect Pneumatic
Tire Protector
And Mender

The attention of the public is called to the Biko preparation for mending and self healing any porous bicycle tire or that has punctures. This preparation is endorsed by thousands of riders, hundreds of dealers, and has become a famous known article in the New England states. Our sales for 1797 on Biko exceeded over 150 Bicycle Tires, over 2700 Trotting Sulkeys. Our Biko is the only cement that makes a permanent repair on a puncture. It will never harden in the tire. It will preserve the vitality of the tire, and does not dissolve the cement in plugging or vulcanizing as the majority of the anti-leaks do. This self-mending preparation is sold for

\$1.00 PER PACKAGE,

Enough for two tires, and if it is not entirely satisfactory in every respect call and we will

REFUND YOUR MONEY.

Don't Wait! Try It Now!

A. L. HOFFMAN & CO.

GET OUR

Prices on Job Work
Before Placing
Your Next Order.

Rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper Block.

NORTHERN PACIFIC		To ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS DULUTH AND POINTS EAST & SOUTH		To BUTTE HELENA SPOKANE SEATTLE TACOMA PORTLAND CALIFORNIA JAPAN CHINA ALASKA KLONDIKE	
Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.		TIME CARD—BRAINERD.		L. F. & D. BRANCH	
EAST BOUND:		Arrive. Depart.		No. 12, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris.....	
No. 6, St. Paul Express	1:00 p. m.	1:20 p. m.			6:30 a. m.
No. 14, Duluth Express	3:30 a. m.	3:50 a. m.			
No. 54, Duluth Freight	10:15 a. m.	11:30 a. m.			
No. 28, Duluth Freight	5:55 p. m.	7:40 p. m.			
WEST BOUND:		1:20 p. m. 1:40 p. m.		Get Permit at Ticket Office for \$4.57 and 58c.	
No. 5, Fargo Express	1:20 p. m.	1:40 p. m.			
No. 11, Pacific Mail	4:55 p. m.	5:05 p. m.			
No. 31, Staples Freight	4:00 p. m.	5:10 p. m.			
Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.				Daily Except Sunday.	
Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.					

Brainerd Dispatch.

Ingersoll & Wieland, Publishers.

BRAINERD. MINNESOTA.

Those Krupp guns sent as "kitchen furniture" from Germany to the Spaniards will probably not be heard of in Uncle Sam's kitchen or in some junk shop.

While the captain general at Manila is encouraging the authorities at Madrid with false reports of the submission of insurgent chiefs in some portions of the Philippines, he discounts them by reports of fresh outbreaks in other portions and in the Caroline islands.

How precious the memory of a writer of pious hymns! The late Rev. Henry Francis Lyte, author of "Abide with Me," and other hymns sung the world over, has been dead half a century. Brixham church, Devon, where he ministered for many years, is now in the course of rebuilding. With gifts and words of rebuffing for the object, come lively and grateful expression which testify to the service the poet yet fulfils. Such a ministry has an immortality of its own.

This is the season when even the alarms of war cannot repress the enthusiasm of the disciples of genial Izaak Walton. By special courier from the camp of Greger Cleveland, we learn that the enemy is beginning to accept proffered bait with avidity and that a general engagement with terrific slaughter may be expected within a few days. The only serious hindrance to "Corporal" Cleveland's movement on the enemy's fortifications is the temporary absence of his aid de camp, Captain Roubly Evans, who has obtained a furlough to whip Spain before he again returns to active duty.

Austria, aside from its rulers, is not nearly so Spanish in its sympathies as has been generally supposed. The Deutsche Zeitung of Vienna, referring to this subject recently, says: "The great North American republic constitutes a warning for all European princes and governments who are steering for absolutism. Were it not for the American union the cause of civil liberty in Europe would be in a bad way." It would probably surprise most rulers of the more despotic countries of Europe to know to what extent sentiments such as the above prevail in their dominions.

J. R. Cravath makes some useful suggestions to owners of electric-light plants in towns of 2,000 to 5,000 inhabitants. Towns of this size usually have an electric-light plant, a water works system, a small factory or two and a dozen or more small steam plants of from one to twenty horsepower. Mr. Cravath maintains that there is ordinarily no good reason why the electric light company cannot supply power to these varied industries more cheaply and more satisfactorily than under the present system of every man for himself. In other words, the power generation for the community should be consolidated under the roof of the electric-light plant, and the men and boilers and engines there employed made to earn money twenty-four hours a day instead of two or three.

That salaries and wages are governed by the profits of business has been a commonplace of political economy; but of late an opposing factor has been unusually demonstrative in the character and disposition of the employer. There are instances where a sharing of a portion of the profits of business has made employees more willing, regular and useful. There have been regular instances where the employer's hardness has kept his workmen irritable and unhappy, to his injury as well as to theirs. Strikes are not infrequently brought on or aggravated by the arrogance or luck of sympathy of employers, and there is reason to believe that a comparatively recently costly and bloody outbreak would not have taken place had not the superintendent met the representatives of the workmen with curses instead of conciliation. Workmen are too frequently hasty in action, and reckless and unreasonable in their demands. Ordinarily, however, if they are met in a spirit of conciliation, the first impulse of self-assertion soon exhausts itself. Reason to some extent then seeks control. At this point candid statements by the employer will ordinarily be candidly received. By them the wage-earners may be made to see more clearly the conditions that regulate wages, and which, wisely or unwisely headed, make to their employers the difference between loss and a reasonable profit that is as justly the employer's due as are reasonable wages to the wage-earner. Of course, the cordial acquiescence of the workmen in the statements made depends wholly on their belief in the truthfulness and moral integrity of their employers. Hard, grasping employers are always distrusted. They simply reap what they have sown.

The titles of the king of Spain suggest a large part of the history of the world. He is king of Jerusalem, which is Turkish; of Navarre, which is French; of Gibraltar, which is British; and of the East and West Indies, which are largely British; Duke of Brabant and Count of Flanders, now the two independent kingdoms of Holland and Belgium; and sovereign of numerous other lands long since independent or under the undisputed sway of other powers. He bears upon his person, indeed, an epitome of the glory and the fall of Spain.

MARINES HOLD THEIR POSITION

THOUGH INCESSANTLY ATTACKED BY SPANIARDS.

Exhausted by Continual Conflict With Superiors, They Bravely Insist That They Will Hold on Until the Belated Troops Arrive—The Support of Warships Is All That Saves Our Force From Annihilation by Overpowering Numbers—Two Americans Killed and Four Wounded—Co-operation of Cubans Not a Success.

(Copyright, 1898, by Associated Press.) Camp of the United States Marines, Outer Harbor of Guantanamo, via Kingston, Jam., June 16.—After two nights of hard fighting the American flag still floats on Cuban soil over the camp of the marine battalion, and our boys say they will keep it there until the belated troops arrive if it takes till winter. Thus far the marines have had the best of the fighting, but the situation is grave, and they are exhausted with repelling almost incessant attacks. They have little chance to rest or sleep, and the time of the arrival of the relieving troops is uncertain. Were it not for the guns of the fleet, the gallant little band would be annihilated by the Spanish troops in overpowering numbers from Santiago de Cuba. As it is they probably can hold their position but they cannot move forward until reinforced by troops. What first, with the white tents on a bold eminence against the tropical background, looked like a holiday camp, is now grim reality. The tents have been struck and rolled into breasted works, supplemented by trenches around the crest of the hill. The spot is lamentably exposed, while surrounding it on all sides is heavy brush. The least movement in the camp is the signal for instant target practice upon the part of the

Spanish sharpshooters, whose rifles carry much further than ours, though their owners rarely hit anything they aim at. It is impossible to accurately estimate the Spanish attacking force, but it is numerous enough. About two-thirds of this force surrounds the camp nightly with a deadly ring, and the spluttering of mauls make things quite lively, for the Spaniards are daring enough to crawl up and then take a pop shot at the marines from the bushes about thirty yards from the camp. At night the older soldiers fight like Indians, and our old Apache fighters will feel in their element. Every yard of chaparral is an ambush, and picket duty is flapping coils with death. After the first attack Col. Huntington decided that another attempt would be made the next night and he caused entrenchments to be thrown up on all sides of the camp, and in the trenches the main part of the battalion waited for the attack that the colonel was certain would come. It arrived within a short time after dark, and from that time until daybreak the firing was incessant, and at times very heavy. On the American side two men were killed and four wounded. The first attack of the Spaniards was made at 8 o'clock, and the

Last Shot Was Fired by them at about 3 o'clock in the morning. During the night the Spaniards shored the camp of the marines on shore, and the Marblehead, believing the Americans had been driven out, threw several shells into the place. The attack, however, was repulsed by the small detachment of marines in camp without trouble. The shells of the Marblehead struck among the marines. The fight was the first of the war in which the Cubans cooperated with the American forces, and their co-operation was not a flattering success. At one time during the engagement, when the marines were firing on a small detachment of Spaniards who made their appearance a short distance from the camp the Cubans began firing without orders and sent a volley right among the Americans. There were several narrow escapes, but no one was injured. Lieut. Neville, of Company D, was sent out on scout duty, and as on the day previous, he attacked a small stone fort. A hot fight followed, and the Spaniards were driven off with loss. It was during this fight that Wallace and Tauman fell over the cliff. Fifteen dead Spaniards, including one lieutenant, were found in the fort. The arrival of the fleet to complete the bombardment of the town and its defenses is expected this afternoon.

READY FOR SERVICE.

Volunteers at Chickamauga Are in Excellent Condition.

Washington, June 16.—The volunteers collected at Chickamauga, 42,000 in number, are reaching a degree of excellence under the magnificent management of Gen. Brooke that would warrant the government in ordering them immediately into active service, but, unfortunately there is still a considerable lack of equipment that will not permit of this.

BLUE'S DARING DEED.

Risks His Life to Obtain Information Regarding Cervera's Fleet.

Washington, June 16.—The only bulletin posted at the navy department from Sampson contained the satisfactory news that an American naval officer, Lieut. Victor Blue of South Carolina, at the risk of his life, had succeeded in entering the bay of Santiago and counting the Spanish vessels therein, with the result of establishing the fact that all of Cervera's fleet were still bottled up.

READY FOR THE VOYAGE.

Second Philippine Expedition All Ready to Sail.

San Francisco, June 16.—Thirty-five hundred soldiers left Camp Merritt yesterday and boarded the transports which are to form the second expedition against the Philippines. To-day has been set for sailing day, but it is doubtful if the voyage begins before to-morrow. The fleet will be made up as follows:

Steamer China, First Colorado Infantry, two Utah batteries of light artillery and half of the Eighteenth United States Infantry. Steamer Colon, Twenty-third United States Infantry and half of the Eighteenth United States Infantry. Steamer Zealandia, Tenth Pennsylvania volunteer Infantry. Steamer Senator, First Nebraska volunteer Infantry. Brig Gen. Greene is in command of the expedition. His adjutant general is Capt. Bates, of the Seventy-first New York volunteers. Early in the morning the troops who had received their orders to depart were alive and stirring. The men who had been waiting so long for the order to embark were delighted at the chance to prepare for the journey and the prospects of going to the front. While everything was ready for the five-mile march to the water front the men were

Lined up for the march. The streets presented a wonderfully realistic military scene as one by one the companies were marched to the parade grounds and the last evolution in Camp Merritt gone through with. The companies all passed inspection and as they marched through the camp the 9,000 soldiers who were to be left behind gave the departing soldiers cheer upon cheer. One by one the companies took their departure, and it was nearly noon when the last left the camp. Most of the commanding officers took their men down Golden Gate avenue, which thoroughfare was lined with people anxious to view the parade. Business houses were all decorated for the occasion, some had hired bands to play patriotic airs, but the music was furnished by almost drowned out at times by the noise of exploding bombs. In the evening the transports left their docks for anchorage in the bay, the work of trimming cargoes having been completed. It has been given out that the vessels will get away to-day some time, but from unofficial sources it is learned that the fleet cannot take its departure until to-morrow will be the day probably finally set for the commencement of the voyage.

CONTINUOUS FIGHTING.

Philippine Insurgents Give the Spaniards No Rest.

London, June 16.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, forwarding advice he has received from Manila up to June 8, says:

On June 5 the insurgents forced the passage of the Sempore river and captured Las Pinas and Paramaki. Since then, up to the time my advice left Manila, the fighting had been continuous and the Spaniards were being gradually driven in. The fall of the city seems imminent before the arrival of American forces. Manila is absolutely incapable of resisting bombardment. Admiral Dewey is surprised at the rebel progress, but the Spaniards suspect that the insurgents are fighting under American guidance. The defenders of the city have suffered severely from the incessant attacks and from want of food and rest, and the hospitals and churches are crowded with the wounded.

BRYAN ON THE WAR.

First Public Declaration of the Nebraska Stand on the Question.

Omaha, Neb., June 16.—The Nebraska building at the exposition was dedicated yesterday with appropriate ceremony, amid the plaudits of thousands of the state's citizens. Gov. Holcomb and his staff took part in the exercises along with many of the state's most distinguished residents. The speakers of the day were Hon. C. J. Smith, Hon. W. F. Curley and Hon. W. J. Bryan. Mr. Bryan's oration was notable for one thing, his first public declaration of the war issue. He took a high ground on the question, urging that the war is for humanity, not for the extension of United States territory. In conclusion he said the manifest destiny of this nation is not to acquire new realms to govern, but to carry out the fundamental principles among citizens may be secured.

Accused of Swindling.

Albert Lea, Minn., June 16.—Sheriff Mitchell is just back from Hayfield, Minn., and brought with him Charles Harper, who is charged with swindling. Harper, it is alleged, secured notes to the amount of \$800 or over from Charles Erickson in return for a patent right for steam feed cookers.

New Trial.

La Crosse, Wis., June 16.—The damage case of H. E. Horne vs. the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road for \$25,000, in which the jury gave the plaintiff \$2,500, will be tried again, the judge having granted the motion on various grounds.

Nominated for Congress.

Shakopee, Minn., June 16.—The Populist convention for the Thirteenth Congressional district met here and nominated J. R. Lowe, editor of the Faribault Jeffersonian and the People's Watchman of Sacred Heart, on an anti-fusion platform.

ADDRESS TO ABERDEEN.

Canadian Parliament Says Farewell to the Governor General.

Ottawa, Ont., June 16.—The dominion parliament has been prorogued. After the general and lacy Aberdeen gave the closing address to the senate chamber on the occasion of its being their last time to perform that function. Lady Aberdeen was also presented with an historical dinner service the work of the Woman's Art Association of Canada.

GEN. SHAFTER'S BIG ARMY

WILL INVEST SANTIAGO BEFORE THE END OF THE WEEK.

After Many Delays and Much Confusion the Big Fleet of Transports and Warships Gets Actually Started on the Trip to Cuba—War Department Now Concentrating All Its Energies on the Preparation of the Force to Be Sent to Puerto Rico—Movements So Active as to Leave an Impression That Havana Is the Objective Point.

Washington, June 16.—Without reference to the exact hour at which the United States army left Florida for Cuba it may be safely said that before the end of the week Gen. Shafter will have landed with his 15,000 United States troops on Cuban soil, and that the investment of Santiago de Cuba by land will have begun. There was some confusion in the official mind here on the time of departure of the transports, though assurance was given that they had all gotten away. The confusion on this point is easily accounted for by persons who know anything of the difficulties of moving simultaneously a numerous fleet composed of vessels of all sizes and classes. Not less than three times, beginning Sunday, was a definite hour selected for the start, and the war department so notified. Yet in each case some untold obstacle was encountered that required notification to the department that a postponement had been forced. Sailors say such delays are inevitable, and that rarely does a fleet get off by first intention. However, the department officials stated that they believed the very last of the transports

Had at Last Started for Cuba. After all the delay of a day or two in the start is not calculated to make any material difference in the plans, and the only persons who will suffer from it will be Sampson's marines camped on the tropical bay of Guantanamo and obliged to maintain the greatest vigilance in repelling the bushwhacking Spanish irregulars who swarm in the thickets. This foe gives no trouble during the daylight hours, owing to the presence of the Marblehead within easy range, but at night, when the warship is unable to distinguish their own men from the enemy, the lot of the marines is a very exciting one. Having started the Santiago expedition the war department has now concentrated all its energies on the preparation of the force to be sent to Puerto Rico. Active movements in that line have been made on a scale so extensive as to leave the supposition in some quarters that the attack is to be directed upon Havana, but if this is so there is no open indication of it.

REWARD FOR HEROES.

Hobson and Brave Companions Will Receive Promotion.

Washington, June 16.—Substantial recognition has been given by the navy department to the members of the gallant crew who took the Merrimac into the entrance of Santiago harbor and sank her across the channel under the very muzzles of the Spanish guns. Official recognition was taken of their valor when Secretary Long signed the orders to Admiral Sampson directing the promotion of all the members of the crew. Lieut. Hobson's reward will come later through congress. They still linger in a Spanish prison, but when they return again to their ships their promotions will be awaiting them.

DEMOCRATS IN CAUCUS.

Declare Their Opposition to Hawaiian Annexation.

Washington, June 16.—At a caucus of the Democrats of the house, held immediately after the recess of the house was taken, resolutions were adopted declaring the sense of the Democrats of the house to be opposed to Hawaiian annexation as a consummation that would prove injurious to the interests of the United States and contrary to the long established and generally regarded policy of the government. The action was taken after an hour had been consumed in discussing the advisability of adopting any resolutions upon the proposition of annexation.

CAMARA IS AFRAID.

Says His Squadron Is Insufficient to Hurt the Americans.

Gibraltar, June 16.—The Cadiz fleet consists of the Pelayo, the Carlos V., the Victoria, the Lepanto, cruisers, the Rapido, the Patriota, the Meteor, auxiliary cruisers, and three torpedo boat destroyers. The Alfonso XIII., being too slow, will be left behind, with six transatlantic steamers and five torpedo boats now at Cadiz.

IOWA ENCAMPMENT.

G. A. R. Veterans Flocking to Sioux City To-Day.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 16.—Sioux City is the Mecca for the veterans of Iowa, South Dakota, Minnesota and Nebraska, the twenty-fourth annual encampment of the G. A. R. of Iowa opening here. Train loads of visitors are pouring into the city. Twenty to thirty thousand people are expected. Sioux City has on gala dress and is giving the visitors a hearty reception. The weather is cool and fair.

FIRED ON SANTIAGO.

Spanish Correspondent Gives Out Some News.

(Copyright, 1898, by Associated Press.) (From a Spanish Correspondent.) Havana, June 16.—Tuesday morning two American cruisers and one dispatch boat opened fire against the batteries at the entrance to the harbor at Santiago de Cuba, discharging between fifty and sixty shots of different caliber.

The batteries at Castillo del Morro and Castillo de la Socaipa answered the fire and the American warships retired. At the Socaipa battery three men were slightly wounded.

Last evening (Monday) about 11 o'clock the batteries at the entrance to Santiago harbor fired upon an American vessel which had approached too near the harbor mouth. Five shots were fired from the batteries, which were answered by two shots from the American warships.

Yesterday noon what appeared to be a merchantman was sighted off Cienfuegos, about ten miles from shore. The Spanish gunboat Diego Valasquez went to ascertain her character. When the stranger was within a distance of five miles it was seen that she was a cruiser. She hoisted the American flag and opened fire on the Diego Valasquez, to which the latter replied. At the same time the latter batteries opened fire, compelling the American cruiser to retreat, apparently damaged. The Diego Valasquez was slightly damaged.

ARMOUR BUYS.

His Purchase Clears the Wheat Pit Atmosphere.

Chicago, June 16.—P. D. Armour bought all of Joseph Leiter's cash wheat in the Northwest, amounting to 4,000,000 or 5,000,000 bushels. Semi-authoritative information is also obtained that Armour will take up all of Leiter's wheat. It is generally admitted that the sale to Armour clears the atmosphere to a considerable extent, and if trustees are necessary to liquidate the rest of Leiter's cash wheat in this city, New York, afloat on the ocean and in European storehouses, it will not require much time to dispose of the remaining 3,000,000 bushels or more. There will apparently be little difficulty in winding up the deal inasmuch as it is authoritatively stated that bids have been received for all cash wheat that Leiter has. There is a fair prospect that his creditors will lose nothing and that the wheat will bring in su cient with recovering markets to pay all claims.

Germany's Attitude

London, June 16.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily News says: It seems almost impossible that Germany can have the idea of risking war with the United States by interference at Manila. Nevertheless, it is equally impossible to ignore the significance of the fact that ideas of the recent successful Kiao Chau incident are evidently floating through the brains of naval personages whose influences are so great that the matter deserves attention.

Negro Preacher Lynched.

Clarinda, Ark., June 16.—Rev. Moses Rycks, a negro preacher, well known among the members of his race in this vicinity, was taken from jail and lynched by a mob of 300 citizens in the southern portion of this county. The body was perforated with bullets and was left dangling in the air with a placard pinned on the clothes as a warning to other negroes. Rycks outraged a farmer's wife. He was twenty-five years of age and was to have been ordained next Sunday.

Warships Before Havana.

Madrid, June 16.—The government has received the following official dispatch from Havana:

"There are seventeen American men-of-war before Havana. The number before Santiago has been reduced. It is supposed some of the warships have gone to repair damages sustained. A former rebel chief is organizing at Plata a battalion of volunteers to assist the Spanish commanders."

Will Not Tolerate It.

New York, June 16.—A Washington special says: A cabinet officer last evening said: "Any interference on the part of Germany in the Philippines means war with Germany. If Germany does not realize this, she had better do so at once. We intend to hold the Philippines, and the administration will tolerate no nonsense from Germany or any other country."

Foster in Paris.

London, June 16.—A special dispatch from Paris says: William R. Foster, formerly consul to the gratuity fund of the new produce exchange, who was extradited recently from Europe on the charge of embezzling \$133,000 entrusted to his care, and who was released on \$20,000 bail in New York, has arrived in Paris.

Long Term in Prison.

Milwaukee, June 16.—James Kearney of Chicago, who shot and killed his wife at a house on River street in this city on April 5, has been sentenced in the municipal court to fourteen years in the state prison. At the time of the murder Kearney attempted to take his own life by sending a bullet through his temple, completely destroying his eyesight.

Has Taken No Steps for Peace.

Madrid, June 16.—The minister for foreign affairs, Duke Almodovar de Rio, told the newspaper men that the Spanish government had not taken any step in the direction of peace negotiations. The minister also said he had not received any confirmation of the reported third attack on Santiago de Cuba.

Towne Nominated for Congress.

St. Cloud, Minn., June 16.—The congressional conventions of the Sixth district for both the Democrats and Populists placed Charles A. Towne of Duluth in nomination to make the race against Page Morris this fall.

Acquitted of Murder.

West Superior, Wis., June 16.—Chas. Beauregard, the half-breed Indian on trial for the murder of Joseph Blackburn at Gordon last fall, was acquitted in the circuit court, the jury only being out five minutes.

AT LAST THEY MOVE ON CUBA.

FIRST ARMY OF INVASION HAS ACTUALLY SAILED.

Authorities at Washington Make Official Announcement That an Army of Fifteen Thousand Men, Conveyed by a Formidable Fleet of Warships, Has Actually Set Sail for Cuba—Expected That a Landing on Cuban Soil Will Be Effected by Thursday—Little Danger of Interruption by Spanish Forces.

Washington, June 15.—Now well on its way, thirty-two transport steamships, carrying over 15,000 officers and men, conveyed by battleships, cruisers, gunboats and auxiliary cruisers, sixteen in number, having actually sailed from Key West at daybreak yesterday morning. An authoritative statement to this effect was made at the war department yesterday, setting at rest all reports that the expedition was on its way or had landed last week. The authorities made the announcement for the reason that the time for secrecy was past, as the scout boats had made sure that the track was clear before it and that no possible menace could come from the Spanish ships or troops even if they should know our forces were advancing against them. With the expedition off officials here feel that there will be a period of comparative inaction for a few days. By Thursday at the latest the transports will be off Santiago and a large army will make its landing on Cuban soil. Sampson has cleared the way for this undertaking and little danger is apprehended in getting ashore. It will be after that, when the advance is made, that actual

Dramatic Developments

may be expected. By that time it is likely the American commanders will be in direct cable communication with the authorities here. Admiral Sampson has taken the shore end of the cable landing at Guantanamo and a force of cable experts are rapidly restoring the line to working order. The progressing of this work has been so rapid that one of the leading officials of the state department said that it was hoped this direct cable communication would be established by Thursday. It will put an end to the dearth of official information concerning important movements and will enable the authorities here to keep in close touch with those executing the strategic movements. Aside from the men and officers making up the expedition the boats carried a vast quantity of supplies, ammunition and war equipments necessary to maintain an organization of this size for at least sixty days. Every detail for the landing of this party has been worked out by the engineer corps of the army. It will be a laborious process at best and will take a full day or more. The point of landing has been so chosen that there is little danger of an interruption from the Spanish forces, but should they attempt to make trouble Admiral Sampson's ships will insure ample protection until the troops can care for themselves.

YELLOW FEVER.

Every Precaution Being Taken to Guard the Army and Navy From the Dread Disease.

Washington, June 15.—Surgeon Generals Sternberg, of the army, and Van Eppan, of the navy, have taken every precaution to protect the army and navy from yellow fever. Up to the present time neither of them has received any report of contagion in either branch of the service, nor do they feel that the present conditions give ground for serious apprehension, although with our troops and ships operating in a country having yellow fever the year round, there is noted the most rigid precautions by the army and navy medical corps.

WHAT A WHOPPER.

This Spaniard Has Sailed of One Vessel Disabled.

Madrid, June 15.—In the chamber of deputies the minister of the interior, replying to questions on the subject, said that, according to the semi-official dispatches, during the last fight at Santiago de Cuba "a Spanish shell burst on the deck of the Massachusetts, dismounting a gun, killing and wounding a number of men and seriously injuring the vessel, while the New York and several other vessels were compelled to withdraw in a badly damaged condition. In addition three American ships were sent back to the repairing yard."

CUTTING THE CABLE.

Cuba Is Now Surely Cut From Outside Communication.

Kingston, Jamaica, June 15.—The officers in charge of the cable ship Adra believe that the Santiago cable has at last been disposed of. Since Monday, when the cut was made, there had been grave doubts as to whether the main cable had been found, and the reports from Kingston that the Santiago cable had been working on Tuesday caused much uneasiness, but it is claimed to-day that there is positive information showing that Monday's work was entirely successful.

German Forces at Manila.

London, June 15.—The Berlin correspondent of the Times remarks that with four ships already at Cavite and with the Darnstadt on the way with 1,400 men, Germany will have a force of 3,000 marines at Manila.

S. D. Appointed.

Pierre, S. D., June 15.—Gov. Lee has appointed J. C. Crawford as county judge of Kingsbury county in place of G. W. Lattin, who holds a position as captain in the First regiment of South Dakota volunteers.

ALL ABOARD FOR MANILA

TRANSPORTS ARE READY FOR THE
RECEPTION OF TROOPS.

Camp Equipment and Baggage Being Rushed Aboard the Steamers
—Troops Busily Engaged in Breaking Camp and Preparing to Go Aboard the Transports—Newspapers Complain of the Unsatisfactory Conditions Existing at Camp Merritt — A Montana Regiment Goes on a Strike on Account of the Food Served.

San Francisco, June 15. — The most important order issued from army headquarters was one notifying Maj. Gen. Otis that the steamers to comprise the second fleet of transports to go to Manila were practically ready for the reception of troops. Troops to the number of about 4,000, comprising the Tenth Pennsylvania, under Col. Hawkins; the First Colorado, under Col. Hale; the First Nebraska, under Col. Bratt; two battalions of regulars from the Eighteenth and Twenty-third infantry, under Col. French; a detachment from the engineer corps and the two battalions of Utah light infantry, under Capt. Young, began to raze their camps, load their tents and baggage into wagons, don their heavy marching gear and form into columns for the march to the waiting transports. All day a stream of wagons has been conveying

Camp Equipment and Baggage to the different steamers, and this work will be completed to-day. The newspapers continue to call attention to the sanitary conditions existing at Camp Merritt, and insist that the location of the camp be changed to preserve the health of the civilians living in that section of the city as well as that of the soldiers now in camp. The Post says:

"The men in the Montana regiment are complaining of the food served them. To-day the soldiers of Company B, Butte regiment, went out on strike and refused to drill under present conditions. The regiment assembled at the camp in order to march out to Sutro baths. When the officers of Company B called on their men to fall in they declined, one of their number stating their reasons for so acting. Col. Kessler was called and he addressed the men, calling their attention to the serious proposition of

Disobeying Orders. One of their number told Col. Kessler that the company did not desire to disobey orders, but the men were hungry and could not drill on the food they were receiving. While Col. Kessler was speaking one of the men fainted before him and was removed to a tent. After Col. Kessler concluded speaking the captain asked how many men were willing to drill and only a sergeant, a corporal and three privates stepped forward. The company was dismissed and the regiment proceeded to the baths. All the men of Company B complained to-day of the food. They say they are given bad bacon and poor vegetables, and that the fresh meat they get consists principally of bones. Those statements made by the men were supported by the company cook, who exhibited a piece of pork as evidence.

GEN. PANDO'S ARMY.

Spanish Government Thinks It Strong Enough to Repel Invasion. London, June 15.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says: The army corps under Gen. Pando, in Eastern Cuba, is composed of four divisions under Gen. Linares, Luque, Adaz and March, stationed respectively at Santiago, Holguin, Mazanillo and Puerto Principe. Gen. Linares has 8,000 men who, with the 2,500 under Admiral Cervera, are considered by the government sufficient to repel invasion. There is a hopeful feeling here that Germany will interfere in the Philippines.

IMMENSELY DAMAGED.

Were the Fortifications at Santiago by the Recent Bombardment. London, June 15.—The morning papers publish further long accounts of the bombardment of Santiago de Cuba on June 6, confirming the reports from the United States that Morro castle and the Estrella battery were both set afire by the American shells and that the Spanish fortifications were immensely damaged. These versions say that the Massachusetts and the Suwanee were somewhat injured by shells.

PUERTO RICO NEXT.

Destination of the Next Military Expedition. Tampa, Fla., June 15.—Gen. Coppinger is in command of the troops left at Tampa, and it is believed will command the next expedition to sail. The destination of this next expedition will be Puerto Rico. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee's corps is not likely to go to Puerto Rico, but will be sent to Cuba when the time comes to strike Havana.

Convention Held.

Le Mars, Iowa, June 15.—County conventions were held Saturday by both Democrats and Republicans. The Republicans elected delegates to the state, judicial and congressional conventions.

Germany Has Designs.

London, June 15.—The Singapore correspondent of the London Times says letters received there dated Manila, May 26, say the prolonged conferences between the German consul and Capt. Gen. Augusti had caused attention and led to the belief that Germany had designs on the Sulu archipelago.

Prominent Canadian Dead.

Montreal, June 15.—Sir Adolphe Chapleau, formerly lieutenant governor of Quebec and secretary of state for the dominion, died here.

THE MARKETS.

Latest Quotations From Grain and Live Stock Centers.

St. Paul, June 16. — Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 90¢@93¢; No. 2 Northern, 85¢@88¢; Corn — No. 3 yellow, 32 1/2¢@33 1/2¢; No. 3, 31 1/2¢@32¢; Oats — No. 3 white, 27¢@28¢; No. 3, 26 1/2¢@27¢; Barley and Rye—Sample barley, 28¢@30¢; No. 2 rye, 42¢@43¢; No. 3 rye, 41¢@42¢.

Duluth, Minn., June 16. — Wheat — Cash, No. 1 hard, 90 1/2¢; No. 1 Northern, 89 1/2¢; No. 2 Northern, 84 1/2¢; No. 3 spring, 78¢; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 90 1/2¢; No. 1 Northern, 89 1/2¢; July, No. 1 hard, 91¢; No. 1 Northern, 90¢; September, No. 1 hard, 73 3/8¢; No. 1 Northern, 72 3/8¢; oats, 25 1/2¢@26 1/2¢.

Minneapolis, June 16.—Wheat—July opened at 91¢ and closed at 91¢; September opened at 72¢ and closed at 71 3/8¢; December opened at 69 1/2¢ and closed at 69 3/8¢. On track—No. 1 hard, 92 3/4¢; No. 1 Northern, 90 3/4¢; No. 2 Northern, 88 3/4¢.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 16. — Flour is lower. Wheat lower; No. 1 Northern, 94¢; No. 2 Northern, 91¢; July, 92¢. Oats lower at 25 3/4¢@28¢. Rye steady; No. 1, 43 3/4¢. Barley quiet; No. 2 special, 40¢; sample, 33¢@39¢.

Chicago, June 16. — Wheat — Cash, No. 2 red, 85¢; No. 3 red, 77¢@83¢; No. 2 hard, 80¢@84¢; No. 3 hard, 75¢; No. 2 spring, 79¢@80¢; No. 3 spring, 73¢@83¢; No. 1 Northern spring, 81¢; No. 2 corn, 32 1/4¢; No. 3 corn, 31 1/4¢; No. 2 oats, 21 1/4¢; No. 3 oats, 23 3/4¢.

Chicago, June 16. — Hogs — Light, \$3.65@3.95; mixed, \$3.65@3.85; heavy, \$3.75@4.1; rough, \$3.75@3.85. Cattle — Boeufs, \$4@5.20; cows and heifers, \$2.50@4.65; Texas steers, \$3.65@4.40; stockers and feeders, \$3.85@4.80. Sheep — Natives, \$3.50@5.10; Westerns, \$4.30@5.15; lambs, \$4.25@6.55.

New Brighton, Minn., June 16. — Hogs, \$3.70@3.80. Cattle—Cows, \$3@3.30; steers, \$4.40; canners, \$2.50.

South St. Paul, June 16. — Hogs — \$3.10@3.82 1/2. Cattle—Cows, \$3.25@3.80; steers, \$4.50@4.70; stockers, \$3.75@5; heifers, \$3.50@4.25; bulls, \$2.50@3.32 1/2; calves, \$4.75@5.50.

Sioux City, Iowa, June 16. — Hogs — \$3.55@3.80. Cattle—Canners, \$2; cows, \$3.55; heifers, \$4.50; bulls, \$3.64; stockers, \$4.35; yearlings, \$4.25@5; calves, \$4.50@5.50 sheep, \$3.60@4.30.

FIENDISH ATTACK.

William Lawrence Fatally Cut Because He Tried to Stop a Dog Fight. Grand Rapids, Minn., June 16.—William Lawrence is lying at the point of death here from six knife wounds inflicted by Harry Williams. Lawrence attempted to part two fighting dogs when Williams drew a knife and cut him in the groin, abdomen, head and neck. Williams has not yet been captured.

SPAIN'S REQUEST

For an American Force and Not the Insurgents to Occupy Manila.

Vienna, June 16. — The Neue Presse says Spain has requested the powers to urge the United States to occupy Manila with American troops should the town surrender, and not allow the city to fall into the hands of the insurgents.

To Collect the Revenue.

Washington, June 16. — The officials of the treasury department were busily engaged in the preparation of circular letters to customs and internal revenue collectors carrying into effect the provisions of the war revenue act. In the internal revenue bureau the only schedules which go into immediate effect are those regarding tobacco, snuff, cigarettes and beer.

Ordered Forward.

Cheyenne, Wyo., June 16. — Orders have been received by Col. J. L. Torrey for the Second volunteer cavalry to move from Fort D. A. Russell, where their horses, to Jacksonville, Fla. The regiment is thoroughly uniformed, armed and equipped, and considering the short time it has been organized, it has reached a high state of perfection in drill evolutions.

Women as Conductors.

Chillicothe, Ohio, June 16.—The electric street railway of this city has adopted a new method of conducting business by placing women conductors on all its cars. Heretofore the cars have been in charge of motormen and the fare deposited in boxes. Each woman wears a ribbon on her hat with the word "Conductor" inscribed on it.

A Mile and a Half From Manila. New York, June 16. — A Sun cable from Berlin says: A dispatch from Shanghai says that the Philippine insurgents are a mile and a half from Manila, which is entirely surrounded. The German consul has transferred 300 German and Swiss residents to a steamer.

Let Them Try It.

Port au Prince, June 16.—The Haitian steamer Mancel, chartered by the cable company and carrying cable and cable repairing apparatus, has left for Cape Haitien. Mancel says she goes to re-establish cable communications between Mole St. Nicholas and Santiago de Cuba.

Misery at Havana.

London, June 16.—The Daily Chronicle's correspondent at Kingston, Jamaica, says he learns that there is intense misery at Havana and at Santiago, and that people are starving, but are cowed by the presence of the Spanish army.

Falls Dead.

Annandale, June 16. — Peter Newholt of French Lake, while running to catch a boat, fell dead from heart failure. The body was discovered by school children.

To Meet at New Painesville. New Painesville, Minn., June 16.—The seventh annual convention of the Young People's Society of the German Evangelical Association of Minnesota will be held at the Salem church in this town. The session will begin on June 30 and continue until July 3. A large attendance is expected.

Brick Scarcity.

La Crosse, Wis., June 16. — A brick famine exists in these parts. Contractors say they find it next to impossible to secure first-class brick at any price.

WORK OF CONGRESS

Washington, June 9.—A bill providing for the taking of the twelfth census was passed by the senate after a debate which occupied the greater part of three days. Several weeks ago a census bill was presented by the committee having the matter in charge but the matter was so unsatisfactory that it was recommitted to the committee. The bill passed was introduced in lieu of that which was recommended, and as slightly amended, received the unanimous support of the senate. Under it, if it should become a law, a director of the census, an assistant director and five expert statisticians will be appointed immediately to make the preliminary arrangements for taking the census of 1900 in accordance with the outline presented in the bill. A determined effort was made to provide that the employees of the census bureau should be examined and certified by the civil service commission, but it failed by a vote of 18 to 31. A provision was inserted that not more than two-thirds of the supervisors and enumerators should belong to one political party.

In the House.

The house disposed of the senate amendments of the sundry civil bill and agreed to further conference. The conference report upon the postoffice appropriation bill was adopted without debate and the house proceeded to consider the bill to provide for participation of volunteer soldiers in congressional elections. Adjournment was taken pending disposal and it will come up tomorrow.

Washington, June 10. — After five hours devoted to the consideration of the bill authorizing volunteer soldiers to vote in congressional elections the conference on the war revenue bill was presented to the house. Consideration was interrupted until 8 o'clock in the evening, when the report was taken up again, and after three hours' debate, covering a wide range of subjects and some sensational features, it was voted upon and adopted—154 to 107. The election measure will be disposed of to-day immediately after the meeting of the house. Mr. Pierce of Tennessee made a vigorous attack upon the prosecution of the war and the alleged unwarranted delay in sending relief to Cubans. A sensational feature was the clash between Mr. Grosvenor and Mr. Swanson of Virginia, growing out of the former's attack upon the latter's speech in a criticism of the revenue bill. The Hawaiian annexationists made a strong fight to get the election bill out of the way to prevent its going over as privileged, and likely to postpone another day their efforts to secure consideration of the annexation resolution.

IN THE SENATE.

Senator Carter Jumps on Ship Owners of the Pacific Coast.

At the session of the senate Mr. Carter of Montana, in connection with the rejection by the government of the steamship Centennial as a transport, made some ugly charges against the ship owners of the Pacific coast. He said they had been endeavoring to hold up the government and compel it to pay inordinate and extortionate charges for ships to be used to transport troops to the Philippines. Mr. Perkins of California denied the statements of Mr. Carter, declaring that the vessel owners of San Francisco had placed their ships at the disposal of the government at a rate fully 50 per cent less than they usually received for them. Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts made some sensational disclosures concerning the disposition of the money appropriated by congress a short time ago in payment of a claim of the book concern of the Methodist Episcopal Church South. He introduced a resolution directing the claims committee to make an investigation of the matter and report to the senate what, if any, action could be taken. The "omnibus claim bill," carrying something over \$9,000,000, forty private pension bills and several measures from the general calendar were passed.

Washington, June 11.—Shortly after 4 o'clock in the afternoon the conference report on the war revenue bill was agreed to by the senate after a discussion lasting four hours. The debate upon the measure was without special interest and was entirely devoid of acrimonious features. It was a foregone conclusion that the report would be agreed to, and the only question of interest involved was how soon a vote could be reached. The debate indicated generally that the bill, as agreed upon by the conferees, was reasonably satisfactory to everybody, except as to the bond provision. The votes cast against the adoption of the report reflected the opinions of those senators who are opposed to any increase in the interest-bearing debt of the country. The report was agreed to by the decisive vote of 43 to 22. Every Republican voted for the measure, and their votes were supplemented by 8 Democrats, 1 Silver Republican and 1 Populist. The Democrats who voted for the report were Messrs. Caffery, Gorman, Lindsay, McEnery, Mitchell, Morgan, Murphy and Turpie; the Silver Republican was Mr. Mantle, and the Populist was Mr. Kyle.

The vote against the measure was cast by 16 Democrats, 3 Silver Republicans and 3 Populists. As soon as the engrossed bill can be signed by the presiding officers of the two branches of congress it will be sent to the president.

Just at the close of the session a bitter personal discussion was precipitated by Mr. Butler, who attacked Mr. Kyle for having voted for the issuance of bonds. Mr. Butler, speaking as the chairman of the Populist national committee, officially declared that Mr. Kyle did not represent the Populist party. Mr. Kyle replied warmly, saying that he was responsible for his political actions, not to Mr. Butler, but to his conscience and to his constituents. Subsequently he denounced as "intentional and malicious falsehoods"

some statements made about him by Mr. Pettigrew.

IN THE HOUSE.

Agreement Reached Regarding the Hawaiian Resolution.

The feature of yesterday's session of the house was the securing of an agreement to consider and vote upon the Newland resolution to annex Hawaii. Beginning to-day, the debate will proceed until 5 o'clock next Wednesday afternoon, when a vote will be taken. The annexationists came determined to force consideration and for three hours the opposition filibustered. Consideration of the resolutions could have been prevented, as, under the rules, a recess until the evening session necessarily would have been taken at 5 o'clock, but it was plain that the annexationists would win their victory to-day. Realizing this, and knowing the resolutions would pass and go to the country, involving a prominent issue, the opposition treated for liberal debate, and their demands were readily granted. Eight Democrats voted with the annexationists in the movement to force consideration of the resolutions, they being Messrs. Berry of Kentucky, Devries of California, Livingston of Georgia, Brucker of Michigan, Cummings of New York, Sulzer of New York, Vohlsig of New York and Cochran of Missouri. It is claimed at least twenty Democrats will favor the passage of the resolutions.

The bill to enable volunteer soldiers to vote at congressional elections was passed and a number of minor measures chiefly of a private nature, were considered.

Washington, June 14. — For nearly two hours the senate had under discussion the resolution of Mr. Lodge directing the claims committee to make an inquiry as to the disposition of the money appropriated by congress to pay the claim of the book concern of the Methodist Episcopal Church South. A heated colloquy between Mr. Chandler and Mr. Pascoe was the feature of the discussion. Mr. Chandler said that Mr. Pascoe was unwittingly and unwillingly the agent through which a deception had been practiced upon the senate. Mr. Pascoe demanded the withdrawal of the statement, but Mr. Chandler insisted that it was correct and refused to withdraw it, although he disclaimed any intention to reflect upon Mr. Pascoe's honor. The resolution probably will be called up again tomorrow. At 2 o'clock the consideration of the bill providing for the incorporation of the International American bank was begun. The measure was still under discussion when the senate adjourned.

Hawaiian Debate in the House.

The debate on Hawaiian annexation continued in the house, ten speeches being made. Very little interest was manifested either upon the floor or in the galleries, few occupants of the latter being present, and the attendance upon the floor hardly exceeding at any time forty members.

Washington, June 15.—Eight hours, comprising afternoon and evening sessions of the house, were devoted to debate on the Newland resolutions for the annexation of Hawaii. Twenty speeches were delivered, most of them being brief. A vote will be taken at 5 o'clock to-day, and in order to give time for speeches which members desire to make the house agreed to meet at 10 o'clock this morning. The resolutions, according to estimates, will receive, with the exception of not more than twelve, all Republican votes, and will enlist the support of from fifteen to twenty Democrats and members of other parties.

In the Senate.

The resolution of Mr. Lodge directing that an inquiry be made into the disposition made of the Methodist Book Concern claim, which was paid recently by congress, was adopted without division by the senate. In the course of the debate upon it Mr. Morgan charged that the resolution was insincere and had been drawn for political effect. This statement Mr. Lodge denied vigorously, saying his only purpose in offering the resolution was that all facts concerning the matter should be laid before the people to the end that more care should be exercised in the future. He hoped that as a result of the proposed investigation a general law would be passed to eliminate the professional lobbyist from the legislative equation. The measure to incorporate the International American bank was under discussion for three hours, the debate eliciting some interesting facts concerning the foreign trade of this country. Final action was not taken on the bill.

CHANCE TO SHOW GOODS.

Exposition at Winnipeg Should Be Patronized by Americans.

Washington, June 16.—In a report to the state department, United States Consul Graham at Winnipeg, says that the Winnipeg Industrial Exposition association will hold its eighth annual exposition at Winnipeg from July 11 to 18 next, and urges a liberal patronage by manufacturers and dealers of the United States as the best means of bringing American goods to the favorable notice of the people of the dominion.

Murder of a Half-Breed.

Helena, Mont., June 15.—The United States district attorney has received word that John Brugner, a half-breed, was murdered near Calais, on the Fort Peck Indian reservation. A deputy United States marshal has gone to the agency to secure Ernest Stripper, who was arrested, charged with the murder.

Milwaukee Murderer Sentenced.

Milwaukee, June 15.—James Kearney of Chicago, who shot and killed his wife in this city on April 5, was sentenced to fourteen years in prison. At the time of the murder he attempted to take his own life.

Permanent Home for Masons.

Sioux Falls, S. D., June 16.—The Masonic grand lodge, in session here, is wrestling with a proposition to establish a permanent home for the lodge at Sioux Falls. The attendance at this session is unusually large.

WAR SUMMARY.

Thursday, June 9.

An army of 27,000 men under Gen. Shafter leaves for Cuba.

It is almost certain that the Terror was sunk by the Oregon.

The Stars and Stripes will be flying over Santiago by Sunday.

Arrangements for the Manila expedition are being rapidly pushed.

Washington officials will give no information regarding the movement of troops.

The gussie again fails to land an expedition with ammunition for the insurgents.

Gov. Gen. Augusti, of the Philippines, sends to Madrid a frantic appeal for help.

American squadron bombards and destroys fortifications at Calmauera, in the bay of Guantanamo.

A report reaches Hongkong that Manila has fallen and the city is now in the hands of the insurgents.

Friday, June 10.

A report reaches Cape Haitien that Santiago has fallen.

The Spanish fleet will sail from Cadiz under sealed orders.

The house adopted the conference report on the war revenue bill.

Cuba is at last cut off from all communication with the outside world.

Gen. Greely prohibits the publication of news regarding American forces.

Work on warships now under construction is proceeding satisfactorily.

Impossible to learn at Washington what has become of Gen. Shafter and his troops.

Spain, seeing the hopelessness of continuing the war, is approaching the powers with a view of obtaining honorable peace.

Saturday, June 11.

The war revenue bill is agreed to by the senate.

The report that troops had already sailed is without foundation.

Spaniards are preparing to make a desperate resistance at Santiago.

Spanish warships sighted off Fort Monroe and great excitement prevails.

A fleet of sixteen warships will convey the first detachment of troops to Cuba.

It is said the Charleston's real mission is the seizure of the Spanish Ladrone Islands.

War department positively refuses to give any information regarding the movement of troops.

The gunboat Suwanee lands a supply of ammunition and provisions for the insurgents near Santiago.

Baquiri, a mining community near Agudores, is reported to have been bombarded by the American fleet.

Monday, June 13.

Blanco is in great need of war supplies.

Marines land and plant the American flag near the village of Guantanamo.

Ambassador Hay cables the state department that Manila has surrendered.

The squadrons of Schley and Sampson are still maintaining a strict watch off Santiago.

Gen. Merritt issues orders to regiments detailed for the second Philippine expedition to be ready to embark Wednesday.

Marines have a thirteen-hour engagement with Spanish guerrillas and regulars. They come off victorious with the loss of four men.

Tuesday, June 14.

Germany increases her forces in Philippine waters.

It is officially stated at Washington that an army of 15,000 men has sailed for Cuba.

Every precaution has been taken to guard the army and navy against yellow fever.

The next expedition will go to Puerto Rico and be under command of Gen. Coppinger.

Fighting was renewed at Guantanamo bay. The marines again repulsed the Spaniards.

Transports are all ready for the reception of the troops of the second Philippine expedition.

Spanish warships are reported near the Philippines and Dewey has gone out to meet them.

Wednesday, June 15.

Seventeen warships are now before Havana.

Intense misery prevails at Havana and Santiago.

Lieut. Blue, at risk of his life, obtains valuable information about Cervera's fleet.

Gen. Shafter's big army will begin the investment of Santiago before the end of the week.

War department now concentrating all its energies on the preparation of the Puerto Rico expedition.

Marines still bravely hold their position at Guantanamo, though constantly harassed by Spaniards.

Thirty-five hundred men comprising the second Philippine expedition have embarked on the transports and are all ready for the voyage.

Drowned at Ottumwa.

Ottumwa, Iowa, June 16. — Johnnie Whittaker, Darwin Wilson, Ray Teeter and Fred Jepson lie dead, as the result of youthful sport on a pond with ten feet of water. The boys were on a raft which capsized.

Appetite--Strength

Without the First You Cannot Have the Last.

Hood's Sarsaparilla gives both. It gently tones the stomach and gives digestive power, creates an appetite and invigorates the system. By making the blood rich and pure it strengthens the nerves and gives refreshing sleep.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. \$1; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills are the favorite cathartic. 25c.

Nature.

"Yaghuams" are described in a Pittsburgh paper as armed men who prey on tramps, and two of them recently killed a person of that kind. Is it possible that there are lower men who prey on yaghuams?—J6dge.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

We are asserting in the courts our right to the exclusive use of the word "CASTORIA" and "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," as our Trade Mark.

I, Dr. Samuel Pitcher, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the name that has borne and does now bear the face-like signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER on every wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. Look carefully at the wrapper and see that it is "the kind you have always bought," and has the signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which CHAS. H. FLETCHER is President.

March 8, 1897. SAMUEL PITCHER, L. D.

A Personal Question.

Miss Snapshot (fixing her fascinating eyes upon him)—Do you develop?

Mr. Kodak—Well—er—no, not always, but when I have a good subject I always try to hold it until I get a negative.—New York World.

Shake Into Your Shoes.

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, nervous, aching feet. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A Harassing Serial Story.

Louise—I've fixed Kitty so she will answer my letter at once.

Belle—What did you do?

Louise—I wrote her a lot of gossip, and forgot to send the middle pages.

Puck.

Read the Advertisements.

You will enjoy this publication much better if you will get into the habit of reading the advertisements; they will afford a most interesting study, and will put you in the way of getting some excellent bargains. Our advertisers are reliable; they send what they advertise.

Coe's Cough Balm.

Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

There is only one real failure of life possible, and that is not to be true to the best one knows.—Canon Farrar.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

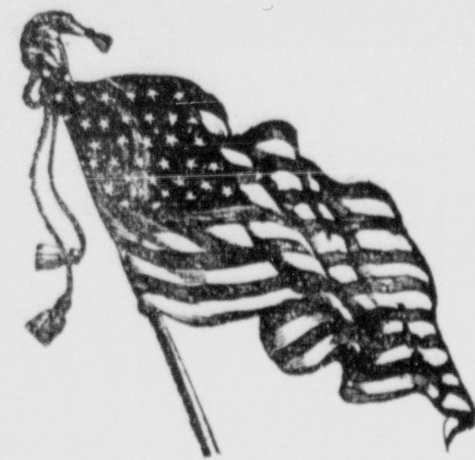
I hate a thing done by halves. If it be right, do it boldly; if it

The Brainerd Dispatch.

N. H. INGERSOLL. F. W. WIELAND.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND.
Official Paper of Crow Wing County.

Entered at the Post Office at Brainerd, Minnesota, as second class matter.
Issued every Friday morning from rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper block. Terms, \$1.50 per year in advance. Advertising rates made known on application.

Legal Rates for Legal Notices.
We, the undersigned, hereby agree to accept for publication in our respective newspapers during the year 1897, no legal notices or official printing to be done in compliance with the laws of Minnesota for less than the full rates allowed by law, and no reduction will be given on notices furnished in plate.
All resolutions of respect, card of thanks, and matter of similar character, will be charged for at the uniform rate of Three (3) Cents per line for every insertion.
R. C. STIVERS, Journal.
INGERSOLL & WIELAND, Dispatch
A. J. HALSTED, Tribune.
Brainerd, Minn., Jan. 1, 1898.



FRIDAY, JUNE 17, 1898.

Republican County Convention and Primary Elections.

OFFICIAL CALL.

A Republican County Convention for the County of Crow Wing, in the State of Minnesota, will be held on Thursday, the 23rd day of June, 1898, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the court house, in the City of Brainerd, in said County, for the purpose of electing twelve (12) delegates to the Republican State Convention for the State of Minnesota, to be held in the city of St. Paul, on the 30th day of June, 1898, for the purpose of electing a candidate for the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, State Auditor, State Treasurer, Attorney General, Clerk of the Supreme Court, and three Judges of the Supreme Court, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the convention.

Said county convention will also elect nine (9) delegates to the Republican Legislative convention for the 48th legislative district of the State of Minnesota, to represent said county when said legislative convention is called, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for state senator and two candidates for state representatives from said district.

All voters who are in sympathy with the principles advocated by the Republican party and who desire its success, regardless of their past political affiliations, are invited to participate in the selection of delegates to said county convention.

Each election district will be allowed in said county convention one delegate for every twenty-five votes or major fraction thereof (each precinct to be entitled to at least one delegate) cast for the Republican candidate for President in 1896.

In accordance with the above appointment the several election districts in said county will be entitled to the following number of delegates in said convention:

First Ward.....	7 Ft. Ripley.....	2
Second Ward.....	11 Fairbanks.....	1
Third Ward.....	9 Garrison.....	1
Fourth Ward.....	6 Jenkins.....	2
Fifth Ward.....	7 Kennedy.....	1
Sixth Ward.....	1 Long Lake.....	1
Crow Wing.....	1 Maple Grove.....	1
Deerwood.....	3 Oak Lawn.....	1
Daggett Brook.....	2 Pointon.....	2
Davenport.....	3 Pine River (Goulds).....	2
St. Matthias.....	2.....	2

Total number of delegates.....65
The primaries for the election of delegates to said county convention shall be held in the several election districts in said county on Tuesday the 21st day of June, 1898, at 7 o'clock p. m., and the polls shall be kept open for one hour at the usual place for holding same.

JOHN T. FRATER,
Chairman Co. Com.

Dated Brainerd, June 2, 1898.

LEITER is lighter than he was before the wheat corner burst.

THERE isn't such a rush to get on the fusion ticket as was expected.

AND still Van Sant has the lead for the republican nomination for governor.

AN up country exchange remarks that Colonel Joe Leiter is merely a wheat kernel.

THE war has so overshadowed the Klondyke gold craze that it is seldom mentioned in the news columns these days.

THE soldier boys are now getting a chance to do a little fighting. Herefore the marines have had it all their own way.

THE Graceland Enterprise coins a new word this week when it says "An item or two crept in 'unbeknowned' to the editor."

THE Minneapolis Journal is having all sorts of spasms for fear Gov. Clough will receive a third term nomination. A large amount of the "scare stuff" on this line is published to injure Van Sant's chances.

LAST week Joseph Leiter was quoted as having made \$7,000,000 out of his wheat speculations but today his losses are placed at \$5,000,000. The time will yet come when some man will endeavor to corner the earth.

CHARLEY TOWNE will run for congress against Page Morris simply because he is the logical candidate and not because he expects to be elected. Towne would like to have sacrificed some other man and awaited a more opportune time for himself but fates were against him and he will do the best he can—which will be but little.

NEW YORK democracy has decided to drop the free silver topic as a campaign argument and stick to state issues, a wise move that will be followed by others much to the disgust of Billy Bryan and his worshippers.

OUR old friend G. S. Pease, of the Anoka Union, was unanimously elected mayor of Anoka by the city council on Tuesday but declined the honor because he believed newspaper men should not hold office. Pease has notions of his own.

A WILD scene was enacted at the populist state convention at Minneapolis on Wednesday and the police were called in. S. M. Owen gave Ignatious Donnelly such a scoring as he never had, accusing him of treachery and saying that he blighted whatever he touched. Donnelly had been advocating an independent party and denouncing fusion in a ten minutes talk and it didn't seem to suit the boys who had fixed up the deal beforehand and the chances are that there will be a split in the ranks that will be hard to heal.

As was predicted John Lind is the choice of the fusionists for governor of Minnesota and he was nominated in convention at Minneapolis on Wednesday. The democratic delegates were willing to swallow anything in order to unite the forces but the populists came very near overturning the alliance and it took seven hours of hard fighting for them to get together on any kind of a proposition, but it went and Lind has been offered up as a sacrifice. However Mr. Lind is getting used to defeat and one more good drubbing will not do any harm.

Hoffman is selling a new 1898 up-to-date bicycle for \$20.

Pease's Notes of the Trip.

The following notes in the Anoka Union of the Walker Editorial trip will be of interest to many of our readers:

Gen. Manager Hoar flirts awfully with girls, but he is a real good boy.

Ero. Bernerd was so attentive to one lady that there is a suspicion of a wedding bye and bye.

Those Brainerd girls are handsome and healthy, and everyone of them deserves a good husband and I hope they'll get one. But, my, they are lively!

During the afternoon we were favored with singing by the Eolian Quartette of Brainerd; Mayme Mitchell, soprano; Bertha Robinson, alto; E. O. Webb, tenor, and S. F. Alderman, basso; Nellie Merritt, pianist; and I don't if there is a better quartette in the northwest. The bass is a wonder as also is the soprano. No more enjoyable digression occurred on the whole trip than the magnificent singing of this grand organization. I just hope to hear them in my own city in the near future.

Dogs Cause a Murder.

A telegram from Grand Rapids says: A stabbing affray, which may result fatally, occurred here this morning. Two dogs, one belonging to Wm. Lawrence and the other to Harry Williams, were fighting. Lawrence rushed in to pull his dog off, when Williams drew his knife and stabbed him six times in the neck, back, abdomen and groin. Lawrence was taken to the hospital and is not expected to live. Williams fled and has not yet been captured.

Hoffman rents bicycles.

First Excursion of the Season to Buffalo via Nickel Plate road, July 14-17, at one fare for the round trip. Choice of water or rail route between Cleveland and Buffalo, within final limit of ticket. For further information call on or address J. Y. Cahalan, General Agent, No. 111 Adams St., Chicago.

Worms Stop a Train.

At present time there are in Northern Minnesota swarms of a variety of worm known as the tent caterpillar and a few days ago a freight train on the Northern Pacific was stalled at Deerwood by them. Supt. Blanchard, of the Lake Superior division of the road was on the passenger train that was detained 25 minutes, while the freight made ineffectual attempts to climb up a grade and get on a siding says the News-Tribune. Mr. Blanchard says the worms were of the caterpillar variety and were about two inches in length. The caterpillars swarmed over the rails, and sand, which was applied to make the wheels stick to the rails, would not suffice. The wheels would spin around, and the train could not be moved. The passenger train had to do the side-tracking, and to allow the freight to continue on the main line.

Store your stoves and furniture with D. M. Clark & Co.

NO QUARTER FOR CUBANS.

Returned Americans Who Served With Garcia Say the War Is Bitter.

Stuart Janney and Osmond Latrobe, two young men of Baltimore, and graduates of Johns Hopkins, who recently returned to Baltimore after two years' experience in the Cuban army, had some very interesting adventures while there, and in an interview the other day told some interesting facts.

They landed from the Three Friends, were seven days in finding the insurgents' camp, during which time three of the party died from exhaustion and all hands narrowly escaped being ambushed and shot by the people they came to assist. What happened after that is partially told by Captain Janney as follows:

"We were taken back into the mountains," said he, "and our party assigned to places with Garcia's command, which consisted of probably 2,500 or 3,000 men. We found that in the mountains nearly all of the insurgents were negroes and commanded by negro officers, but that in the central parts of the island the troops were all white and commanded by white officers. We noticed that when a negro officer was killed or died a white man was appointed in his place."

"They are not very gentle down there. Nobody expects to give or take quarter, and a man might as well be killed at once as to be wounded and captured. They don't generally respect a flag of truce, so we sent them very few white flags. There were a number of Americans with us. There were Joyce of New York and Penny of Washington, who came back with us, and Osmond, the University of Pennsylvania football player, whose death you read of in the papers."—New York World.

Dewey Had a Rabbit's Foot.

Never again should the efficacy of the rabbit's foot and the four leaved clover be doubted. They were responsible for Admiral Dewey's victory, says Dr. W. Lang Chapman, surgeon of the Gaelic. When the Gaelic was last in Hongkong, the American squadron was there. Dr. Chapman sent Dewey a rabbit's foot and a four leaved clover. He was thanked in a brief note by Admiral Dewey, who further told him that Captain Gridley of the Olympia and he had tossed up. He had won the rabbit's foot and Gridley the clover leaf, and both would go into action on the watch chains of their owners. The returns show that they did.—New York Sun.

The Super Volunteers.

We've been the Roman army, and we've been the Paris mob,
We've marched with Dave Belasco's boys in blue,
We've fought in "Shenandoah," and we've often had the job
Of assisting in the "Taming of the Shrew."

We're battle battered veterans of every blessed age,
We can stand before a stage director's "damn,"
But we've made our last appearance, and we're going to engage
For a season on the road with Uncle Sam.

We've rushed across from R. to L., pursuing empty air,
We've done some noble slaughter in the wings,
We've fired a thousand volleys on a foe that wasn't there,
And it seems to us we're fit for better things.

We want to feel the fever of a realistic fight,
And we want to storm a fort that ain't a sham;
We're sick of being soldiers at a half a plunk per night,
So we're going on the road with Uncle Sam.

And it isn't for the glory, and it isn't for the pay,
For none of us expects to be a star,
But it's just the human longing for the madness of the fray,
It's the longing to be really what we are.

So we quit the Roman army, and we've laid the props aside,
And the stage door shuts behind us with a slam,
And we ain't afraid of dying, for we've very often died,
And we'll gladly die again for Uncle Sam.

—Dramatic Mirror.

Spain's Soldiers' Food.

The Spanish soldier is a frugal liver, his commissariat allowance being two meals a day—one at 9 a. m., the other at 5 p. m. In some corps coffee and soup are served out in the early morning. A pound and a half of bread per man per day constitutes the government ration. Any food beyond this must be bought by the private at the canteen. He gets little meat and keeps in excellent condition on a chunk of dry black bread, a little oil and a clove of garlic a day. If to this he can add a pint of wine, which tastes like vinegar and water, he feels happy. There is one thing he cannot go without, and that is his cigarette.—New York Journal.

What Might Have Been.

The trouble our government is having to get this war started teaches us how lucky it is that we undertook to fight a country which was no better prepared than we were. Suppose our quarrel were with a country like Germany instead of Spain, where should we be by this time?—Philadelphia Ledger.

SIGSBEE OF THE MAINE.

An Uncle of the Gallant Captain Talks About His Nephew.

John Sigsbee of Cortland, N. Y., is an uncle of Captain Sigsbee of the Maine.

"I have known the captain ever since he was born," said Mr. Sigsbee, "and a more wide awake, energetic man does not exist. From his boyhood up I remember him as a remarkably nifty lad, keen, quick witted and yet quiet and never disposed to blow his own horn. The published accounts of his self possession at the time of the explosion of the Maine did not surprise me in the least. It is what I would have expected of him."

"If he has said he doesn't know anything about what caused the explosion, you can rely upon it that it is true. Whether it was by the treachery of the Spaniards or by some other means, it was something that he was in nowise responsible for, I am sure."—New York World.

Call for Republican County League Convention.

A convention authorized by the State Republican league to organize the Republican County league of this county will be held June 23rd, 1898, at the court house in Brainerd. Each organized club is entitled to one delegate and one additional delegate for each ten club members, the president secretary and treasurer being delegates ex-officio. In any election district where no clubs exist four delegates are to be selected. It is hoped each precinct will send delegates to represent them at the above time.

JNO. N. NEVERS,
Acting President.

Teeth filled and crowned with Gold or Porcelain, and teeth extracted with Odontunder, at Dr. Ribbel's.



GEO. E. GARDNER,
Resident Manager,
BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Of Brainerd, Minn.

A. F. FERRIS, President

G. D. LABAR, Cashier.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - \$200,000

Paid up Capital, - - \$50,000

Surplus, - - - - \$30,000

Business accounts invited.

NORTHERN

PACIFIC BANK!

Cor. Front and 7th Streets.

C. N. PARKER, President.

H. D. TREGLAUNY, Cashier.

County, School and

City Orders Bought.

Money to Loan on Chattel Security. Lumbermen's Time Checks Cashed.

Ready for Business.

JAMES WICKHAM,

Blacksmith and Shoeing Shop.

Mr. Wickham desires to inform his many customers that he is again prepared to attend to their wants in his line in his new quarters at the old location, corner of 6th and Maple streets.

First-class Workmen.

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

JAS. WICKHAM, Prop.

To the Public!

We desire to announce to our customers and the public at large that we have purchased the stock, fixtures and business of A. Hagberg, being the business previously conducted for so many years by the late M. Hagberg in the Odd Fellows' block on Sixth street. The stock is Clean and Fresh, and has been added to our grocery store on Front street, making one of the largest and best stocks of goods of this description in Northern Minnesota. We also desire to say that customers dealing with us will always be treated in a fair and courteous manner, will receive the best goods the market affords, and can rely on the fact that

Our Prices are Always Right.

Thanking the public for favors in the past, and soliciting a continuance of their confidence in our business methods, we remain,
Yours Respectfully,

S. & J. W. KOOP,

Front Street, Brainerd, Minn.

GET OUR

Prices on Job Work

Before Placing Your Next Order.

Rooms 5, 7 and 9, Sleeper Block.

JAMES RHODES,

THE

Wagon Maker

FOURTH ST. NEAR LAUREL.



Full line of carriage and wagon material always on hand and for sale, including wheels of all grades.

Work Guaranteed and Prices Reasonable.

F. J. MURPHY,

Successor to J. M. ELDER.

Practical Plumber.

All kinds of plumbing, Steam and Hot Water Heating.

Plans and Estimates furnished on all Work.

REPAIRING WELL PUMPS, etc.

First National Bank Block, SIXTH STREET.

Dr. Humphreys'

Specifies act directly upon the disease, without exciting disorder in other parts of the system. They Cure the Sick.

NO.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fever, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic.	.25
3	Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness.	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.	.25
9	Headache, Sick Headache, Vertigo.	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach.	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods.	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness.	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.	.25
15	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains.	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head.	.25
20	Whooping-Cough.	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.	.25
28	Nervous Debility.	1.00
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed.	.25
77	Grip, Hay Fever.	.25

Dr. Humphreys' Manual of all Diseases at your Druggists or Mailed Free. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price, Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.



"Money Makes the Mare Go,"

or the horse either, when any portion of it is put into our light and handsome harness. A horse well dressed for the road with one of ERB'S harness, strong and well made harness can travel over any kind of a road with no danger of a "give away" in any part. Call and see our large line of high grade light and heavy harness before purchasing elsewhere.

W. H. EBR,



We have just opened a large line of

FINE PERFUMES
and
TOILET WATERS

Which We are Selling
Cheap. Call and ask to
see them.

McFADDEN DRUG CO.

P. J. MURPHY,

REAL ESTATE
INSURANCE.

Successor to P. G. VALLENTINE

City and Farm Insurance.

Real Estate Sold on Commission.

RENTS HOUSES,
COLLECTS RENTS.

A General Law Practice.

Room 11, First National Bank Block,

BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

READ THIS!

The Brainerd
Greenhouse,

87, Eight Street South,

Have Two Hundred Fresh Rose
Bushes in Bud, Two Thousand Pansy
Plants in Bud, and many other Plants
for Decoration Day, at Prices that
will surprise you; also fine assortments
for Bedding and Borders.

COME NOW.

Mrs. Wm. Dodd,

Manager.

87 8th St. South.

ESTABLISHED 14 YEARS.
ARE YOU SICK? If so,
need the services of the best
physician to be obtained.
I have effected more cures
of Private Diseases in both
men and women than any
office in the Northwest.
My remedies are unknown
to other physicians and I
can guarantee a cure of the
following diseases quickly and permanently:
Nervous Debility, Liver, Bladder, Kidney
Complaints, Heart Troubles, Lost Vitality,
Weakness of Men, Varicose, Piles, Stricture,
Ulcers, Fistula, Skin Diseases, Hydrocele
and Rupture. My charges are very reasonable,
and my system of treatment by mail is so
perfect that I can guarantee a cure of every
case I undertake. Write for symptom blank.
DR. W. A. MANN,
251-253-255 Nicollet Avenue,
P. O. Box 105, Minneapolis, Minn.

WESTERN
TREE PLANTERS
And Those Who Contemplate Planting
Trees should Send to the
EVERGREEN NURSERY COMPANY,
Evergreen, Wis.,
For Free Catalogue of
NURSERY STOCK

Particularly adapted to planting in the west. We
have on hand in our nursery a big stock of Ever-
greens and Deciduous Trees that we have grown
with special care for the western trade. Every-
thing that the Farmer or Tree Planter, or city
resident may need for Wind Breaks, Timber Lots
or Ornamentation, we can furnish from our ex-
tensive nurseries. We pack all our stock in native
grown moss that will keep the roots moist and in
splendid condition. Everything true to name and
first class. Send for our free catalogue and price
list.

EVERGREEN NURSERY CO.,
Evergreen, Wis.

Brainerd Machine Shops

7th St. between Front and Laurel.

GENERAL REPAIRING.

MOTHER! There is no
word so full
of meaning
and about which such tender and
holy recollections cluster as that
of "MOTHER"—she who watched
over our helpless infancy and guided
our first tottering step. Yet
the life of every Expectant Mother
is beset with danger and all effort
should be made to avoid it.

**Mother's
Friend**

so assists nature
in the change-
taking place that
the Expectant
Mother is enabled
to look forward
without
dread, suffering or gloomy fore-
bodings, to the hour when she
experiences the joy of Motherhood.
Its use insures safety to the lives
of both Mother and Child, and she
is found stronger after than before
confinement—in short, it "makes
Childbirth natural and easy," as
so many have said. Don't be
persuaded to use anything but

MOTHER'S FRIEND

"My wife suffered more in ten min-
utes with either of her other two chil-
dren than she did altogether with her
last, having previously used four bot-
tles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a
blessing to any one expecting to be-
come a MOTHER," says a customer.
HENDERSON DALE, Carmi, Illinois.

Of Druggists at \$1.00, or sent by express on receipt
of price. Write for book containing testimonials
and valuable information for all Mothers, free.
The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Professional Cards.

J. L. FREDERICK, D. M. D.

DENTIST.

Rooms 9 and 10 First National Bank Bldg.,
BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

DRS. CAMP & THABES,

Physicians and Surgeons.

Office in First National Bank Block.
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m.; 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.
Night Calls received at Office.
Telephone Call: 7-2.
BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

DR. A. F. GROVES,

Physician & Surgeon.

Office over McFadden Drug Co.'s Store.
Residence, Cor. 6th and Kingwood Sts.
Office Hours: 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Telephone Call: Office—8-3, Residence—14-3.
BRAINERD, MINNESOTA.

McPHERSON & REIMSTAD,

Physicians and Surgeons.

Office in First Nat. Bank Bldg.
OFFICE HOURS—From 9 to 10 A. M. and from
2 to 4 and 7 to 8:30 P. M.

R. K. WHITELEY

CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Office, Room 2, Leeper Block,

BRAINERD, MINN.

McCLENAHAN & MANTOR,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Office, Rooms 1 and 2, Bank Block
BRAINERD, MINN.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Columbian Block,
Brainerd, Minn.

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ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Land Office Practice and Collections
a specialty.

Columbian Block, Sixth St, BRAINERD, MINN

**Burlington
Route**

FINEST TRAINS ON EARTH FROM

St. Paul

AND

Minneapolis

TO

ST. LOUIS

Electric Lighted and Steam Heated.

A FEAST OF SONG.

At the Congregational Church Next Tues-
day Evening by Former
Brainerd Ladies.

Lovers of music in this city will
have an opportunity to enjoy a rare
treat on Tuesday evening next at the
Congregational church when a song
recital will be given by Mrs. Alice
Blossom and Mrs. Bertha Harmon
Force, of Minneapolis, both ladies
having won distinction throughout
the country as musicians of great
merit. Their appearance here will be
of unusual interest because of the fact
that they both resided here for some
years, and have many personal friends
here who are greatly pleased at their
success in the world of music. Mrs.
Blossom has visited friends here re-
cently and her great merit as a vocal-
ist is too well known to need mention.
Concerning Mrs. Force the Cincinnati
Enquirer of a recent date says:

The soloist of the concert, Mme.
Bertha Harmon-Force, produced a
favorable impression akin to that of
the best soloists that ever made their
appearance at the "Pops." She has a
carm of youth, not only in person,
but carries it in her voice. She is as
near as possible a pure soprano, of a
schooling that makes itself felt in
every note she sings. Her intonations
are absolute purity and her enuncia-
tion is perfect. Then, too, she sings
with soul. Her voice has an excellent
carrying quality, her conception is
musical and her crescendos indicate
self control and reserve power. Her
first number, Arditi's waltz song, "Se
Seran Rose," was a lovely perform-
ance—spirited, buoyant and elastic.
Her second number, "Air de Salome,"
from Massenet's Herodiade, showed
her musical development in another
direction. Mme. Harmon Force re-
sponded to two encores, both of them
ballads.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Concerning Mrs. Blossom we clip
the following:

"Of the half dozen singers who
appeared, Mrs. Alice Blossom, of this
city, was given the warmest reception
and she created a most pleasing im-
pression. She adds to a lovely voice
a graceful and gracious bearing,
which wins the sympathy at once of
her audience. Her voice is of wide
range and she uses it with intelligent
expression."—Minneapolis Times.

"There will also be a new soprano
and a new contralto. Mrs. Alice
Blossom, the latter, is a member of
the Lorelei Club and is greatly sought
for as a singer at fashionable musi-
cals."

Another Improvement in Train Service
on Nickel Plate road, train No. 6 leav-
ing Van Buren Street Passenger sta-
tion, Chicago, [on the loop], at 2:55 p.
m. daily, for Buffalo and local sta-
tions, with Buffalo sleeper. Also New
York sleeper via Nickel Plate and
Lackawanna roads. Rates always the
lowest. The excellent train service to
Boston and New York City, with
through day coaches and sleeping
cars to New York City and through
sleeping cars to Boston, and the excel-
lent dining car service, will continue
as heretofore. 2

Notice.

Will all those who have been sav-
ing Wool Soap wrappers in behalf of
the W. C. T. U. kindly leave same
with Mrs. Ed. White, Front street, on
or before June 28th, as they have to
be forwarded to the temple, Chicago,
immediately after that date.

ELLA SMITH, Sec'y.

For Meeting Baptist Young People's Union
at Buffalo, N. Y., July 14—17, the
Nickel Plate Road will sell tickets at
rates lower than via other lines. The
accommodations are strictly first class
in every particular, and it will be
to your advantage to communicate to
the General Agent, No. 111 Adams
street, Chicago, before purchasing
your ticket. 4

THE 20TH CENTURY TRAINS.

A Brochure Issued on North-Western
Limited Service.

The new North-western Limited
Twentieth Century Trains, is the title
of a handsome brochure just issued
by the passenger department of the
Omaha road, containing the opinions
of the Twin City daily papers about
the beauties of the new limited trains
to Chicago. The brochure is hand-
somer printed and illustrated and is
a most creditable bit of railroad ad-
vertising. After even a hasty perusal
of its pages one is seized with the
desire to make a trip to the Windy
City on one of these two famous trains.
Send your address for a copy to T.
W. Teasdale, G. P. A., St. Paul, Minn.

One Fare for the Round Trip

to Buffalo, N. Y., and return, account
Baptist Young People's Union meet-
ing, July 14—17. Rates lower than
by the way of other lines. For full
information call on or address J. Y.
Calahan, General Agent, No. 111
Adams street, Chicago. 4

A Letter from Georgia.

J. C. Congdon has received the fol-
lowing letter from Ed. Mahan which
will be read with interest by many of
our readers:

Andersonville, Ga., May 29, 1898.

Dear John—As you will see by the
date of this letter I am at old Ander-
sonville prison, having come down
here from Fitzgerald with a crew of
ten men with tackle to raise a flag
pole for the relief corps on the old
stockade. The pole is a beauty, 125
feet high, and I have the honor of un-
furling old glory on the old prison
grounds tomorrow, May 30, at 11
o'clock, and between 40,000 and 50-
000 people are expected to be present.
I wish you could be here see what
Uncle Sam has done in the National
cemetery. In it are 1,353 graves and
the government has put a marble tomb-
stone at each one and built a six foot
brick wall around the grounds, be-
sides making other improvements
which beautify the place. The Relief
Corps have bought the old stockade
and are beautifying it.

I thought I would take a piece of
the old stockade (it is getting mighty
scarce) and make a gavel of it and
send it to Pap Thomas Post or you
and you could give it to them if they
still meet. You may tell Skip Dean
that when we were digging the hole
for the flag pole we dug up an old
soldier, just some of the bones, some
buttons and some of his old blue
clothes; they think he was killed and
buried by the raiders. I will send
Dean one of the buttons later.

I think I will come north in August
and if I do I certainly will visit Brain-
erd, as I expect to go to the Omaha
exposition in the interest of the emi-
gration bureau. Give my regards to
all enquiring friends.

Edition de Luxe.

Edition de Luxe of Dr. Humphreys'
Manual, of all diseases, bound in white
and gold. Mailed free upon applica-
tion. Address the Humphrey's Med-
icine Company, Cor. William & John
Sts., New York.

Card of Thanks.

The committee appointed by the
Grand Army Post of this city to pre-
pare for the observance of Memorial
Day desires to thank all organizations
and individuals who assisted in mak-
ing the day so successful and such an
efficient means of teaching patriotism.

The morning exercises were truly
memorial and the old soldiers see
that our people have not forgotten
the services rendered by the boys of '61.
Nor will a patriotic people forget the
boys of '98, who have bravely gone
forth at the call of their country to
battle for suffering humanity. They
will form part of the Grand Army of
the Republic and their services held
in grateful remembrance by a patri-
otic people.

The committee especially desires to
thank the city council for the liberal
appropriation made, without which
the committee could not have pre-
sented so fine a program.

J. A. WILSON,
Chairman Com.

New Train Service to Buffalo.

Nickel Plate Road train No. 6, from
the Van Buren Street Passenger sta-
tion, Chicago [on the loop], 2:45 p. m.
daily, with Buffalo Sleeper arriving
in that city at 7:40 the following morn-
ing. Through New York Sleeper on
same train, via Lackawanna road,
Buffalo to New York, arriving early
next evening. Three through trains
daily at convenient hours to Ft. Wayne,
Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York
and Boston. Rates lower than via
of other lines. City Ticket office 111
Adams street and Auditorium Annex.
Telephone Main 3389. 2

An Army and Navy.

Memorandum book is what you have
been wanting. The Northern Pacific
has it. It contains a cut of the Maine
Map of Cuba, List of U. S. and Span-
ish naval vessels, Interior drawings
of a battleship, illustrations of U. S.
and Spanish ships, Glossary of Navy
and Army words, table of distances,
commanders of U. S. ships and army
corps, list of U. S. Regiments and
their Commanders and other infor-
mation very useful and valuable at this
time. The book fits the vest pocket
and is up-to-date. Send ten cents to
Chas. S. Fee, General Passenger
Agent, N. P. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.,
and the book is yours. 2

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the
firm of Benson & Bierhaus has this
day been dissolved by mutual con-
sent.

J. A. BIERHAUS,
I. BENSON.

Brainerd, Minn., May 25, 1898.

Bicycle riders will be interested in
the "Biko" advertisement appearing
in this issue. Read it.

Leave your order for fire insurance
with Jas. R. Smith, Sleeper Block.
Companies as good as the best, rates
always the lowest possible.

General Repair Shop

T. A. MARTIN, Proprietor.

**Constructing and Repairing
Bicycles a Specialty.**

Bicycle Material, Supplies and Extras of Every De-
scription For Sale.

We do enameling and guarantee our work to be first-class. We also
do General Repairing of all descriptions and have the facilities to turn
work out in short order, and to your entire satisfaction.

6th St. North, Next Door to Old Roller Rink.

No! it is not claimed that
Foley's Honey and Tar will cure
CONSUMPTION or ASTHMA in ad-
vanced stages, it holds out no such
false hopes, but DOES truthfully
claim to always give comfort and
relief in the very worst cases and in
the early stages to effect a cure.

FOR SALE BY M. K. SWARTZ, DRUGGIST.

For Anything in the

Grocery Line

Call on

P. M. LAGERQUIST.

We carry the Finest Stock
in the Northwest, and Our
Goods are always Fresh and
"Up-to-Date."

Staple and Fancy Groceries

* FLOUR AND FEED. *

Lagerquist Block, South Sixth Street.

C. B. WHITE,

DEALER IN

Hardware and Tinware!

Guns and
Ammunition.
Sporting Goods.
Shop and
Wagon Work
Promptly Attended to.

Builder's Hardware.
Sash, Doors,
Mouldings, Nails,
Glass, Paper,
Oils, Paint, Varnishes,
Brushes.

CONTRACTING and BUILDING

Plans, Specifications and Estimates

Furnished on Short Notice.

I. U. WHITE, Manager.

Walker Block,
Laurel Street.



To
ST. PAUL
MINNEAPOLIS
DULUTH
AND PORTS
EAST & SOUTH
To
BUTTE
HELENA
SPOKANE
SEATTLE
TACOMA
PORTLAND
CALIFORNIA
JAPAN
CHINA
ALASKA
KLODIKE
Chas. S. Fee, G. P. A.
ST. PAUL, MINN.

Vestibuled Trains—Dining Cars.

TIME CARD—BRAINERD.

EAST BOUND:	Arrive.	Depart.
No. 6, St. Paul Express	1:00 p. m.	1:30 p. m.
No. 14, Duluth Express	3:10 a. m.	3:30 a. m.
No. 54, Duluth Freight	10:15 a. m.	11:00 a. m.
No. 58, Duluth Freight	8:05 p. m.	9:40 p. m.
WEST BOUND:		
No. 5, Fargo Express	1:20 p. m.	1:40 p. m.
No. 11, Pacific Mail	4:55 p. m.	5:05 p. m.
No. 57, Staples Freight	4:00 p. m.	5:10 p. m.
Get Permit at Ticket Office for 54, 57 and 58.		
Trains 11 & 14 daily, all others daily ex. Sunday.		
L. F. & D. BRANCH		
No. 12, Little Falls, Sauk Center & Morris	4:55 p. m.	5:05 p. m.
No. 11, Morris, Sauk Cen- ter & Brainerd	5:30 p. m.	6:30 a. m.
Daily Except Sunday.		

Pullman First-Class and Tourist Sleeping Cars.

THESE SHIPS ARE FOR WAR

Non-Combatant Vessels That Serve the Men-of-War as Floating Hospitals, Helpers, etc.—Are Never Fired Upon.

The finest of our fighting ships, with all their boasted self-sufficiency, their manifold mechanism, and their complex provisions against accident or mishap, are really helpless creations the moment their coal supplies become exhausted. Nothing could be more pathetically distressed than a great battleship wallowing aimlessly in a seaway, her powers of offense intact but paralyzed, like her great body, for want of energy or its correlative, coal; her great eyes blind for want of electrical force; her lungs fouled by tainted air because of her halted blowers; her whole body either feverish or chilled, as the weather dictated, for want of circulation or proper respiration; and her complement athirst for need of enough heat to transform that tantalizing sea water into drink. Such a thing is distinctly possible, and it is against even the slightest approach to a like condition that we have taken ample means to provide.

The modern, heavy fighting craft carries between eighty and ninety engines of various sorts, aside from those directly occupied in propelling the ship; and, under normal circumstances, it is quite safe to say that at least fifteen or twenty per cent of all steam generated is taken up in their service. Most of them are vital to the fighting efficiency of the vessel; but there are a few of them, such, for instance, as the engineers' workshop, the distillers, and the refrigerating plant, which may be termed auxiliaries of secondary importance; and it is the purpose of the government to run these accessories on half-time, so to speak, and to leave just that much more energy for other more needful purposes. To this end, we have fitted up the repair ship, the distiller ship, and the refrigerator ship, while the colliers have been relegated to the common service of supplying coal to all craft distant from ready bases of supply, and the engineer-in-chief has done his utmost to make them capable.

The Repair Ship.

The repair ship, fittingly named the Vulcan, was the well-known steamer Chatham, of the Merchant and Miners' line, between Baltimore and Boston. Into the ship has been placed something like eighty tons of tools and machinery, and today the vessel is a veritable floating workshop. There are plate bending rolls, and punching and shearing machines that can bite right through an inch of solid steel. There are lathes for turning castings of considerable size, and planers, drills and milling machines of compass enough to meet almost any need short of that demanded in the complete reconstruction of a large engine. There are pipe cutters, bolt cutters, forges and grindstones; and there is a good-sized cupola for the melting of sufficient metal to make a pretty heavy casting. There are a number of blowers to supply the several forges and to draw foul air from between decks and to send it skyward through the red-mouthed ventilators above. There are also evaporators and distillers of a capacity equal to a daily output of quite 10,000 gallons of potable water—several times more than the needs of the Vulcan could demand. A supplemental electric plant has given excellent lighting facilities through the ship, but principally in the workshops on what is termed the third deck.

The purpose of this craft is manifest. She is to follow in the wake of a fleet—her great coal capacity giving her a wide radius of action, and she is to supply fresh water to the other vessels and to make then and there all possible repairs which might otherwise take the ships miles and miles away to some naval station.

A broken spindle might render helpless two great guns; but a few hours' work on the Vulcan would remedy the trouble; and even less time might place the engines of one of our torpedo boats in trim after a considerable break. At the close of an engagement, the wounded vessels could hasten to her or she to them, and such work then be done as to place them back in the line of battle, once more a formidable menace to the foe.

The mission and the usefulness of such a craft can not be overestimated, when every pound of coal must tell its tale of work well done in our defense. It is a very modern adaptation of that wise saw, "A stitch in time saves nine," and a typical instance of the great value of a traveling base of repairs.

The Distiller Ship.

The distiller ship, now named the Iris, was the British steamer Menemsha. Unlike the Vulcan, the Iris will make no repairs, but will be devoted solely to converting the ocean's brine into drinking water; and to this end, she will carry a very large supply of coal and will have four up-to-date distillers of considerable capacity. These distillers or evaporators will each consist of three elements like the modern triple expansion engine, and are intended to utilize the steam with the

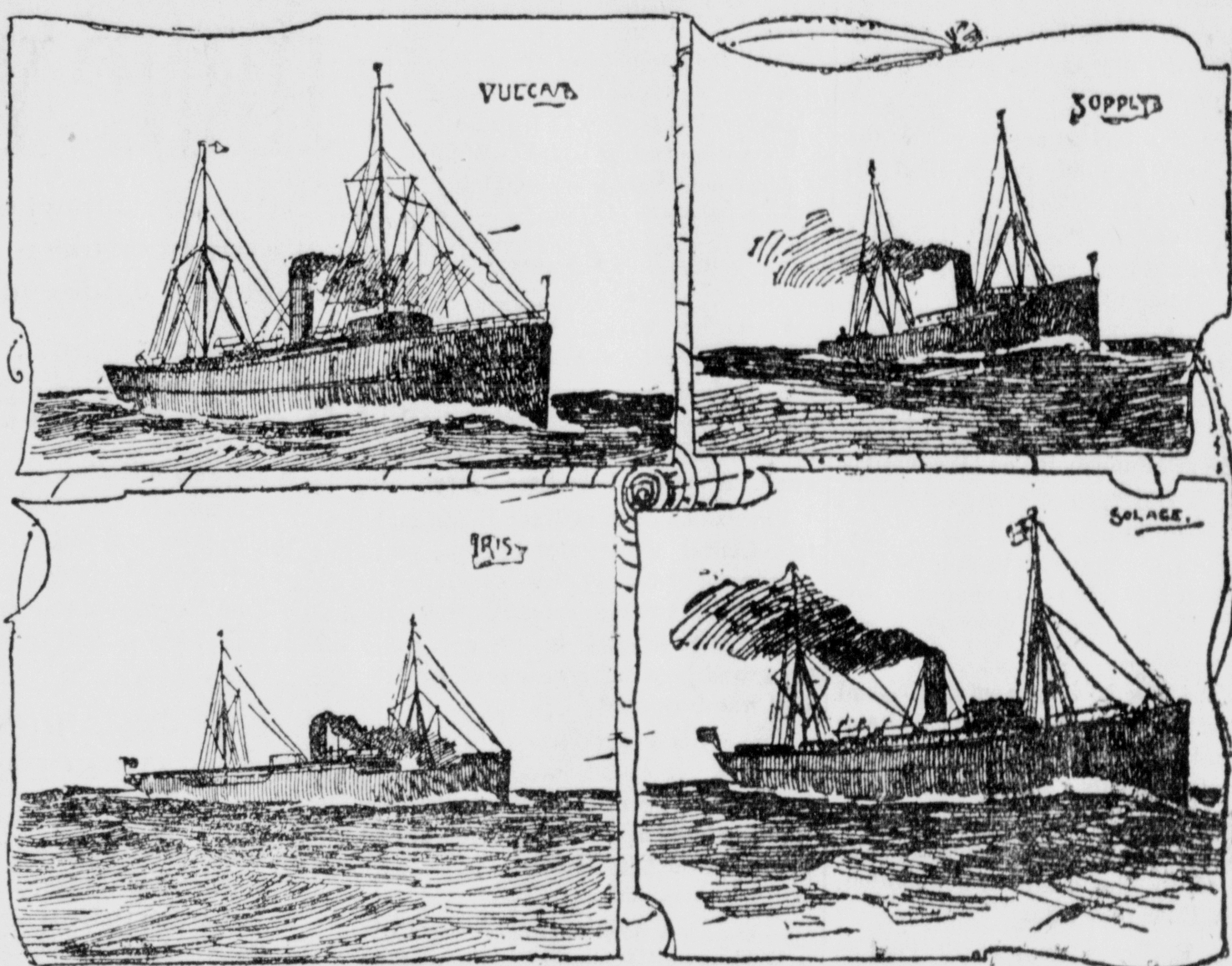
making good the loss of fresh water consumed by the boilers, that the use of salt water must be obviated and the formation of a troublesome scale of salt—difficult to reach—may be guarded against in the ship's boilers proper. The hygienic value of sufficient fresh water can not be overestimated when the rigors of warfare are aggravated by the close confinement of shipboard in the tropics; and it may even be the purpose of this vessel to lend its bounty to the military branch of the service. Poisoned wells and tainted streams need not be feared under such circumstances; they can be avoided.

The Refrigerator Ship.

The refrigerator ship Supply, formerly the Illinois, of the American line, will be used as a traveling base of fresh provisions; and the tax on the refrigerating plants of the fighting ships will be eased to just that extent. The Illinois was originally built for a passenger ship, but was later relegated to the transportation of cattle and beef to England, still as an adjunct to the American line. In that capacity she necessarily had an extensive system of cold storage, and this has been readily adapted to our present needs. She will carry tons of ice and fresh provisions of all kinds—but especially of a vegetable nature—the surest safeguard against disease in the tropics, and with her extensive coal capacity, her own distilling plant, and her ample burden, she will prove an exceedingly efficient part of the fleet. The government is

much emphasized by the record of every war. As far as possible, the Solace has been made to meet the more pressing needs of the service for which she has been called into requisition, but she is not that perfect craft suggested by Surgeon-Gen. Van Ryeypen and carefully planned by the chief constructor. There is one commodious elevator into which the sick and wounded will be carried from either side, and then raised or lowered either to the large, airy operating room, or to the deck on which they are to be housed. The stateroom accommodations already in the craft have been readily adapted to hospital uses, and there is ample room between decks for additional cots. The convalescents will be carried above, where they can be in the fresh air while under the sheltering cover of wide-spread awnings. Steam cutters and large barges will facilitate the easy transportation of the injured and sick, and a well-known apparatus peculiar to our service will lift them from the boats and swing them inboard and onto the rolling cots that carry them to their immediate destination. Everything has been done to contribute to the efficiency of the vessel and the comfort and convenience of all on board, and there is every just reason to believe she will prove herself invaluable from the common point of hygienics and humanity—for a fighting ship is a cruel place for sick or wounded after a heavy engagement.

Although all these vessels will strict-



SOME NON-COMBATANT SHIPS OF THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR.

most economical expenditure demanded in the output of a total supply daily of at least 60,000 gallons of thoroughly palatable drinking water.

The operation is simple. Each of the evaporators consists of a cylindrical steel boiler containing a coil of piping surrounded by cold sea water. The steam is supplied to the first coil directly from the ship's boilers. That steam raises the sea water to the boiling point and gradually evaporates it in that way. The steam thus generated in conjunction with such of the original steam not condensed in the first coil in the operation, passes into the coil of the second evaporator, repeating the operation in connection with the sea water there, and finally merging with the steam raised from the salt water in the third evaporator and passing together into the condenser. The condensation from the first two coils is caught by traps and carried off to the tanks. In this way the latent heat from the first steam from the boiler is economically absorbed by the three stages of salt water, and a higher percentage of performance is attained than is possible in a single-element evaporator. After condensation the water is carefully aerated and the result is a thoroughly palatable water devoid of that flatness generally characteristic of condensed sea water.

A sediment of salt—the residue of the ocean brine—gradually forms upon the coils of the distillers, and these evaporators are so arranged that this scale can be readily removed. On the other ships their distillers will be worked as far as possible only to the extent of

making provisions for one or two more vessels of the same sort.

The Colliers.

The colliers explain themselves, and, being boats of fair speed and great carrying capacity, will form the principal supply links between our fighting craft and our base of supply. As carefully as our coal will be used, still hundreds upon hundreds of tons of it will be used daily to keep the ships always ready for instant service and prepared to meet the enemy at any moment; and the safe conduct of their precious ebbs and flows will be a matter often demanding good, cool judgment and no mean skill on the part of their commanders. In war time, and sore pressed as Spain is, coal is worth its weight in gold, and a collier will prove a nugget worthy of a good, stiff chase and a moderate tussle, and the captain that can dodge such a foe and run his cargo safely into the intended haven will be doing just as much good, perhaps, as the skipper that sinks a foe.

The Ambulance Ship.

The ambulance ship is the naval sister of mercy, and will minister wholly to the sick and wounded of our officers and seamen, or, if need be, the stricken of our army of occupation as well.

The Solace, formerly the Creole, of the Cromwell line, has already begun, perhaps, the duty for which she was hastily prepared; and what it means to transport comfortably and hastily the wounded from the feverish tropics to some more temperate haven beyond the boom of guns and beyond the exciting reach of war's alarms is a boon very

ly avoid the enemy, still, in their way, they are just as vital to our success as those that take their places in the line and bear the brunt of battle; and any man might be proud of the duty entrusted him in their command.

R. G. SKERRETT.

Exports and Imports.

The exports of merchandise for the month of April aggregated \$99,426,460, an increase of \$21,177,674 as compared with the same month last year and for the ten months ended April 30, \$1,025,426,681, an increase of \$125,497,435 compared with a similar period of 1897. The imports of merchandise for April were \$55,923,658, a decrease of \$45,398,748 compared with April of last year, and for the ten months ended April 30, \$511,187,186, a decrease of \$89,008,058 compared with the same period of 1897.

RECENT INVENTIONS.

To prevent the slipping of wheels of electric cars on grades a pair of supplemental rails is placed inside the main rails, with grooves cut crosswise in their surface, to engage toothed wheels mounted on the shaft.

Dressmakers will appreciate a new sewing machine attachment, consisting of a U-shaped frame attached to the back of the table to support a cloth basket, which prevents the work from pulling or getting on the floor.

Wires can be easily spliced by a new pair of pliers, one jaw having a slot for the passage of the main wire, while the other jaw has a slotted ear through which the second wire slides to wind it around the first wire as the pliers are revolved.

To relieve the sudden pull of winds on swinging signs, etc., a new hanger is formed of an outer casing to screw into the board, with a coiled spring inside to support a central rod having an eye at the outer end for attachment to the building.

Blank gun cartridges can be used in a recently patented burglar alarm, which has a metal barrel to be attached to the door by a screw, with a sliding yoke actuated by a V-shaped spring to strike the cartridge as soon as the door is pushed open.

Aluminum balls are coming into use in England for golf, tennis, cricket and billiards, the metal being alloyed to make it hard, or the balls can be formed with an aluminum core and a harder metal covering of the right thickness to give the ball proper weight.

The shower that spoils a woman's new bonnet is a rain of terror. True friendship between women is a matter of doubt to most men.

Why, Certainly!
"I suppose you think your death would shake the earth?"
"No; but I'll shake the earth when it happens."—Indianapolis Journal.

Can Our Coast Be Blockaded?
If confidence can be felt in the opinion of military and naval officers at the seat of government, such is the extent of our sea coast that to blockade it effectually seems impossible. When a blockade of the bowels exists, believe it with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which also cures indigestion, malaria, rheumatism and kidney trouble. ble.

An Impediment.
Softly—Yes, I was b-b-born with a s-s-silver s-s-spoon in my m-m-m-mouth.
Kitty—O, Mr. Softly, is that why you stutter?—London Punch.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets Candy Cathartic cleans your blood and keeps it clean by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, blotches, blackheads, and that sticky bilious complexion by taking Cascarets, a billous complex for 10 cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

Miss Prude—Could you imagine anything more detestable than that?—Miss Belle—Yes; having to live in a world without any.—Brooklyn Life.

An Instance.
May—Miss Passay has some peculiar opinions.
Bertha—Yes; I think she is the only one who considers it singular that she should be single.—Puck.

We Pay Expenses
and liberal commissions, refund the cash for all goods not giving the consumer satisfaction. Long terms of credit. First-class scheme salesmen wanted. No bond required. Sales made from photographs. We guarantee \$50.00 per month on mail orders. Address with stamp, Brenard Mfg. Co., Iowa City, Iowa.

His Way.
Sally Gay—Jack Huggins is a very ardent lover, isn't he?
Dolly Swift—Yes; he's a regular jingo in his love-making.—Puck.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is a constitutional cure. Price, 75c.

There is no secret of success in business. All you have to do is to attend to your business and go ahead.—Cornelius Vanderbilt.

A bath with COSMO BUTTERMILK SOAP, exquisitely scented, is soothing and beneficial. Sold everywhere.

Used to the hotel business—the register.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.
Candy Cathartic cure constipation forever, 10c, 25c. If C. C. Cathartic, druggists refund money. Looks blue and has brass—the policeman.

A FAMILY FAILING.

The struggle with Heredity.

The Right Side of the Color Line.

To heredity, to the transmission of traits from sire to son, we owe most of the possibilities of growth and development. If each newly born being started out anew, without the force of heredity the level of life might be expected to be that of the digger Indian or Bushman. Naturally had traits descend like good and bad qualities of feature, eccentricities of speech and manner, birth marks, etc., are handed down just as surely as manual dexterity, physical beauty, mathematical ability, and the mental and moral qualities in general. A curious example of this descent of family traits is furnished by Mrs. Maggie Pickett, Canton, Ga., in whose family gray hair was hereditary. She writes:

"Gray hair is hereditary in our family. As long as I can recollect, my mother's hair has been gray. About twelve years ago, my hair began to show signs of turning. I resolved to try Ayer's Hair Vigor, and after using it only a few times my hair was restored to its natural color. I still use this dressing occasionally, a bottle lasting me quite a while; and though over forty years of age, my hair retains its youthful color and fullness. To all who have faded and gray hair, I would heartily recommend Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor."—Mrs. Maggie Pickett, Canton, Ga.

There is no shame in gray hair, but there

may be some sadness, because it is untimely, and out of season. Gray hairs are a crown of honor to the aged, but to the young they are a stigma. There is no need to be gray in youth. Grayness comes from a deficiency of the coloring matter which gives the hair its natural tint. This coloring matter can be supplied artificially and is so supplied by Dr. J. C. Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is by supplying the lacking pigment that Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor restores gray or faded hair to its original color. Beyond this, it makes the hair grow, gives it gloss and softness, stops it from falling, removes dandruff, and cleanses the scalp. Mrs. C. M. Ayres, Mount Airy, Ga., writes:

"About three years ago, my head became full of dandruff, which caused great annoyance; after a time the hair began falling out. The use of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Hair Vigor stopped the hair from falling out, and made the scalp clean and healthy."—Mrs. C. M. Ayres, Mount Airy, Ga.

Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor is noted as a dressing. It is used every day by thousands whose chief claim to beauty rests on beautiful hair. Send for Dr. Ayer's Cure, a story of cures told by the cured. Free. Address the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

"IRONING MADE EASY."



This starch is prepared on scientific principles by men who have had years of practical experience in fancy laundering. It restores old linen and summer dresses to their natural whiteness and imparts a beautiful and lasting finish. It is the only starch manufactured that is perfectly harmless, containing neither arsenic, alum or any other substance injurious to linen, and can be used even for a baby's powder.

For Sale by All Wholesale and Retail Grocers.

"WHERE DIRT GATHERS, WASTE RULES." GREAT SAVING RESULTS FROM THE USE OF

SAPOLIO

Our Agents are Making \$62.00 to \$83.00 Per Week Selling the Copicol Bible.

"The Book of the Century." "A Vastly Superior." "The Only Book of its Kind." "The Most Wonderful Book of the Age." "A Book of Priceless Value." are the expressions that come pouring in concerning it. Ministers, Lawyers, Physicians, Professors and Teachers, Sunday School Teachers, Students and parents all say that it is indispensable. Christian workers in all organizations are delighted with it. Just Published. Having an Unprecedented Sale. Sold only by subscription. Exclusive territory. Permanent and profitable business for good workers. Send for descriptive circular and terms, or if you want choice of territory send \$1 at once for outline.

INTERNATIONAL BIBLE AGENCY, D. 100, 150 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

WAGON Something entirely new. FREIGHT PAID.

A better Scale for less money than has ever been offered. Address: Jones of Binghamton, Binghamton, N. Y.

SALESMEN WANTED. Do you want a paying and pleasant job? We want salesmen all over the Northwest. Three plans: Pay weekly. Write at once for terms. The largest Nursery in the West. THE JEWEL NURSERY CO., Lake City, Minn.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Atlanta, Ga. N W N U. e. 25-1898.

Lazy Liver

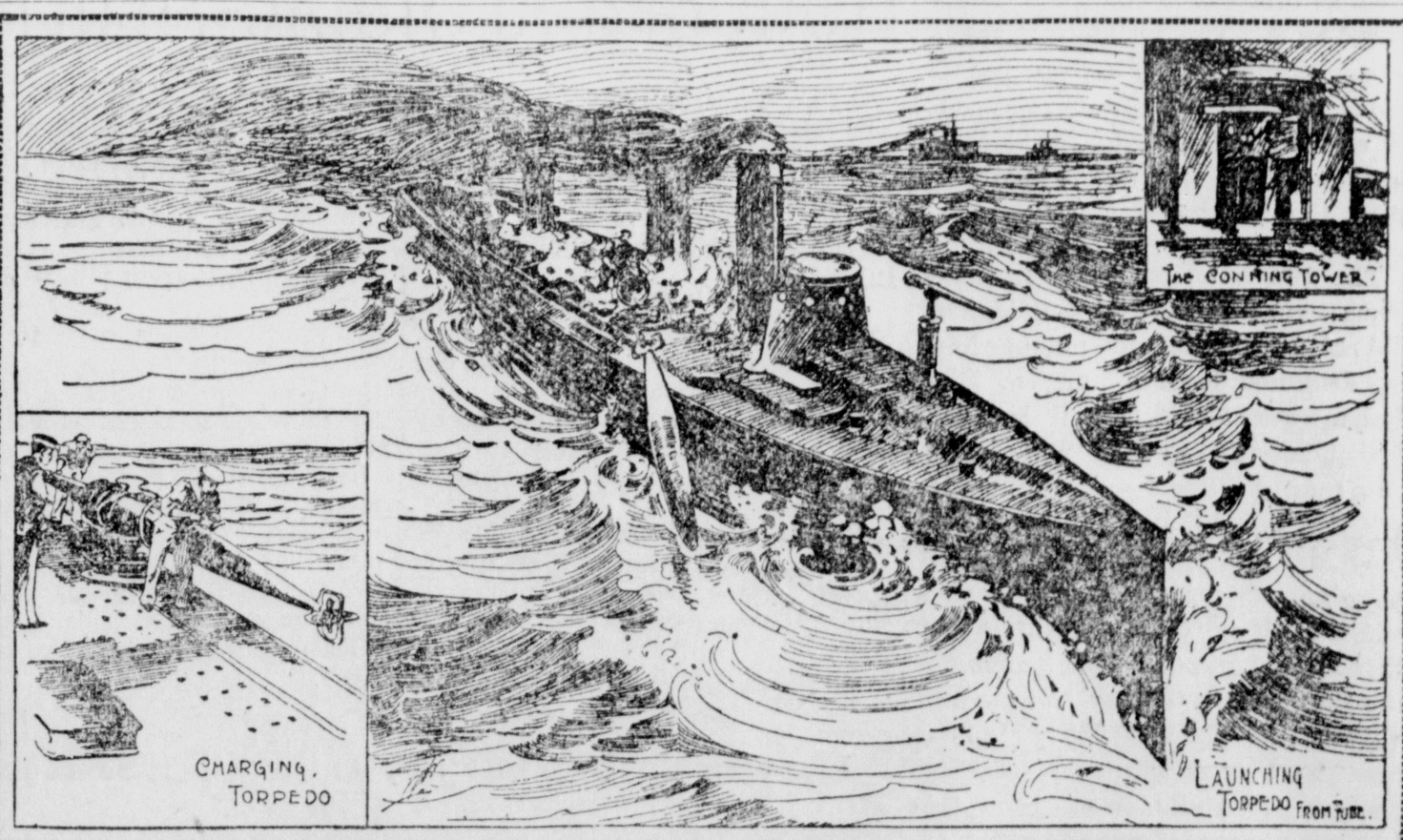
"I have been troubled a great deal with a torpid liver, which produces constipation. I found CASCARETS to be all you claim for them, and secured such relief the first trial, that I purchased another supply and was completely cured. I shall only be too glad to recommend Cascarets whenever the opportunity is presented." J. A. SMITH, 2929 Susquehanna Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.



Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip. 10c, 25c, 50c. CURE CONSTIPATION. Suffering Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 320


NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

RISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION.



THE SPANISH-AMERICAN WAR.—AN AMERICAN TORPEDO BOAT IN ACTION.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.



ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Local News Condensed.

Hoffman negotiates chattel loans.

The open air concerts by Dressell's City Band are greatly enjoyed by the public.

Brainerd's post master has been granted an increase of \$100 per year in salary.

For Tornado Insurance apply to Jas. R. Smith, Sleeper block. \$1,000 insurance 3 years for \$5.

A. L. Nutting and P. Waite will give a dance at Gardner Hall on July 4, during the day and evening.

Remember the strawberry festival at the residence of Mrs. Miller, corner of Front and Eighth streets, on Wednesday evening, June 22.

A degree team from White Cross lodge Knights of Pythias will shortly go to Aitkin to confer the different ranks on candidates of that place.

An excursion will be given over the B. & N. M. to Walker on Sunday, June 26, leaving this city at 8 a. m. Tickets for the round trip \$1.00.

Sheriff Erickson was the "whole thing" at the populist state convention at Minneapolis, being the only delegate from Crow Wing county.

Hoffman's second store will buy your furniture, trade you new goods for old or sell you complete house-keeping outfits on installments.

Our Sylvan Lake neighbors will celebrate the Fourth in regulation style. W. B. Jones will have charge of the festivities which insure a good time.

On July 1st the Northern Pacific railroad company will restore the old schedule of pay to engineers which was in force some four years ago, the rate being four cents per mile.

During the month of May the largest amount of supplies was shipped from the Northern Pacific store rooms in this city in the history of the road, representing an outlay of \$185,000.

Crow Wing county democracy was not represented at the state convention at St. Paul and the same conditions existed with the populists at the St. Cloud congressional convention.

There will be a lawn social at the home of Mrs. C. Miller, corner of Eighth and Front streets, on Wednesday evening, June 22nd. Ice cream, strawberries and cake will be served, tickets 25 cents. All are welcome.

The little steamer Orpha arrived from Brainerd this week. She was bought by Commodore D. M. Gunn and Capt. George Lydiak from ex-Sheriff Spalding of Brainerd, and will ply the Upper Mississippi waters as a pleasure boat.—Grand Rapids Herald.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Congregational church will be entertained next Wednesday afternoon by Mrs. J. M. Elder assisted by Misses Mayme Mitchell, Kittie Walker, Nellie Merritt, Florine Merritt, Maud and Mabelle Davis. The gentlemen are especially invited to supper.

The ladies of the Eastern Star will give an entertainment at their rooms in Columbian block on Thursday evening, June 25th. The program will consist of a floral march by the members of the order and stereopticon views of the war and Cuba. An admission of 50 cents will be charged.

The meat market firm of Toettcher & Schleichenmaier doing business in East Brainerd has been involved in internal strife during the past few days, and the end is not yet. The culmination of the trouble was a hearing before Judge Holland yesterday at which time C. A. Albright was appointed receiver, but this morning the parties in possession refused to let Mr. Albright take charge of the business, and they will be brought before Judge Holland at 5 o'clock this afternoon to show cause why they should not be punished for contempt of court.

Death of C. A. Reuss.

Charles Alfred Reuss, aged 64 years died on Sunday, June 12th, 1898, of senile debility after an illness covering a period of some months.

Mr. Reuss was a son of Ernest Reuss, of Manchester, England, and was born in that city in 1834. His early life was spent in England and he was educated at Heidelberg, Germany, and also attended other institution of learning in the old country. He spoke fluently six different languages and had visited all parts of the world in his travels.

In 1860 he came to the United States and when the war of the rebellion broke out he enlisted as a volunteer at St. Louis at the first call for troops in Co. K, Third Missouri, in Seigel's regiment. He was wounded and taken prisoner at the battle of Wilson's Creek. After the war was over he went to Chicago and on July 8, 1864, he was united in marriage to Miss Mary A. Footner. He resided in Chicago for nineteen years and in 1879 came to Brainerd as the agent for the Northern Pacific express company which position he held until 1895 when failing health compelled him to resign. The deceased was held in high esteem by all who knew him and his long business associations in this city had brought him in contact with all classes of people and his honesty and integrity were never questioned.

The funeral services were held from St. Paul's Episcopal church, of which the deceased had been a member for many years, the funeral sermon being preached by Rev. Prichard and the remains were laid to rest in Evergreen cemetery, Pap Thomas Post No. 30, G. A. R., attending in a body, deceased having been an active member of the Post for a number of years. He was also a member of the Masonic fraternity.

W. J. Footner and Mrs. D. Moreland, of St. Paul, brother and sister of Mrs. Reuss, were in attendance at the funeral, as was also Mr. Barthel, route agent of the Northern Pacific Express Co., the latter company sending a beautiful wreath of flowers as a token of the esteem in which they had always held the deceased.

Mrs. Reuss, the widow of the deceased, has the sincere sympathy of the entire community in the loss of a devoted and kind husband.

Geo. Bittner, aged 30 years, died at Sylvan Lake on Monday, June 13, of neuralgia of the heart. The funeral occurs today Rev. C. C. Markham officiating.

Eva Lougee, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Sam. Lougee, of Ossipee in the northern part of the county, died on Monday, the burial occurring on Tuesday.

Mrs. Francis Elizabeth McDonald, wife of B. F. McDonald, died at her home near Pine River on Tuesday of last week, the funeral occurring on Friday, Rev. D. D. McKay officiating. The remains will be taken up and transferred to Wausau, Wis., for their final resting place some time during the summer, that place having been the former home of the deceased.

An infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gergon, aged ten days, died on Sunday last at their home east of Brainerd. Rev. D. D. McKay conducted the funeral services on Tuesday.

Interesting to Riders.

This evening, Friday, the members of the Brainerd Bicycle Path Association will meet at the Central hose house and transact business that will be of importance to every rider in the city and perfect the organization by the election of officers. It may be interesting also to bicyclists to state that the path to Hubert Lake is completed and ready for travel. The metal tags which were ordered have arrived and many already adorn the wheels of riders and those who have not obtained them should do so at once. The price is one dollar and this goes into the bicycle path fund which will be used to make paths in various directions from the city and also to build paths inside the city limits. A scheme is now on foot and a route has been surveyed to Gull Lake and undoubtedly a path will be made to that famous lake resort. It is also proposed to make a cinder path on the line of the present street car track from one end of the city to the other. Every dollar paid into the association is accounted for and it is an investment that will repay every one who rides a wheel. If you are not a member you should not delay the matter but secure a tag at once.

Bicycle riders will be interested in the "Biko" advertisement appearing in this issue. Read it.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Miss Marilla Fuller left yesterday for Minneapolis.

Joel Smith left on Tuesday evening for Minneapolis.

Miss Toot McLean is spending the week in Minneapolis.

Geo. D. LaBar went to White Earth yesterday on business.

Mrs. W. J. Koon, of Little Falls, is visiting Brainerd friends.

Chas. Gravel, Jr., Sundayed with his parents in Little Falls.

Prof. and Mrs. M. H. Carleton will leave in a few days for Detroit, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Schlessener, of Little Falls, spent Sunday in the city.

Andrew Johnson, of West Duluth, has been spending the week in Brainerd.

Miss Eva Revard, of Little Falls, visited Brainerd friends the first of the week.

Miss Kittie McIntosh left Tuesday evening for a visit with friends at Glencoe.

Mrs. J. Batchelder and Mrs. Cora Kelly left yesterday for a week's visit in Minneapolis.

Geo. Smith, of Staples, was in the city over Sunday the guest of his brother, J. R. Smith.

Miss Jennie Paine left Saturday last for St. Paul and will visit friends in Iowa before her return.

Mrs. Alf. Brockway left on Wednesday for a visit of some weeks with friends at Anoka and vicinity.

G. A. Ainsworth returned to his home at Minneapolis on Wednesday after having spent a week in Brainerd and vicinity.

Wm. Percy went to St. Paul on Monday and was accompanied by his son, Frank, whose destination was Hannibal, Mo.

Chas. Metcalf and wife, of Grand Forks, who have been visiting Brainerd friends for some time left yesterday for Minneapolis.

Miss Louise White returned on Saturday from Champlin where she was called by the death of her mother, Mrs. Edward White.

A. E. Losey went to St. Paul on Tuesday evening on business connected with the undertaking establishment of Losey & Dean.

Mrs. Frank Nutting and Miss Ethel Nutting, mother and sister of A. L. Nutting, arrived in the city Tuesday from Faribault on a visit.

Mrs. Pallock, of Deadwood, S. D., sister of Mrs. Fred Lowe, left on Saturday for New York City after visiting in this city for some days.

Tams Bixby, of the Dawes Indian Commission, and D. W. Ingersoll, of St. Paul, were in the city Saturday on their way home from Bemidji.

Victor Gustafson left on Monday for the Twin Cities where he will buy a complete stock of clothing and gents furnishing goods for his new store.

Miss Lilly Johnson of Evansville, who has been visiting in the home of P. A. Johnson the photographer, left for Brainerd on Saturday.—Sank Center Herald.

Mrs. Flora Adams Patee, Grand Worthy Matron of the order of Eastern Star, was in the city on Monday from Minneapolis the guest of Mrs. Milton McFadden.

A. W. Potter, who has been at Brainerd the past two years, returned to Aitkin the past week, and will probably make this point his headquarters for a time.—Aitkin Age.

The Battle Ship Oregon

has made more kinds of a record for the United States navy in its 18,000 miles trip, than was ever dreamed of, judging from the demand for it, that little 80 page, vest pocket size army and navy book just published by the Northern Pacific is making a great record too. The requests for it reach the N. P. passenger department at St. Paul in large numbers from every part of the United States. This is a tribute to wide advertising as well as to the enterprise of the company and the value of the book. Mr. Chas. S. Fee, the general passenger agent at St. Paul, Minn., will send the book upon receipt of ten cents.

Services next Sunday as usual at the First Congregational church. The morning service begins at 10:30 o'clock and evening at 8 o'clock. The subject of the morning discourse will be "God's Command to Abraham." In the evening White Cross Lodge No. 30, Knights of Pythias will attend services when Rev. Gallagher will preach to them an appropriate sermon. The public will be cordially welcomed to all the services of this church.

MARRIED.

On Monday evening at the parsonage in East Brainerd Rev. M. B. Bird united Wm. Paine, Jr., and Mrs. Stella Dake in marriage. Mr. and Mrs. Paine left on Wednesday for their new home at Gladstone, Mich.

Thomas J. King was married to Miss Edna Hicks on Tuesday, Judge A. L. Hoffman tying the knot.

New Officers Elected.

The Retail Clerk's Protective Association at their last meeting elected the following officers:

Past President—J. P. Earley.
President—R. G. Vallentyne.
1st Vice President—Martin Reese.
2nd Vice Pres.—A. M. Johnson.
Treasurer—O. A. Lindberg.
Financial Sec'y—J. C. Smallwood.
Rec. Sec'y—Herman Linnemann.
Guide—J. Knutson.
Guardian—Charles Risk.

Rushworth Encampment No. 19, I. O. O. F., elected officers for the ensuing term on Monday evening as follows:

Chief Patriarch—James Buley.
Senior Warden—Chas. Mudge.
Junior Warden—S. H. Ralstad.
Recording Scribe—E. D. Wilkins.
Permanent Scribe—Silas Hall.
Treasurer—N. M. Paine.

MUNICIPAL COURT.

Yesterday Frank Leopold, the young man with a weak mind who was charged with placing obstructions on the Northern Pacific track near Jonesville, was bound over to await the action of the grand jury.

The examination of Isaac Edstrom, the Laurel street laundryman, on charge of bastardy was concluded late Friday evening last and resulted in the accused being bound over to the grand jury in the sum of \$200. Bail was furnished.

James Lee was sentenced to pay a fine of \$20, or spend twenty-five days in the lock-up, on Tuesday, on a charge of having defrauded the proprietor of the City Hotel.

A Good Show.

Mark Bros. Dramatic Co. are playing a two weeks engagement at Gardner Hall, opening on Monday evening, and are giving excellent satisfaction. The admission is 10 cents, or 15 cents for reserved seats. So far the hall has been crowded each evening, which is an indication that the reputation of the company is being sustained. For the balance of the engagement the following plays will be presented:

To-night, Friday June 17, Irish Dragon.
Saturday Matinee, East Lynne.
Saturday Evening, Irish Detective.
Monday, June 20th, Dublin Dan.
Tuesday, Jerry, the Tramp.
Wednesday, Ticket of Leave Man.
Thursday, Ten Nights in a Bar Room.
Friday, Little Duchess.
Saturday Matinee, Little Lord Fauntleroy.
Saturday Evening, Wife's Peril.

Chas. S. Fee, general passenger agent of the Northern Pacific has issued a small booklet containing a complete list of the warships in the navies of the United States and Spain with the names of their commanders and their armament, and also a great deal of valuable information concerning the United States army and a great deal of other valuable information concerning the war now in progress and the places and countries affected by it. The booklet is just the proper size to carry in the vest pocket and is invaluable for instant reference. It can be obtained by sending ten cents in stamps or silver to Mr. Fee, at St. Paul, care of N. P. Ry.

The two hundred Mille Lacs Indians expected here on Sunday last did not materialize the number having dwindled down to fourteen. The Indians were afraid that if they left their homes and went to White Earth on a tour of inspection that the government would hold them there and they did not propose to be caught napping. So certain were the parties who had charge of the expedition that there would be a large delegation going that three extra coaches were provided at this point to convey the men to Detroit but they were not needed. It would seem from this last attempt that it was almost impossible to get the Mille Lacs to leave their present abiding place.

Leave your order for fire insurance with Jas. R. Smith, Sleeper Block. Companies as good as the best, rates always the lowest possible.

Can You Take Time to READ THIS!

Do It Anyway



TAKE TIME.

HENRY I. COHEN

Advertises the following list BECAUSE there are a great many meritorious articles, and special low figures, on good values in it.

DO YOU NEED

A new suit of clothes for your boy? Will sell you one for a kid of 4 or 8 years at 60c. Or a pair of knee pants at 25c and 20c. Better Goods at 50c and 35c.
Boy's Shirt Waists at 50c and 25c.
Boy's Long Pants Suits at \$3.50.
Knee Pant Suits from \$4.00 down to \$1.00.

ARE THE CHILDREN'S TOES STICKING OUT

of those Shoes? Don't let them. We sell Shoes for instance like this:
Babies 20c. Boy's tan 75c. Larger 95c. Children's tan shoes \$1.
Misses white slippers, large size, \$1.25.
Ladies Tan Oxfords, this Saturday, special \$1.00.
Children's heavy calf shoes, never wear outs, \$1.25.
Good Shoes, remember, all of them.

LOOK AT THESE ITEMS IN DRESS FABRICS.

Black Sateen, coal black, never fades, 9c.
25c values in Lace organdies for picnics, now 9c.
White India Linens at 15c, 12½c, 10c, 9c, 8c.
Dimities, Organdies, Challies, Pereaes, Prints, Ginghams, at prices suitable for all classes.
We mention a special lot of Figured Lawns, real beauties in texture and designs, at 10c and 8c.
We offer Black Cashmeres at 50c, 39c, and 25c.
We sell figured Brilliantines and Granites in black at 43c and 63c.
A complete line of Dress Linens suitable for skirts at 25c, 20c, 15c, 12½c.
New Piques and Ducks for Summer Skirts.

Don't fail to price our line of

DRESS GOODS.

It is the Best and Cheapest in Brainerd.

HOW IS THIS FOR A CORSET SELECTION.

All of the 1898 Dr. Warner's Corsets, full line of Ladies and Misses Ferris Waists, Royal Worcester Corsets, American Lady and Schilling as well as Kabos; The Princess, our banner 50c corset; The Sel-dom Met With, a 75c Corset for 56c; the Cresco, never break at the waist. Our two summer corsets, 46c and 29c.

Notion and Staple Articles.

<p>Infants Lace Caps 25c. Children's Parasols 22c. Ladies Belts 25c. Children's and Ladies Hose Supporters 10 cents per pair. Ladies Black Hose seamless 10c and 12½c. Ladies Double Palm Silk Mitts 25c. Ladies Shirt Waists in Silk, Muslin, Lawn Pereaes and Prints from 80c each down to 25cents. Ladies Summer Knit Underwear up to 50 cents down to 10 cents. Ladies Dress Skirts \$5 each down to 98 cents. Complete stock of Ladies Muslin Underwear comprising night gowns, corset covers, chemises, drawers, skirts, cheaper than you can make them. Yard wide Skeeting per yard 5c.</p>	<p>Standard Ginghams 5c. Standard Prints, new lot 5c. A beautiful line of silks for shirts and dress waists, an elegant stock of ladies Taffeta, Moreen and Sateen. Underskirts all new. Lace curtains from \$13.00 down to \$1.00. In conclusion we wish to inform you that we have now on the way from New York a purchase of Ladies navy blue all wool guaranteed waterproof Mackintoshes, double capes, at a bargain, such as has never been quoted in this state. Will be here next week. Will quote a special price on Ladies Oxford Ties Shoes, black or tan, at per pair \$1.00. Keep your memory alive on these items.</p>
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Use your Cash to buy Dry Goods OF US. It pays.

HENRY I. COHEN,

SLEEPER BLOCK.